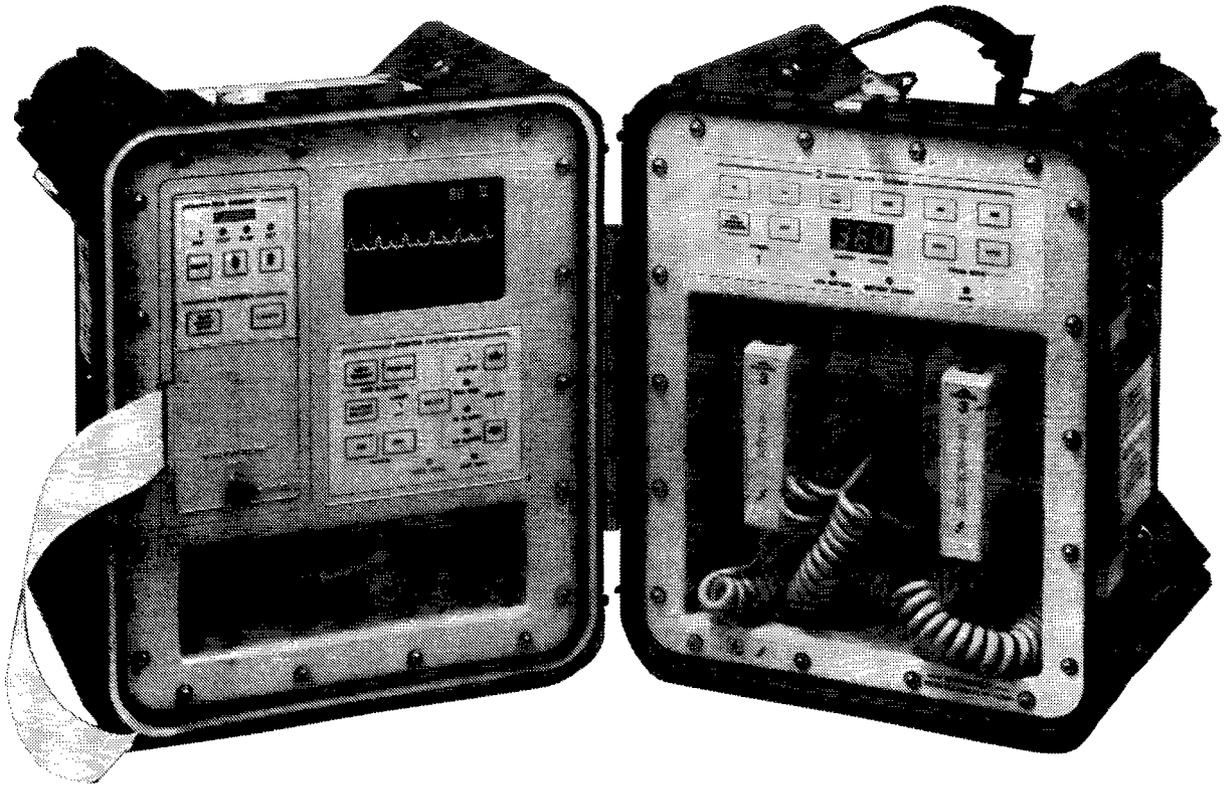




**HEWLETT 43110MC
PACKARD DEFIBRILLATOR/
MONITOR-RECORDER**



OPERATING GUIDE



43110MC DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER

OPERATING GUIDE

PART NUMBER 43201-91908

DO: Read the OPERATING GUIDE before operating the instrument
Exercise CAUTION when using the instrument
Keep a battery installed in the instrument at all times
Keep the battery charging during standby periods

DON'T: Open the instrument case
Use the defibrillator in flammable atmosphere
Allow excess electrolyte past or gel to accumulate
Allow the battery to discharge to low levels repeatedly

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McMINNVILLE DIVISION
1700 South Baker Street
McMinnville, Oregon 97128

October 1989

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If HP receives notices of such defects during the warranty period, HP shall at its option either repair or replace hardware products which prove to be defective.

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE

Defective hardware is to be shipped, freight prepaid, to:

Hewlett-Packard Company, McMinnville Division
1700 S. Baker St.
McMinnville, Oregon 97128

Attention DEPMEDS Warranty Services, Return Authorization #30001484

All warranty repairs will be performed by HP or by a subcontractor authorized by HP to act in its behalf.

Repaired hardware will be shipped, freight prepaid, to the specified CONUS location.

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- Unauthorized modification or misuse, or
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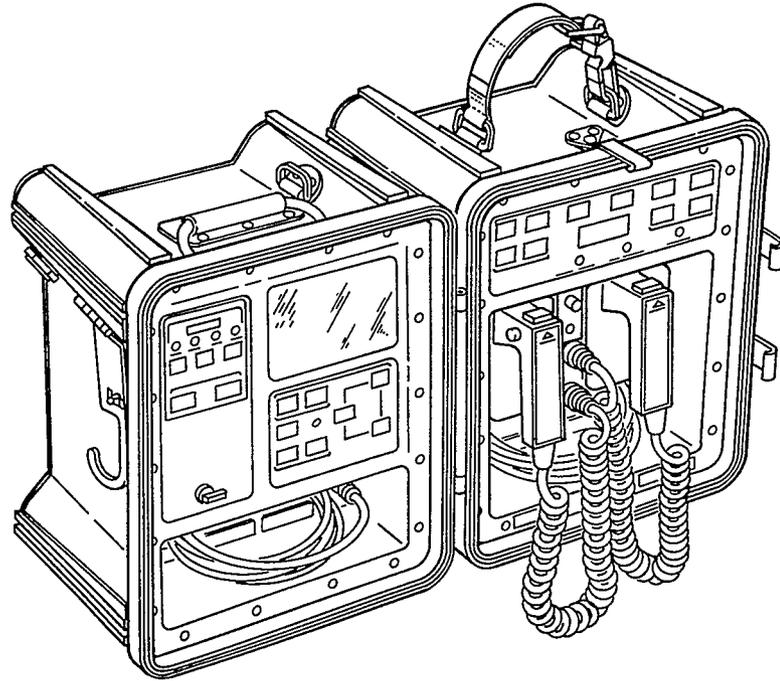
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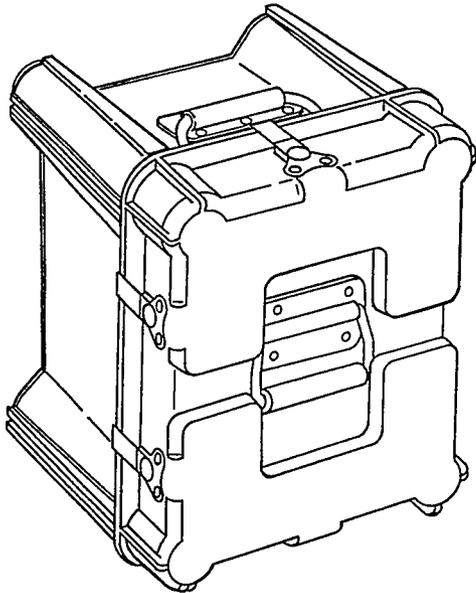
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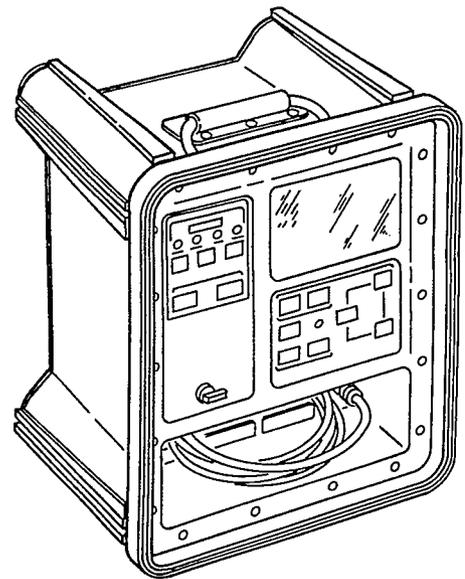
1 GENERAL INFORMATION



43110MC



43200MC



43200M

Figure 1: Equipment Configurations

INTRODUCTION

This Operating Guide provides operation and basic maintenance instructions for the safe use and proper care of the Hewlett-Packard Model 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder System.

Information is presented in such a manner as to provide operational instruction for the HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder System, the HP 43130M Defibrillator, and the HP 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder.

NOTE

Before using these instruments, read this manual and become thoroughly familiar with its contents.

INSTRUMENT CONFIGURATION

This manual covers three different instrument configurations (figure 1).

- A combination Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder system, Hewlett-Packard Model 43110MC (NSN 6515-01-291-1199). System consists of one HP 43130M Defibrillator module, one HP 43200MD Monitor-Recorder module, and combining case.
- A separate Monitor-Recorder with cover, Hewlett-Packard Model 43200MC (NSN 6515-01-291-1198).
- A separate Monitor-Recorder without cover, Hewlett-Packard Model 43200M (NSN 6515-01-291-7048).

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The Defibrillator module stores high voltage energy and is capable of delivering up to 360 Joules of DC energy to a 50 Ω impedance. Disconnecting the Defibrillator module from an AC outlet will not remove power; the instrument is battery-powered, meaning that the power switch must also be placed in the OFF/RECHARGE position. In order to disarm a charged unit, press either the POWER ON/DISARM or OFF/RECHARGE keys, or place the paddles in their holders and depress both DISCHARGE buttons. As a safety feature, the Defibrillator module is designed to automatically discharge internally if it has been left charged for more than 60 seconds.

WARNINGS

Avoid open paddle discharges. Dangerous high voltage potentials exists on the paddles when the defibrillator is discharged this way. Accidental contact with this high voltage potential could cause death or serious injury.

Inspect the defibrillator paddle connecting cables frequently for breaks, cuts, or fraying. Never operate the defibrillator if connecting cables are found defective.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS — Continued

CAUTION

Do not discharge the defibrillator with the paddles shorted together or damage (burning and pitting) to the metal electrodes may result.

The Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder handles and controls are designed to minimize shock hazard. When not plugged into an AC line, the system is battery-powered without reference to earth ground, and small static charges may be generated during defibrillator discharges. These static charges present a minor shock potential to the operator, but **ONLY** through exposed metal surfaces (like the ground connector). Avoid touching these surfaces during defibrillator discharge.

WARNING

Inspect the AC line cord frequently for breaks, cuts, or fraying. Never operate the Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder using a defective power cord.

Medical electronic equipment which may not incorporate defibrillation protection, e.g., blood flow meters, should be disconnected from the patient during defibrillation discharge.

NEVER touch the bed, the patient, or any equipment connected to the patient (e.g., patient leads) during defibrillation. Fluids such as Ringer's saline solution and blood are excellent electrical conductors; to avoid creating potentially dangerous electrical paths, keep the instrument and the immediate area clean and dry at all times.

NEVER remove the instrument from the case; there are no operator controls inside and dangerous high voltages may be exposed. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel.

ALWAYS press the pressure relief valve (on side of monitor case) before attempting to open case halves. Failure to equalize the pressure to present levels before opening may cause case halves to blow apart or not separate when unlatched.

NEVER attempt to lift or move the equipment without the hinges properly attached and the latches fastened. Damage to personnel or equipment may result from improper usage.

DO NOT use the Defibrillator module in a flammable atmosphere (i.e. oxygen tents or other areas of concentrated flammable anesthetics). Avoid using portable or emergency vehicle-mounted defibrillators immediately near the site of an automobile wreck; spilled gasoline and puddles of water present extremely dangerous explosion and shock hazards.

SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS — Continued

Safety includes safeguards against inadvertent harm to the operator, the patient, the service technician, and the environment.

Operator Safety. When the defibrillator is charged to the specified level, a steady tone alerts nearby personnel. In addition, the operator is informed of the charge status by a 3 digit front panel display, and an illuminated charge done LED on the Apex paddle. Handguards around the paddles prevent shock to the operator. If left in a charged state, the Defibrillator module discharges itself safely into an internal load after 60 seconds.

Patient Safety. Shock hazard is minimized by limiting the current that can flow thru the equipment to a patient who is inadvertently attached to ground or line voltage potential.

Service Safety. Shock hazard is minimized by placing warning labels near hazardous, high voltage areas. The service manual contains additional warnings to protect the service technician during repair.

Both the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules are designed to meet requirements specified in UL544 and AAMI defibrillator standard. The UL544 certified design prevents fires from developing should a component failure occur. The internal storage capacitor **DOES NOT** contain PCBs.

USER CONSIDERATIONS

The conditions surrounding the use of the Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder are urgent and stressful. Personnel responding to a cardiac arrest must have the capability to rapidly assess the clinical condition of the patient.

The cardiac monitor must be quickly deployed, providing the necessary information to the clinician without time wasted on making or verifying instrument settings.

The defibrillator must be instantly available, capable of being rapidly charged and discharged without requiring the operator to execute a complicated operating sequence.

Stabilized patients who require ECG monitoring and diagnostic ECG recording are treated differently. In these cases, the other features of a cardiac monitor become important. For example

- The operator may wish to manually adjust the size of the ECG waveform for better viewing from a distance
- Heart rate alarms may be required to keep watch over a stable patient.

WARNING—PACEMAKER PATIENTS

Rate meters may continue to count the pacemaker rate during occurrences of cardiac arrest or some arrhythmias. Do not rely entirely upon the rate meter alarms. Keep Pacemaker patients under close surveillance. This instrument does not reject pacemaker pulses.

- A different view of the ECG may be chosen with the lead selector.

These secondary features must be accessible to the operator and easy to use.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

USER CONSIDERATIONS — Continued

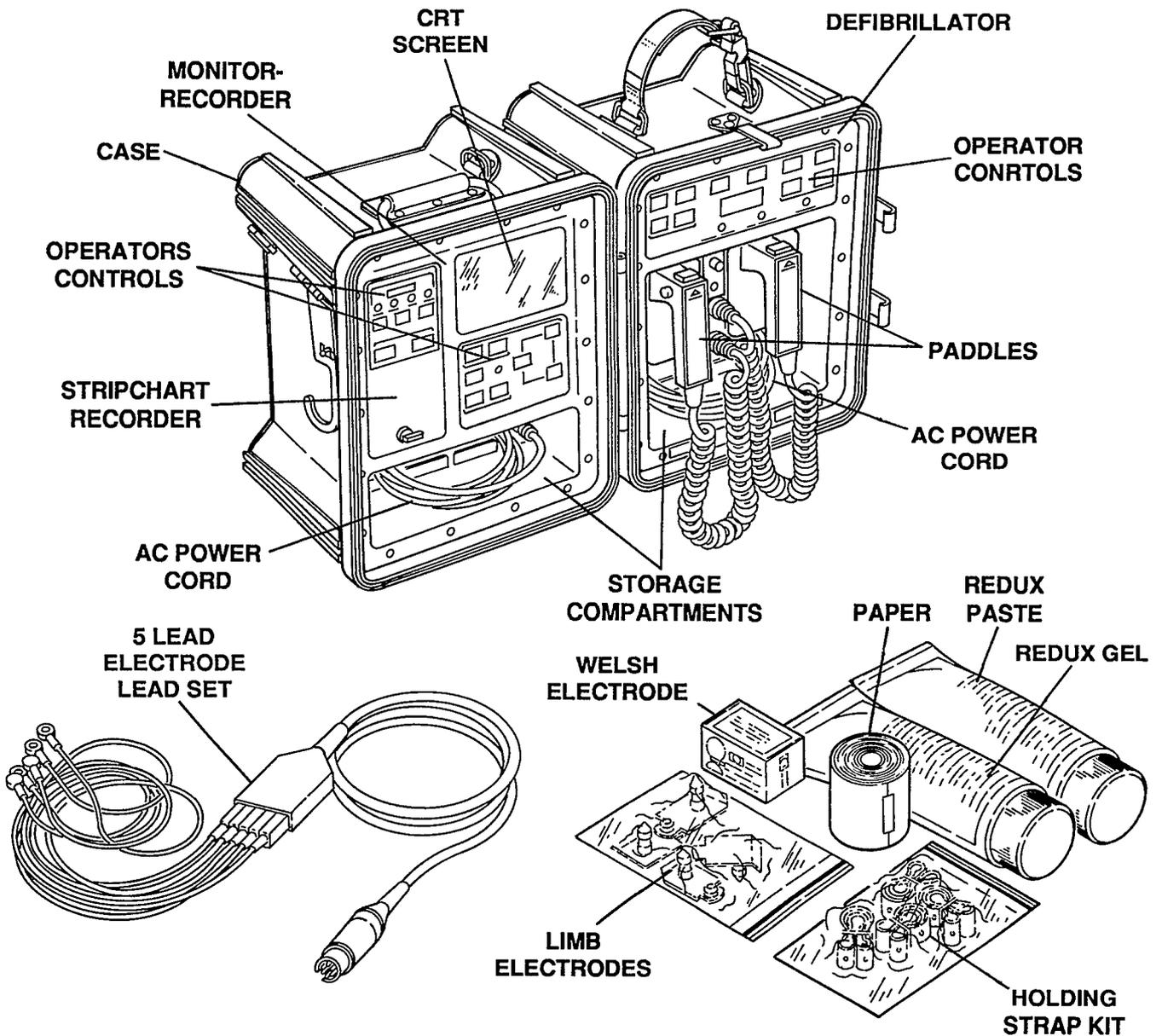


Figure 2. Model 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder

ABOUT THE HP 43110MC DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER SYSTEM

The HP 43110MC is a separable modular unit consisting of independently operable Defibrillator and Electrocardiograph/Monitor-Recorder modules. The entire system is portable, with a total weight of 50 pounds occupying 2.7 cubic feet.

ABOUT THE HP 43110MC DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER SYSTEM — Continued

On-board storage compartments for supplies and accessories eliminate the need for separate supply kits. This makes it easy to examine the equipment for proper provisions.

- The Monitor-Recorder storage compartment contains the patient cable, one suction and four limb electrodes, two rolls of ECG paper, a tube of Redux gel (P/N 651-1024-050), an ECG ruler, and an AC power cord. A third roll of ECG paper is stored in the recorder, ready for use.
- The Defibrillator storage compartment provides storage for the paddles, paddle cables, Redux paste (P/N 651-1008-050), and AC power cord.

The modules are physically interconnected by a separable hinge and latch mechanisms. Communication between the two modules is accomplished by non-contact infrared optical signals.

NOTE

The optical communication circuit is designed to prevent communication between case halves at distances greater than 3-4 inches. Make sure case halves are mated correctly for proper operation of the optical communication circuit.

Controls are all located on the front panel of both modules for maximum accessibility, and are in the form of large, easily actuated membrane keys. Operating sequences and controls are simple and logical.

The Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder offers synchronous cardioversion capability when both modules are interconnected. The synchronized cardioversion mode is activated by the SYNC switches on the Defibrillator module control panel. Accidental SYNC mode entry and exit is prevented by requiring both SYNC keys to be pressed simultaneously.

- When the Monitor-Recorder module is properly connected to the Defibrillator module, the SYNC light on the Defibrillator module will come on, and then flash off with each detected systole. The CRT screen will display the message "SYNC" to indicate the synchronous mode of operation. If the patient cable is not being used as the source for the ECG signal, the monitor will display the message "USE LEADS" to remind the operator that the patient cable should be used for synchronization mode to minimize noise and interference. However, the system will allow cardioversion with a paddles-derived signal. A bright dot will occur on the QRS waveform to indicate where the discharge would occur. If the stripchart recorder is on, a short vertical marker line will occur. The marker is placed in the margin of the paper so it does not interfere with the the recording. The Defibrillator module will discharge within 60 msec of a detected R wave when both paddle discharge switches are pressed and held. After discharge, the SYNC mode will be exited, and the unit returned to defibrillation mode. If the unit is charged in the SYNC mode, but not fired, it will automatically discharge internally after 60 seconds.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

ABOUT THE HP 43110MC DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER SYSTEM — Continued

NOTE

Keep infrared optical windows clear and free from obstruction during operation.

- When the Monitor-Recorder is not connected to the Defibrillator, the SYNC indicator light will flash once and error message "EEE" will briefly appear on the defibrillator's energy display.

The Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder system operates over a wide range of AC power sources, or from the internal rechargeable batteries. Assembling the modules together to form the Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder system has no effect on the way each module is powered.

- The Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules each operate directly from AC power when connected. Both modules may be connected to 100-255 V, 47-63 Hz AC power source without modification or changes. The Monitor-Recorder incorporates a digital notch filter in the ECG signal processing software which automatically selects either 50 or 60 Hz to prevent ECG interference. This allows operation on power sources available anywhere in the world.
- Each module is equipped with a 2.9 Ampere-hour sealed lead-acid battery and an AC power supply. While connected to AC power, the internal batteries in each instrument will recharge. When not connected to AC power, the modules are powered from the batteries.
- Low battery indicator lamps are located on the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules, and a "LOW BATTERY" message is also displayed on the CRT. The low battery indicator will illuminate when there is a minimum of 0.5 hours of monitoring (Monitor-Recorder module) and/or at least 5 full energy discharges remaining (Defibrillator module).

ABOUT THE HP 43200M/MC/MD MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

The Monitor-Recorder module is a full-featured bedside cardiac monitor designed to offer instant access to vital patient information immediately after turn-on. Advanced design offers full automatic function to speed up rapid emergency use, with manual operator override capability provided. When the power is turned on, the instrument powers up in the paddles mode, with ECG SIZE to AUTO, heart rate alarms set off but preset to 40 and 140 beats per minute (bpm), and the ECG memory on and recording (set to stop 25.5 minutes after an alarm).

The Monitor-Recorder module's intended use is to monitor the ECG of patients in, or in danger of entering, cardiac crisis. It is designed to interconnect physically and functionally with the HP 43130M Defibrillator module for the purpose of performing synchronized cardioversion. A 5-lead cable and a LEAD SELECT key on the Monitor-Recorder module allows recording the complete 12 lead ECG in a standard single channel format.

ABOUT THE HP 43200M/MC/MD MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE — Continued

NOTE

The QRS detectors may inadvertently be triggered by noise, pacemaker pulse, etc. The operator must guard against the potential hazard by correctly positioning the leads and verifying correct heart rate metering.

ECG size, QRS Beeper volume, and High and Low Heart Rate alarm limits are adjustable. 12-lead selection is provided, and a 30-minute ECG memory can be set to stop (at an adjustable time) after an alarm.

A non-fade ECG display is presented on a long-persistence green type 5-inch CRT monitor screen. The ECG display is in a moving (25 mm/second) erase-bar mode, which allows the operator to view 4 seconds of ECG waveform information in a stationary presentation on the screen until it is replaced by new information. The monitor screen is also used to display Heart Rate (15 - 300 beats per minute), ECG source, alarm Limits (when setting or violated), and operator convenience and alert messages.

A diagnostic quality (.05 - 100 Hz) ECG stripchart recorder is also provided. The recorder uses a thermal array print device to record both the ECG waveform and messages on thermally sensitive paper. The thermal array recorder produces a high-quality tracing without a stylus. The traces produced by the thermal array recorder are uniform, rather than varying in breadth with stylus velocity (faint R waves) as do the stylus recorders. Since the thermal array recorder has fewer moving parts, it is more reliable and requires less maintenance than the older stylus-type recorder. There is no operator adjustment required, and no stylus to change.

Paper speed is 25 mm/second ($\pm 5\%$) and the trace is automatically centered on the paper. The paper also has a red stripe in the margin of the last 3 1/2 feet of the roll. In addition a LOW PAPER and NO PAPER warning message is displayed on the CRT screen indicating paper status.

A 1 mV reference signal can be selected and is used to calibrate the recorder. The signal also appears on the CRT monitor screen.

A 30-minute ECG memory stores ECG waveform information for later review on the monitor screen and/or stripchart recorder. RECORD, STOP, and PLAY, along with fast forward and rewind controls are provided to facilitate playback.

NOTE

When in the ECG memory playback mode, the front panel PLAY indicator will be on, and "PLAY BEGIN", "PLAYBACK", or "PLAY END" will be displayed on the CRT screen to indicate the information displayed is recorded and NOT real time.

ECG memory post-alarm recording time can be specified by the operator. While the information leading up to an alarm is important, most of the attention is focused on more recent information during and following the interventions performed after an alarm. For this reason, the default settings of 4.5 pre-alarm and 25.5 post-alarm minutes have been used.

The Monitor-Recorder module contains its own independent power supply and internal battery. The power supply function is independent of the Defibrillator module (if and when connected).

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

ABOUT THE HP 43130M DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE

The HP 43130M Defibrillator module is a DC defibrillator featuring a Lown (damped sinusoidal) waveform, simple 1-2-3 operation, and AC or internal battery powered capability. It is designed to interconnect physically and functionally with the HP 43200M Monitor-Recorder module for the purpose of performing synchronized cardioversion and the ability to monitor the ECG using the paddle electrodes.

The defibrillator features simple **1-2-3** operation, as follows:

- 1 TURN POWER ON** - Depress the ON switch.
- 2 CHARGE** - Depress charge button (either on the APEX paddle or control panel).
- 3 DISCHARGE** - Simultaneously depress both discharge buttons (on each paddle).

The Defibrillator module provides six energy settings: 40, 70, 100, 200, 300, and 360 Joules.

NOTE

360J is the maximum energy setting recommended by the American Heart Association.

Energy selection is accomplished by the Energy Select/Charge controls on the Defibrillator module control panel. The controls both select and charge the defibrillator to the specified energy setting. An additional charge button is located on the Apex paddle and charges the unit to the last selected energy level. If a level has not been selected since turn-on, the unit will charge to 200 J (AHA recommended first shock energy).

The Defibrillator module provides several indications of the state of charge and readiness. When charging, a whine is audible, and the energy level indicator displays numbers counting up. When fully charged, a steady tone is audible, and the energy level indicator displays the available energy (Joules delivered to a 50 Ω load). A charge done indicator on the apex paddle also lights when the unit is fully charged.

Indicators and tones are also provided to annunciate battery charging, battery condition, and SYNC mode.

A 50 Ω test load is located internally. When 100 Joules or more are delivered to the test load, a TEST indicator lamp located between the paddles will flash. This verifies proper function of all defibrillation logic circuits, all energy delivery circuits, and the paddle set.

The Defibrillator module is equipped with both adult (80 sq cm) and pediatric/small adult (18 sq cm) external paddles. The pediatric paddles are located underneath the adult paddles. A quick release catch allows the adult electrodes to be removed, exposing the pediatric electrodes. There are several advantages to this paddle system including:

- Circumstances of chest trauma where the adult paddles are too large to be used.
- Adult paddle electrode surfaces can easily be replaced in case of damage, without the use of tools or opening the case.

ABOUT THE HP 43130M DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE — Continued

The defibrillator paddles (adult and pediatric), serve as both energy delivery devices and ECG sensing devices. When a Defibrillator Module is properly connected to a Monitor-Recorder module, paddles may be selected as the ECG source, and the ECG may be viewed and recorded without using lead wires. When paddles are used as the ECG source, the bandwidth is reduced to minimize artifact and baseline wander.

The Defibrillator module contains its own independent power supply and internal battery. The power supply function is independent of the Monitor-Recorder module (if and when connected).

SELF DIAGNOSTICS

The Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder system uses microcontroller technology to control and monitor system operation. This advanced design enables the system to perform a self-diagnostic routine.

Critical circuits within the modules are monitored and checked periodically during operation.

- Each time the Monitor-Recorder is turned ON, proper operation of these circuits is verified, and noted by a brief "READY" message on the CRT. All indicators light for approximately one second at turn on. If a problem is detected, an ERROR message will be generated on the CRT screen in place of the READY message.
- Each time the Defibrillator module is turned on, all the LED indicators light for approximately one second and the energy display alternately flashes "HP" and "888". If a problem is detected, the energy display will indicate an ERROR message and high voltage circuit operation will be inhibited.

Should an ERROR condition occur, note the error code, turn the Defibrillator and/or Monitor-Recorder modules OFF, and notify appropriate service personnel.

SPECIFICATIONS

OPERATING, STORAGE AND SHIPMENT ENVIRONMENT

Both modules are designed and tested to meet all performance specifications in the following environment:

- Operating temperature: 0°C to +45°C
- Altitude: sea level to 15,000 feet
- Humidity: 5 days at 95% RH 40°C
- Storage: -30 to +65 C ; sea level to 50,000 feet

ECG recording paper should be stored at less than 40°C and 80% RH. The paper may be stored for short periods (up to a month) at -30 to +65°C and up to 95% RH. This is a limitation of all thermal papers, whether used with hot stylus or thermal array recorders.

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

SPECIFICATIONS — Continued

POWER REQUIREMENTS

Required Nominal Line Voltage: 100-255 Vac

Required Line Frequency: 47-63 Hz

Maximum Line Power: Defibrillator module (150 W), Monitor-Recorder module (60 W)

Maximum Line Current: Defibrillator module (2 A), Monitor-Recorder module (1 A)

SIZE AND WEIGHT

Net Weight and Volume:

Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder (HP 43110MC): 50 lbs, 16x14x21 in. (2.7 cu. ft.)

Monitor-Recorder without case (HP 43200M): 25 lbs, 16x14x11 in. (1.4 cu. ft.)

Monitor-Recorder with case (HP 43200MC): 30 lbs, 16x14x14 in. (1.8 cu. ft.)

Shipping Weight and Volume:

Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder (HP 43110MC): 68 lbs, 18.5x21x31 in. (7.0 cu. ft.)

Monitor-Recorder without case (HP 43200M): 39 lbs, 18.5x21x22 in. (4.8 cu. ft.)

Monitor-Recorder with case (HP 43200MC): 44 lbs, 18.5x21x25 in. (5.6 cu. ft.)

SPECIFICATIONS OF THE HP 43200M MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

ECG Leads Amplifier:

Inputs: I,II,III,aVR,aVL,aVF,V using a 5 lead cable

Frequency Response: 0.05 to 100 Hz -3dB

Common Mode Rejection: > 90 db with 5k Ω imbalance

Input Offset Range: \pm 300 mVdc

Input Impedance: > 10 M Ω , < 1000 pF

Patient Isolation: > 10 M Ω at 10 Hz

Noise: < 30 μ Vp-p with gain set to 4000, RTI (referred to input)

Gain Settings: 250, 400, 650, 1000, 1300, 2000, 3000, 4000

Gain Accuracy: \pm 10 % all settings

Pace Pulse Detection: none

ECG Memory: 30 minutes, solid state (0.5 to 30 Hz bandwidth)

Display Size and Type: 5-inch (7.6 cm x 10.2 cm) diagonal CRT, 4 seconds of ECG data, non-fade, fixed trace.

CRT Sweep Speed: 25 mm/sec nominal.

CRT Frequency Response: 0.5 to 40 Hz at -3dB

Calibration Pulse: 1mV \pm 8% RTI

Heart Rate Display: Range 15 to 300 bpm

Default Alarm Limits: Lo - 40 bpm, Hi - 140 bpm

Heart Rate Alarms: Adjustable range, Lo - 15 to 270 bpm, Hi - 25 to 280 bpm

Recorder Type: Thermal Array

Recorder Paper Size: 50 mm x 30 m nominal

Recorder Paper Speed: 25 mm/sec \pm 5%

Automatic Recorder Runs: 10 sec (Alarm violation), 60 sec (Defib Charge), 10 sec (Defib Discharge), 2 sec (Disarm)

Recorder Mode: Real time (or playback)

Recorder Frequency Response: 0.05 to 100 Hz w/leads

Battery: 12V 2.9 Amp-hour nominal

Battery Charge Time: 2 hours for 90% capacity

Battery Capacity: 4 hours monitoring or 1 hour recording or any linear combination

SPECIFICATIONS — Continued**SPECIFICATIONS OF THE HP 43130M DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE**

Discharge Waveform: Lown Waveform (damped sinusoidal)

Output Energy (delivered): 40, 70, 100, 200, 300, 360 Joules into 50 Ω

Charge Control: Six front panel switches or Apex paddle button

Charge Time: < 10 sec to 360 Joules (fully charged battery)

Delivered Energy Display: Green LED, 3 digits

Armed Indicators: Charge done tone, charge done LED (apex paddle), delivered energy display

Paddles: Adult 80 sq. cm., Pediatric 18 sq. cm.

Synchronizer: Discharge < 60 msec after R-wave peak. (requires Monitor-Recorder module)

ECG Paddles Amplifier:

Frequency Response: 0.5 to 40 Hz -3dB

Common Mode Rejection: > 90 db with 1k Ω imbalance

Input Offset Range: \pm 300 mV DC

Input Impedance: > 100 k Ω , < 2000 pF

Patient Isolation: > 10 M Ω at 10 Hz

Noise: < 30 μ Vp-p with gain set to 4000, RTI (referred to input)

Gain Settings: 250, 400, 650, 1000, 1300, 2000, 3000, 4000

Gain Accuracy: \pm 10 % all settings

Pace Pulse Detection: none

STANDARD ACCESSORIES

ECG ruler, 1 EA (HP part number 1530-1239)

Electrode Lead Set (5-Lead), 1 EA (HP part number 43201-61610)

Holding strap kit ,1 KIT w/4 straps (HP part number 14030A)

Limb electrodes, 1 KIT w/4 electrodes (HP part number 9301-1149)

Operating Guide, Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder , 1 EA (HP part number 43201-91908)

Recorder paper, 3 RL (HP part number 40453A - box of 10 rolls)

Redux gel, One tube (HP part number 0651-1024)

Redux paste, One tube (HP part number 0651-1008)

Service Manual, Defibrillator, 1 EA (HP part number 43131-91909)

Service Manual, Monitor - Recorder, 1 EA (HP 43201-91909)

Welsh electrode, 1 EA, (HP part number 14324A)

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

DEFIBRILLATOR ENERGY OUTPUT INFORMATION

The defibrillator stores sufficient energy to discharge 360 Joules into a 50Ω impedance. However, the actual energy delivered into a patient is a function of the total impedance to the defibrillator discharge. As a practical matter, the operator controls a large portion of this impedance by the quality of skin preparation, paddle placement, and pressure. If sufficient electrolyte is utilized, and pressure of 10-12 kilograms per paddle applied, then an impedance of approximately 50Ω would be expected with the average patient. In this case, the energy delivered to the patient would equal the delivered energy setting selected.

The output waveforms shown in the figure below indicate that with decreasing impedance, higher peak current is obtained. Recent clinical evidence indicates that the peak current value must reach a critical threshold for defibrillation, and should therefore be maximized. The primary method available to the operator to accomplish this is proper paddle application technique.

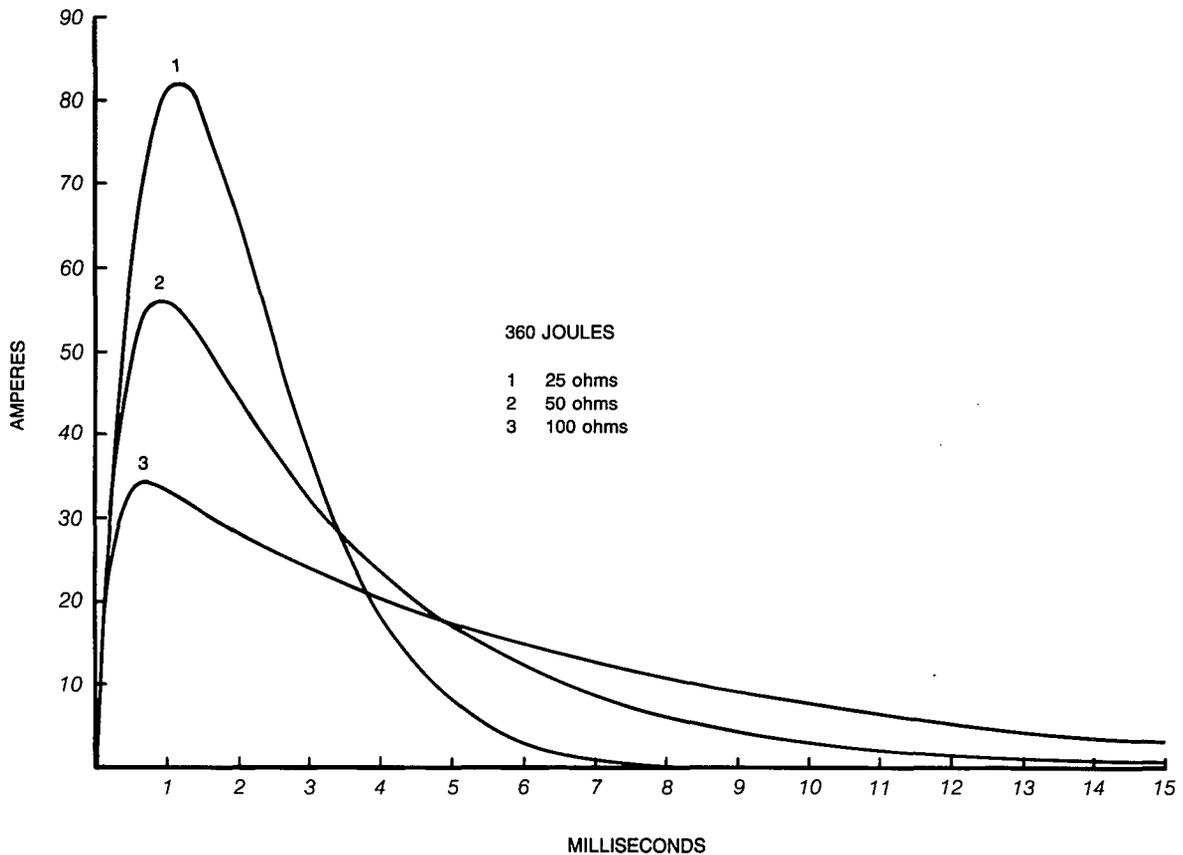


Figure 3. Defibrillator Output Energy waveforms

INITIAL INSPECTION

Carefully inspect each shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushion material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked for mechanical and electrical integrity.

STORAGE AND SHIPMENT

ENVIRONMENT

Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The environmental limitations for both storage and shipment are -30 to $+65^{\circ}\text{C}$, 0 to 50,000 feet, and $< 95\%$ RH 40°C .

PREPARATION

The Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules can be stored for long periods of time provided proper precautions are taken prior to and during storage. Procedures are provided for both short and long term.

- **SHORT TERM** (less than 6 months):
 1. Perform Section 8, Operational Checks to verify unit is functioning.
 2. Connect unit from AC power for a minimum of 24 hours with POWER key set to OFF/RECHARGE to fully charge battery.
 3. Disconnect unit to AC power for a minimum of 24 hours. With AC power cord unplugged, verify battery voltage is $>12.5\text{V}$ (Section 6). If battery voltage incorrect, notify service personnel.
 4. Remove Redux® gel, paste, cream, etc.
 5. Remove thermal paper (Section 7). Leave Printhead latch unlocked.
 6. Clean unit and accessories.
- **LONG TERM** (more than 6 months): Perform same procedure as Short Term, then remove battery. See Service manual for instructions.

NOTE

Equipment being retrieved from storage may require several battery recharge/discharge cycles before maximum battery capacity is restored.

PACKAGING

Containers and materials used for original shipment of your HP 43110MC are specifically designed for the instrument and are not readily available through Hewlett-Packard sales offices; it is recommended that you keep the packing materials for future use. If the instrument is returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the product model number, serial number, return address, and a description of the problems encountered and service required. Mark the container FRAGILE to ensure careful handling. In every correspondence, refer to the instrument by product number and full serial number (e.g. HP 43110MC, serial number 2400A00000).

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Follow these general instructions when re-packaging with commercially available materials:

- Wrap the instrument in heavy cushioning material.
- Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 160 kilogram test material is adequate.
- Use enough shock absorbing material (3 or 4 inch layer) around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushioning and to prevent movement inside container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
- Seal the shipping container securely.

OPERATING CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

Monitor-Recorder Module and Defibrillator Module operating controls and indicators are presented below by module.

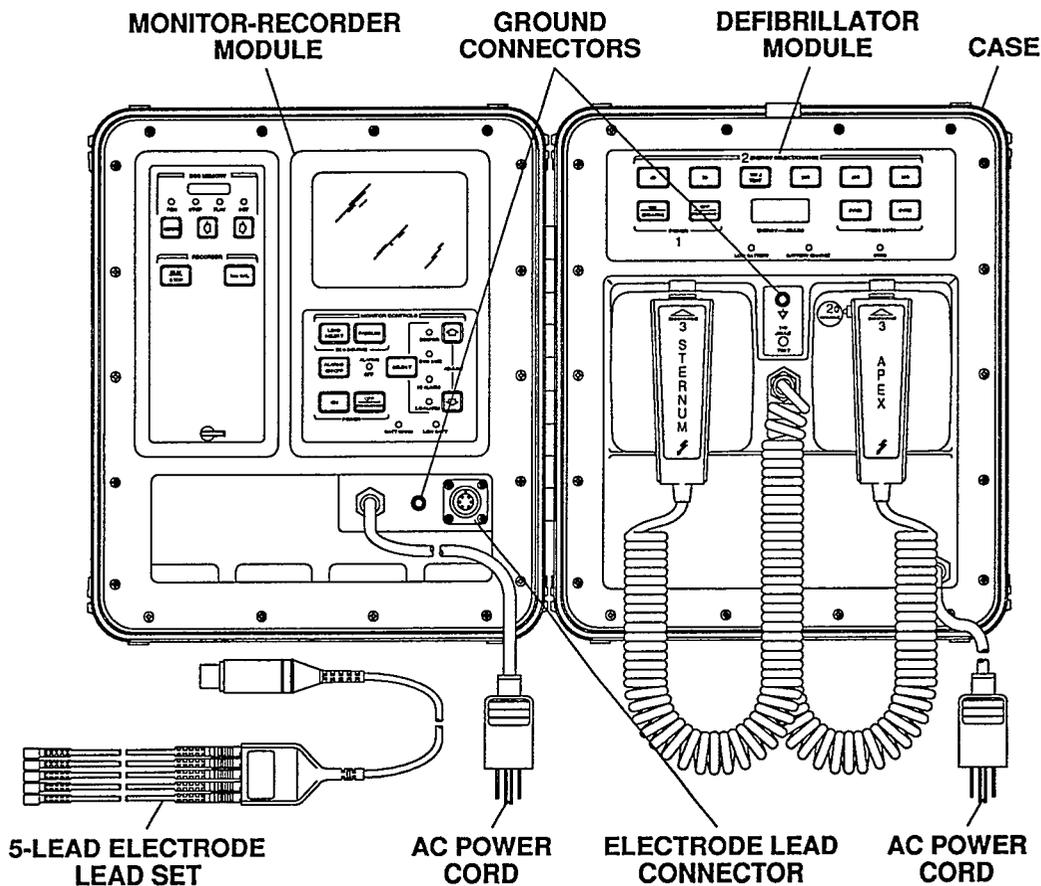


Figure 4. Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Controls and Indicators

DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER

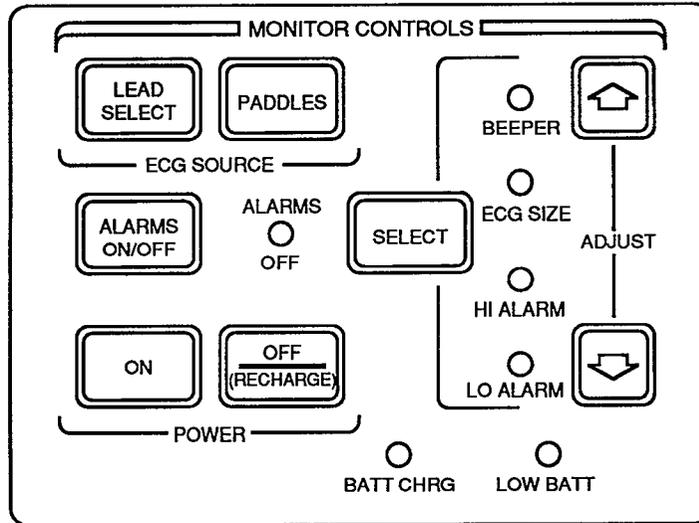
AC POWER CORDS: Two separate cables, with three prong male plugs. Used to connect the Defibrillator module and Monitor-Recorder module to a 100 - 255 Vac, 47 - 63 Hz AC source for operation and/or battery charge.

GROUND CONNECTORS: Two separate female connectors used to connect the Defibrillator module and/or Monitor-Recorder module to ground. Used during battery operation, or when AC power cord ground pin not connected, if grounding is required.

ELECTRODE LEAD CONNECTOR: Located on Monitor-Recorder module. Six pin female connector used to connect electrode lead set.

ELECTRODE LEAD SET: Five lead cable used to connect the patient to the Monitor-Recorder module. Six pin male connector attaches lead to Monitor-Recorder Module. Five disposable electrodes attach to lead end to complete patient contact.

CASE: Provides protection for the modules and also provisions for optical communication. Contains latches, fasteners, handles, hangers, and pressure relief valve necessary to safely transport and operate instrument.



1. MONITOR CONTROLS

POWER ON key: Turns the Monitor-Recorder module on. All the LED indicators will light and a tone will sound for approximately one second. If AC power cord is connected to AC source, module will operate on AC. If AC power cord is not connected, module will operate on internal battery.

POWER OFF/RECHARGE key: Turns the Monitor-Recorder module off. If AC power cord is connected to AC source, BATT CHRG indicator will illuminate and internal battery will charge.

ECG SOURCE LEAD SELECT key: Selects and activates the electrode lead set (5-lead) as the ECG SOURCE. Press LEAD SELECT switch as required to sequentially change the ECG SOURCE between leads I, II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, and V. The CRT screen will display lead selected. If PADDLES key is selected, pressing LEAD SELECT will return to the last lead selected.

ECG SOURCE PADDLES key: Selects and activates the Defibrillator Paddles as the ECG SOURCE. The CRT screen will display P when selected. Defaults to PADDLES when module is turned on. If a Defibrillator module is not properly connected, the CRT screen will display "NO DEFIB".

ALARMS ON/OFF key: Activates and deactivates the heart rate alarms. The red ALARMS OFF LED is on when the alarms are off. Defaults to OFF when module is turned on.

If Alarms are ON and violated, a continuous alarm tone sounds, the stripchart recorder starts, the Heart Rate digits on the CRT flash, and the ECG memory begins its record run.

ALARMS OFF INDICATOR: When red LED is on, indicates that the heart rate alarms are deactivated. When off, indicates that the heart rate alarms are activated. Defaults to ON when module is turned on.

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS

SELECT key: Press as required to select BEEPER volume, ECG SIZE, HI ALARM, or LO ALARM. When selected, indicator will light and the present stored parameter can be adjusted using the UP and DOWN arrow keys.

BEEPER VOLUME INDICATOR: Controlled by the SELECT key. When green LED is on, pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys will adjust the BEEPER volume (off is possible). Defaults to ON with medium volume when module is turned on. Automatically returns to ON one minute after ECG SIZE, HI, or LO ALARM are selected and/or changed.

With LED on, press and hold both UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys to display battery voltage on CRT.

ECG SIZE INDICATOR: Controlled by the SELECT key. When green LED is on, manual ECG size is selected and changed by pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys. Range from 2.5 mm/mV to 40.0 mm/mV. Defaults to automatic ECG size (LED OFF) when module is turned on.

Auto-size selects an ECG gain which results in an approximately one inch tall normal sinus rhythm as measured from the baseline to the peak of the R wave.

NOTE

If the ECG SIZE is selected and changed, the module must be turned OFF then ON to return to the automatic ECG size mode.

HI ALARM LIMIT INDICATOR: Controlled by the SELECT key. When green LED is on, pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys will adjust the HI ALARM limit. Defaults to 140 bpm (LED to OFF) when module is turned on. When selected (LED to ON), both LO and HI limits are displayed on the CRT, with the HI limit flashing. Pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys will change the limit from 25 to 280 bpm. HI rate is always limited to 10 bpm more than the selected LO rate (e.g., if LO is set to 75, minimum HI is 85).

LO ALARM LIMIT INDICATOR: Controlled by the SELECT key. When green LED is on, pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys will adjust the LO ALARM limit. Defaults to 40 bpm (LED to OFF) when module is turned on. When selected (LED to ON), both LO and HI limits are displayed on the CRT, with the LO limit flashing. Pressing the UP/DOWN arrow keys will change the limit from 15 to 270 bpm. LO rate is always limited to 10 bpm less than the selected HI rate (e.g., if HI is set to 75, maximum LO is 65).

UP ARROW key: Used to increase the present value of the selected function (LED to ON). Increases BEEPER volume, ECG SIZE, HI ALARM limit, or LO ALARM limit. Press and release to increase by one increment, or press and hold to increase by numerous increments.

Press and hold both UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys with BEEPER LED on to display battery voltage on CRT.

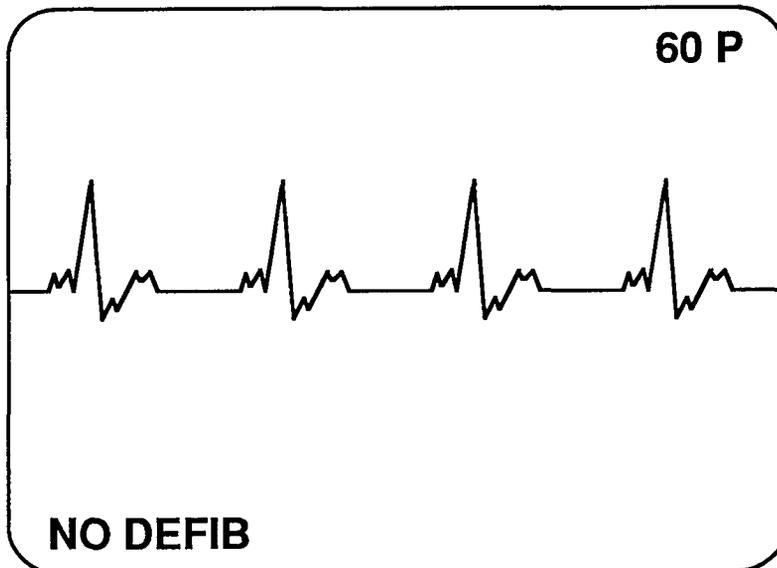
DOWN ARROW key: Used to decrease the present value of the selected function (LED to ON). Decreases BEEPER volume, ECG SIZE, HI ALARM limit, or LO ALARM limit. Press and release to decrease by one increment, or press and hold to decrease by numerous increments.

Press and hold both UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys with BEEPER LED on to display battery voltage on CRT.

BATT CHRГ INDICATOR: When green LED is on, indicates that the module is connected to an AC power source and that the internal battery is charging. Will remain on with POWER ON/OFF in any position.

LOW BATT INDICATOR: When red LED is on, indicates that the battery operation time is running low. A minimum of 30 minutes of monitoring time remains when the indicator first lights.

Press and hold both UP ARROW and DOWN ARROW keys with BEEPER LED on to display battery voltage on CRT.



2. CRT SCREEN: The CRT is used to display 4 seconds of a fixed trace ECG waveform, patient information, and data messages. A tone accompanies the display information as follows:

- A short tone sounds with each detected systole.
- A continuous tone is sounded when an alarm condition occurs.
- A triple beep sounds to alert the operator to view the CRT screen for a message.

CRT Display Messages: The following is a list of display messages and the location as shown on the CRT.

- **ECG Source Indicator:** The selected ECG source is indicated in the upper right hand corner of the CRT. I, II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, or V displayed indicates which leads of the Electrode Lead Set are activated. P displayed indicates Defibrillator paddles are selected.

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS

- **Heart Rate Indicator:** The current three-digit Heart Rate is indicated in the upper right area of the CRT screen. Heart Rate flashes when an alarm condition occurs. Range of the rate meter as displayed is from 15 to 300 bpm.

WARNING—PACEMAKER PATIENTS

Rate meters may continue to count the pacemaker rate during occurrences of cardiac arrest or some arrhythmias. Do not rely entirely upon the rate meter alarms. Keep Pacemaker patients under close surveillance. This instrument does not reject pacemaker pulses.

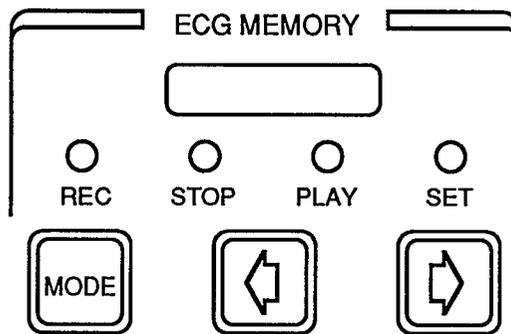
NOTE

The QRS detectors may inadvertently be triggered by noise, pacemaker pulse, etc. The operator must guard against the potential hazard by correctly positioning the leads and verifying correct heart rate metering.

- **Sync Marker Indicator:** A bright dot is superimposed on the R wave at the point at which synchronization will occur when used with the Defibrillator module in SYNC mode.
- **ERROR xx** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner to indicate a unit malfunction. When this message appears, record the number (xx), press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key, and notify service personnel.
- **LOW BATTERY** is displayed in the lower left hand corner when the battery is in need of recharging. When this message first appears there is a minimum of 30 minutes monitoring time available.
- **LOW PAPER** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner along with three audible beeps when the paper supply is low. When this message first appears there is a minimum of 10 ft of paper remaining.
- **NO DEFIB** is displayed in the lower left hand corner when a Defibrillator module is not connected or turned on.
- **NO PAPER** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner along with three audible beeps when printer has run out of paper.
- **PLAY ALARM** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner when PLAYback mode is selected, and an alarm has occurred and is being displayed on the CRT screen.
- **PLAY BEGIN** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner when PLAYback mode is selected to indicate the beginning of ECG MEMORY. Also displayed when the LEFT ARROW key has been depressed enough to rewind the ECG MEMORY to the start.
- **PLAY END** is displayed in the lower left hand corner when PLAYback mode is selected and the ECG MEMORY is at the end. Also displayed when the RIGHT ARROW key has been depressed enough to fast forward the ECG MEMORY to the end.

- **PLAYBACK** is displayed in the lower left hand corner when the Monitor-Recorder is displaying/printing ECG data which has been stored in the ECG MEMORY. When on, the data being viewed is **NOT** real time ECG.
- **READY** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner at turn on to indicate self tests have passed and Monitor-Recorder module is operational.
- **RECORD** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner when SET mode is first selected to enter or check post-alarm time.
- **STOP** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner when STOP mode is first selected. Indicates the ECG memory is off.
- **SYNC** is displayed in the lower left hand corner when the Monitor-Recorder is in synchronous cardioversion mode. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **SYNC LOST** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner along with three audible beeps when SYNC operation is abnormally terminated. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **USE LEADS** is momentarily displayed in the lower left hand corner when in SYNC mode and indicates that SYNC mode has been selected with PADDLES selected as the ECG SOURCE. Paddles can be used as ECG SOURCE, but is **NOT** recommended because of increased ECG artifact associated with monitoring via the Paddles. Artifact may incorrectly trigger the R wave detector and result in cardioversion occurring at an undesirable time. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS



3. ECG MEMORY:

NOTE

Turning the Monitor-Recorder module POWER to OFF will erase ECG MEMORY. There is no indication to the operator, other than distortions in ECG playback, that the data in ECG MEMORY is lost or corrupted.

MODE key: Press as required to select RECOrd, STOP, PLAYback, and SET modes of operation for the ECG MEMORY. When selected, the mode indicator will turn ON. The mode indicator must remain ON for two seconds before the selected mode is activated.

REC INDICATOR: Controlled by the MODE key. When green LED is on, the ECG MEMORY is in the RECOrding mode. Defaults to ON when module is turned on. Recording time is specified as pre-alarm and post-alarm, and entered using SET mode. The ECG MEMORY Total record time is 30 minutes in a FIFO (first-in-first-out) type electronic memory. When REC LED is on, and if the alarms are on and violated, the ECG memory will begin to record for the time as selected by SET mode.

NOTE

During RECOrd, the ECG MEMORY will only record ECG data from the lead vector currently selected and displayed on the CRT screen. The remaining (unselected) leads will not be recorded. In addition, the ALARM, CHARGE, DISCHARGE, and DISARM annotations normally printed on the recorder during an automatic run will not be recorded.

STOP INDICATOR: Controlled by the MODE key. When green LED is on, the ECG MEMORY is in the STOP mode, and will not record or playback data. Anytime recording is stopped (manually or by an alarm), one bi-polar marker pulse will be inserted to show different recorded sections and/or the end of information.

PLAY INDICATOR: Controlled by the MODE key. When green LED is on, the ECG MEMORY is in the PLAYback mode. During playback, both ECG wave and information are displayed on the CRT, and if selected, the stripchart recorder. The CRT will display the message "PLAYBACK" to indicate the data being displayed is **NOT** real time but the recorded data. "PLAY ALARM" is displayed at the point where the alarm(s) occurred. The ECG MEMORY BARGRAPH Indicator displays the segment currently being shown. LEFT and RIGHT ARROW keys can be used to fast forward and rewind as necessary.

CAUTION

Loss of recorded alarm data can be caused by activating the SET or REC modes. When selecting PLAYback mode, the operator may have to cycle through the SET and REC modes. If either of these modes remain selected for more than two seconds, they will become active, and cause a recorded alarm condition to be erased.

NOTE

During playback, the BEEPER is off and cannot be adjusted.

Playback is affected by other events as follows:

- Selecting PLAY after an alarm has occurred will cause playback to start at the alarm point.
- Selecting PLAY before an alarm has occurred, will cause playback to start one minute before the current time, or at the beginning of data in ECG memory, whichever is earlier.
- If the Defibrillator module is connected and the SYNC or CHARGE key is actuated during playback, the unit will automatically switch to real time display mode.
- If an alarm occurs during PLAY (if alarms are on), then the unit will automatically switch to real time display mode.

SET INDICATOR: Controlled by the MODE key. When green LED is on, the ECG MEMORY is in the SET mode. When SET mode is activated (LED to ON), the LEFT and RIGHT ARROW keys are used to select and adjust the amount or length of time (0-30 minutes) that recording will continue after a heart rate alarm (post-alarm time). The ECG MEMORY BARGRAPH indicator displays the post-alarm and pre-alarm record time. Defaults to 25 minutes post-alarm and 5 minutes of pre-alarm time when module is turned on.

NOTE

If SET is selected for more than 10 seconds without entering a time using the LEFT/RIGHT ARROW keys, the REC mode will automatically be selected.

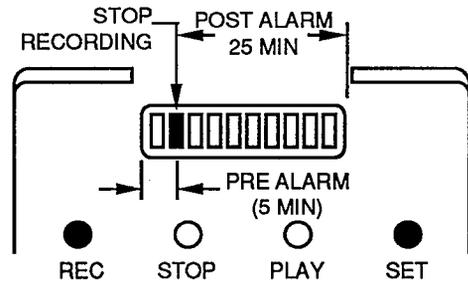
2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS

ECG MEMORY BARGRAPH INDICATOR: Ten segment green LED bargraph provides data dependent on the mode selected. Each segment represents about three minutes of the total thirty minutes available.

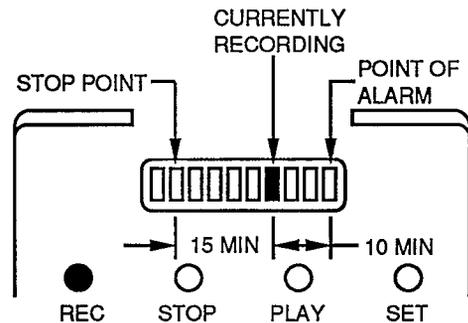
NOTE

In all the examples shown below, the default time of 25 minutes post-alarm and 5 minutes pre-alarm is used.

- In SET mode, the illuminated segment is used to display the stop recording point. The number of segments to the right of the illuminated segment indicate the currently selected post-alarm time and the number of segments to the left of the illuminated segment indicate pre-alarm time.

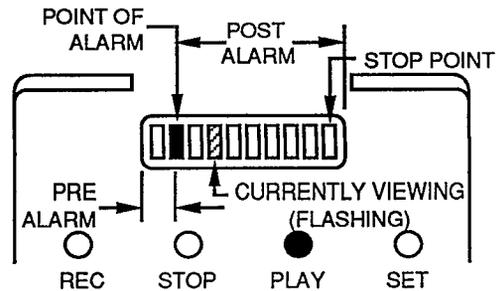


- In RECord mode (REC LED to ON), all segments will be off until an alarm occurs. At that time the far right segment will illuminate, and will move towards the left as the recording continues after the alarm. By observing the position of the illuminated LED segment, the operator can determine how



much data is available before and after the alarm. When the selected stop recording point is reached, the illuminated segment of the bar-graph will stop moving left, and be at the same position selected using the SET mode. The REC indicator will go out and the STOP indicator will illuminate.

- In PLAYback mode (PLAY LED to ON): When first selected, the continuously on segment indicates the point at which the recording was stopped (either automatically or manually). After ~two seconds, the PLAYback begins at the point the alarm occurred. The flashing segment indicates what portion of



the memory is currently being viewed and moves from the left to the right. By observing the position of the flashing LED segment, the operator can determine what portion of memory is currently being displayed. The continuously on segment shows the position of the alarm.

LEFT ARROW key: Changes data depending on the mode selected. In PLAYback mode (PLAY LED to ON), press and hold to rewind the stored data (both ECG wave and information). In SET mode (SET LED to ON), increases the amount of post-alarm information to be stored. Press and release to increase by one segment, or press and hold to increase by numerous segments.

RIGHT ARROW key: Changes data depending on the mode selected. In PLAYback mode (PLAY LED to ON), press and hold to fast forward the stored data (both ECG wave and information). In SET mode (SET LED to ON), decreases the amount of post-alarm information to be stored.



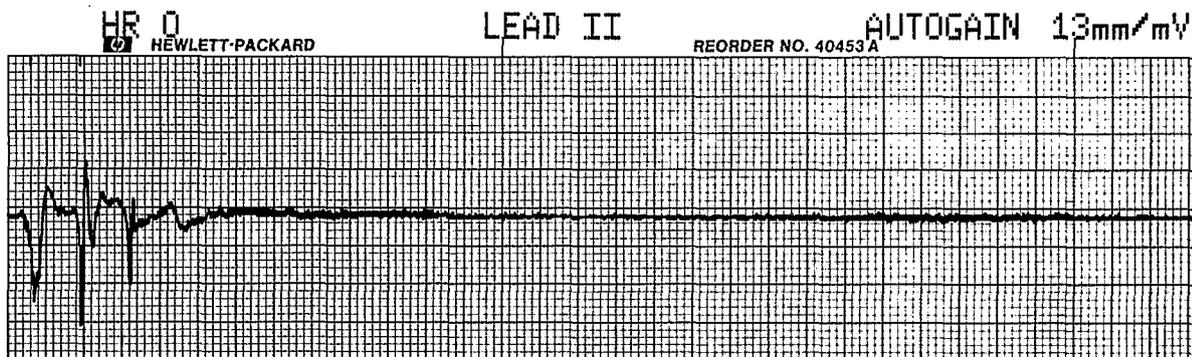
4. RECORDER

RUN/STOP key: Starts and stops the stripchart recorder. Press once to start the recorder when not running. Press once to stop the recorder when running (even if started automatically). Defaults to OFF when module is turned on.

1mV CAL key: When pressed, generates a 1mV pulse one centimeter wide. Pulse is displayed on both the CRT and stripchart recorder (if on).

NOTE

If gain is set to ≥ 30 mm/mV, the CAL pulse will be clipped on both the CRT screen and the recorder output.



5. STRIPCHART RECORDER: A thermal array annotating recorder provides both the ECG waveform (real or playback) along with messages and information printed along the edge. The recorder automatically activates each time the Defibrillator module is charged, discharged, or disarmed; and whenever the heart rate alarm is violated. Paper status is provided to the operator by LOW PAPER and NO PAPER messages displayed on the CRT screen.

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS

Recorder Messages: The following is a list of messages printed on the thermal paper.

- **Sync Marker Indicator:** A short line prints in the margin at the point at which synchronization will occur when used with the Defibrillator module in SYNC mode.
- **AUTOGAIN xxx mm/mV** is printed every 10 seconds to indicate that the ECG size setting is in automatic. Also prints the size currently selected. xxx is 2.5, 4.0, 6.5, 10, 13, 20, 30, or 40.
- **CHARGE** is printed once when Defibrillator module is charged to any level. Requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **DISARM** is printed once when Defibrillator module is discharged using the DISARM key (on Defibrillator module). Also prints when an automatic internal discharge occurs (60 seconds after charge). Requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **DISCHARGE** is printed once when Defibrillator module is discharged using the DISCHARGE keys (on Defibrillator paddles). Requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **LEAD xxx** is printed every 10 seconds when using the electrode lead set as the ECG source. xxx = I, II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, or V as selected by the LEAD SELECT key.
- **PADDLES** is printed every 10 seconds when using the Defibrillator module paddles as the ECG source as selected by the PADDLES key. Requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **PLAYBACK** is printed every 10 seconds when ECG is printing from the 30-minute ECG memory.
- **SYNC** is printed every 10 seconds when in SYNC mode. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Defibrillator module.
- **xxx mm/mV** is printed every 10 seconds when to indicate that the ECG size setting is in manual and the size currently selected. xxx is 2.5, 4.0, 6.5, 10, 13, 20, 30, or 40.

DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE OPERATING CONTROLS AND INDICATORS

Defibrillator module controls are grouped under two physical location headings.

1. The PANEL controls contain the switches and indicators necessary to control module power, energy selection, SYNC operation, charge and disarm, charge status, and battery status.
2. The PADDLE controls contain the switches and indicators necessary to charge and discharge the Defibrillator.

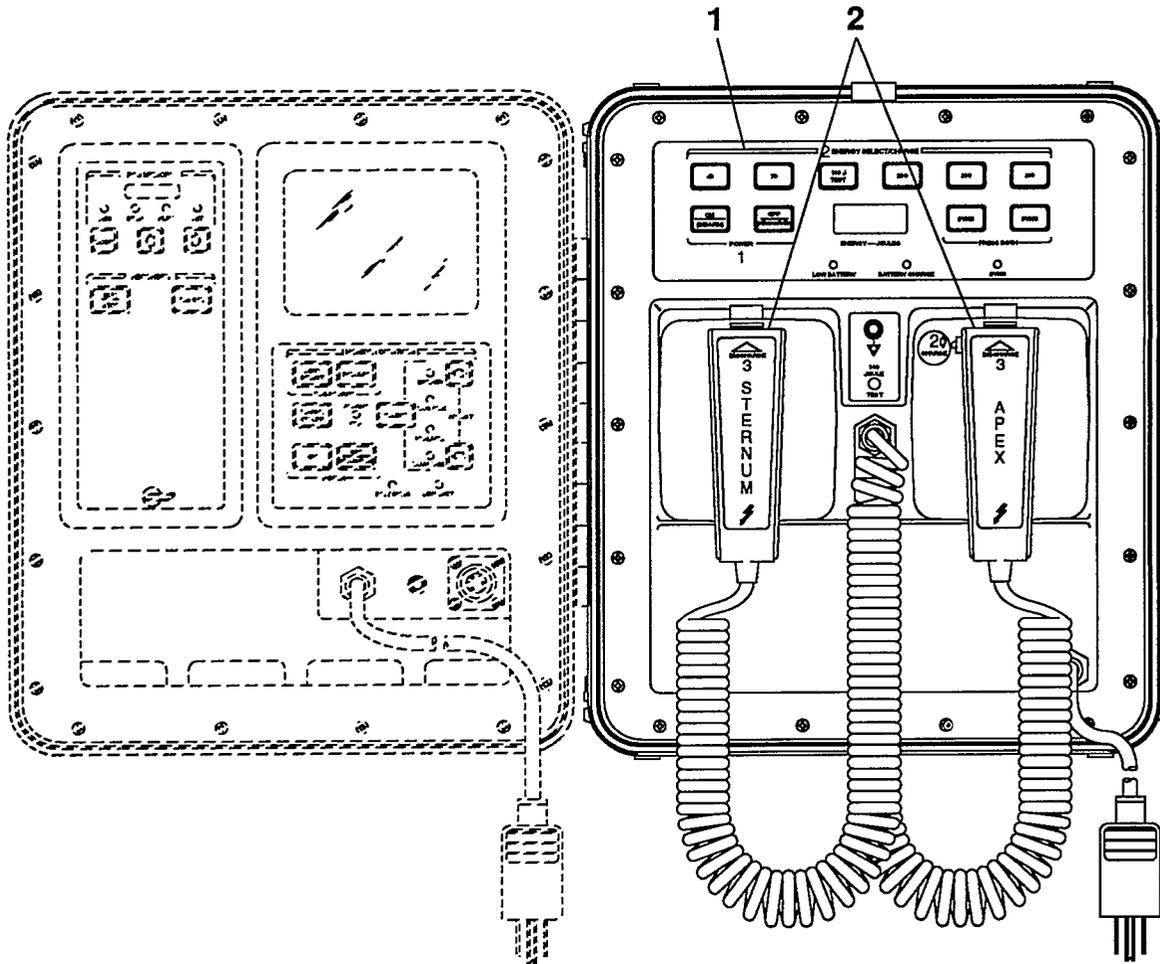
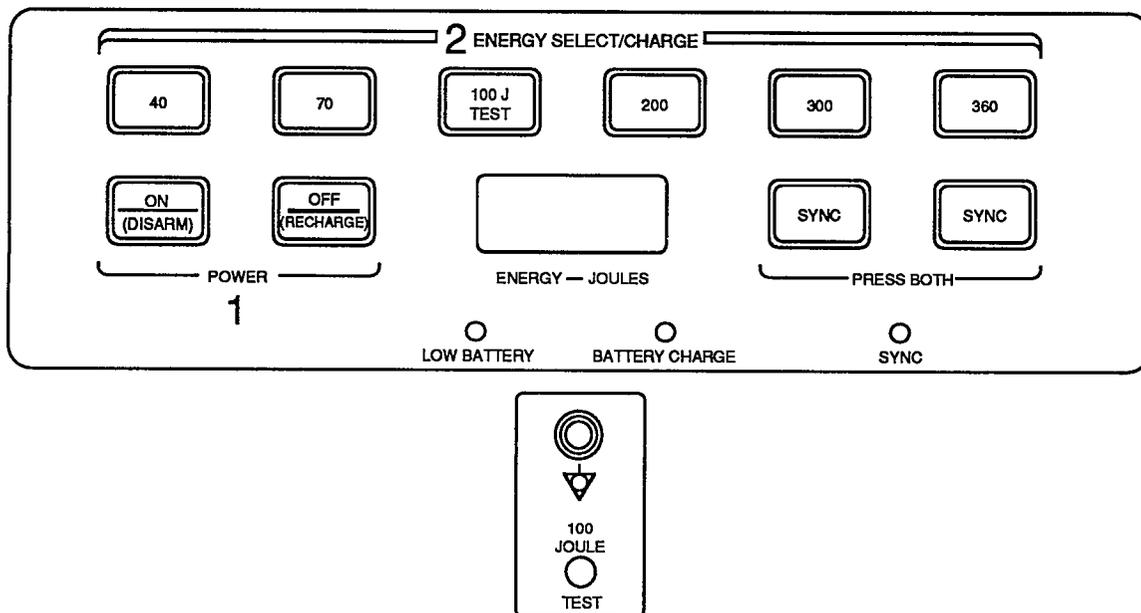


Figure 6. Defibrillator Controls and Indicators

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS



1. PANEL CONTROLS

POWER ON/DISARM key: Dual function key.

- Turns the Defibrillator module on. All the LED indicators will light and a tone will sound for approximately one second. If AC power cord is connected to AC source, module will operate on AC. If AC power cord is not connected, module will operate on internal battery.
- When defibrillator is charged or charging, pressing key will cause Defibrillator to disarm (discharge internally). If a Monitor-Recorder module is properly connected, the stripchart recorder will automatically begin a 10 second run.

Simultaneously pressing the ON/DISARM and right-hand SYNC key causes the battery voltage to be shown on the ENERGY-JOULES display.

POWER OFF/RECHARGE key: Turns the Defibrillator module off. The defibrillator will internally discharge any stored energy when key is pressed. If AC power cord is connected to AC source, BATTERY CHARGE indicator will illuminate and internal battery will charge.

ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE keys: Selects the energy level (40, 70, 100J/TEST, 200, 300, 360 Joules) and starts the defibrillator charge sequence. Continues charging until specified level is reached; DISARM key is pressed; or OFF/RECHARGE key is pressed. The ENERGY-JOULES display shows charge level and tone sounds when fully charged.

50 seconds after charging is completed tone will beep indicating that the energy will be dumped internally after another 10 seconds if an external discharge is not performed. If a Monitor-Recorder module is properly connected, the stripchart recorder will automatically begin a 60 second run.

SYNC keys: Used to enter or exit the synchronized cardioversion mode. Both keys must be pressed simultaneously. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Monitor-Recorder module.

- **SYNC MODE OFF:** When keys are pressed, the SYNC LED will light, SYNC mode will be entered, and SYNC will be displayed on the CRT (Monitor-Recorder module).
- **SYNC MODE ON:** When keys are pressed, the SYNC LED will go out, SYNC mode will be exited, and CRT (Monitor-Recorder module) will no longer display SYNC.

If SYNC is selected and a Monitor-Recorder module is not properly connected, SYNC mode will not be entered, the SYNC LED will flash briefly, and the ENERGY-JOULES display will flash the error message "EEE".

Simultaneously pressing the ON/DISARM and right-hand SYNC keys causes the battery voltage to be shown on the ENERGY-JOULES display.

ENERGY-JOULES DISPLAY: Three digit green numeric display provides operator information about Defibrillator status.

- At turn-on, display will alternately flash "HP" and "888", and then display "0".
- When the ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE keys are pressed, the display will count up as the defibrillator is charged, and then display the final energy level reached when charging is complete. Level is displayed in Joules delivered to a 50Ω load.
- When the DISARM key is pressed (defibrillator charged), the display will count down as the defibrillator is internally discharged.
- Displays "EEE" when sync mode is selected without a Monitor Module connected.
- Displays "E2 through E8" to indicate a hardware failure. Record error indication and notify service personnel.
- Displays internal battery voltage when the ON/DISARM and right-hand SYNC keys are pressed simultaneously.

LOW BATT INDICATOR: When red LED is on, indicates that the battery operation time is running low. A minimum of 5 full energy discharges remain when the indicator first lights.

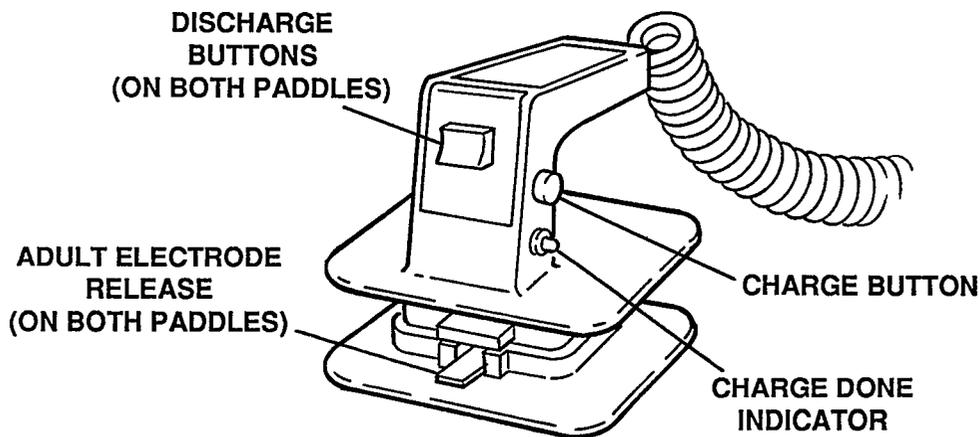
Simultaneously pressing the ON/DISARM and right-hand SYNC keys causes the battery voltage to be shown on the ENERGY-JOULES display.

BATTERY CHARGE INDICATOR: When green LED is on, indicates that the module is connected to an AC power source and that the internal battery is charging. Will remain on with POWER ON/OFF in any position.

SYNC INDICATOR: When amber LED is on, indicates defibrillator is in the synchronized mode. When in synchronized mode, amber LED flashes off with each detected R wave. SYNC operation requires a properly connected, functional Monitor-Recorder module.

TEST INDICATOR: Neon lamp, located between the paddle storage/test wells, flashes when at least 100 Joules is discharged into the internal 50Ω test load.

2 OPERATING CONTROLS and INDICATORS



2. PADDLE CONTROLS

CHARGE button: Starts the defibrillator charge sequence.

- If pressed for the first charge request since power up, will charge to 200 Joules.
- If pressed for the second or more charge request since power up, will charge to the previously selected energy level.

Continues charging until previously selected energy level is reached (or 200 Joules if first since turn-on); DISARM key is pressed; or OFF/RECHARGE key is pressed. The ENERGY-JOULES display shows charge level and tone sounds when fully charged. 50 seconds after charging is completed tone will beep indicating that the energy will be dumped internally after another 10 seconds if no external discharge is performed. If a Monitor-Recorder module is properly connected, the stripchart recorder will automatically begin a 60 second run.

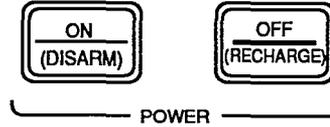
DISCHARGE buttons: Two buttons (one on each paddle) pressed simultaneously delivers a countershock through the paddles. If paddles are in defibrillator well, energy is discharged internally. In SYNC (synchronous cardioversion) mode, the two buttons must be depressed and held until the next detected R wave causes the Defibrillator module to fire.

CHARGE DONE INDICATOR: When red LED is on, indicates that the defibrillator is completely charged to the selected level. In addition, a charge done tone sounds continuously when charging is complete, and the available energy is displayed on the numeric ENERGY-JOULES display.

ADULT ELECTRODE RELEASE: Used to release the adult electrode, revealing the child/small adult electrode. Depress and slide off in one motion to remove.

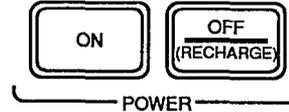
TURN ON DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE POWER

Press the POWER ON key. Verify all indicators light and a tone sounds for one second. Verify the ENERGY-JOULES display flashes "HP" and "888", then displays "0".



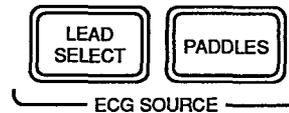
TURN ON MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

Press the POWER ON key. Verify all indicators light and a tone sounds for one second. Verify the CRT screen display flashes "READY", and displays "O P" and a moving trace.



SELECT ECG SOURCE

- To immediately view the ECG, apply the paddle electrodes to the patient's chest.
- For better quality ECG, connect the patient leads and press LEAD SELECT key until desired lead and the ECG are displayed on the CRT screen.



PREPARE PADDLES

- Remove the paddles from their holders by grasping the handles, tilting up, and pull away.
- If small adult/child electrodes are needed, depress release button and remove adult electrodes.



3 EMERGENCY DEFIBRILLATION PROCEDURES

PREPARE PADDLES — Continued

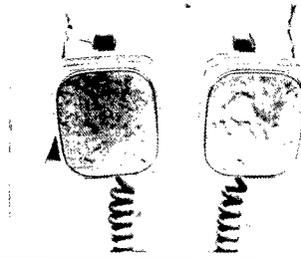
- Apply a liberal amount of Redux® paste (P/N 651-1008) to the electrode surface of each paddle.

WARNINGS

Handguards around the paddles prevent shock to the operator. TO AVOID RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK TO THE OPERATOR DURING DISCHARGE, DO NOT ALLOW PASTE TO ACCUMULATE ON THE HANDS OR THE PADDLE HANDLES.

Do not use Redux gel (P/N 651-1024) on defibrillator paddles.

- Gently rub the electrode surfaces together to evenly distribute the applied paste.



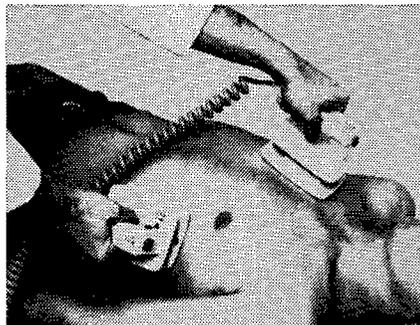
APPLY PADDLES TO CHEST

- Apply the paddles firmly to the anterior wall of the chest. The STERNUM paddle should be placed to the right of the sternum just below the clavicle; the APEX paddle should be placed on the chest wall, just below and to the left of the left nipple, in the anterior-axillary line.
- Rub the paddles slightly against the skin to maximize the paddle-to-patient contact.

WARNING

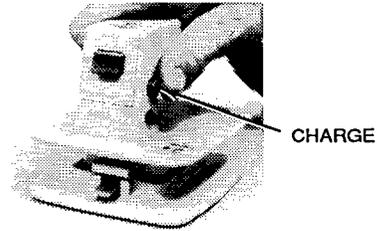
DO NOT ALLOW PASTE TO ACCUMULATE BETWEEN THE PADDLE ELECTRODES ON THE CHEST WALL AS THIS COULD CAUSE BURNS.

- If PADDLES ECG is used, keep the paddles still to minimize motion artifact on the monitor.
- Recommended applied pressure is 10-12 kg (22-25 lbs) per paddle.



CHARGE DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE

- If 200 Joules is desired, press the Apex paddle CHARGE button.
- If a different setting is needed, press the correct Defibrillator module control panel ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE key.



NOTES

For subsequent discharges, the Apex paddle CHARGE button will initiate charging to the most recently selected energy level.

Pressing a charge switch will initiate an automatic stripchart recorder run and will automatically annotate a CHARGE message.

- When charging is completed a tone will sound, the CHARGE DONE INDICATOR on the Apex paddle will light, and the ENERGY-JOULES display will indicate the available energy.

NOTES

To Disarm a charged defibrillator if a countershock is not needed, press the ON/DISARM key.

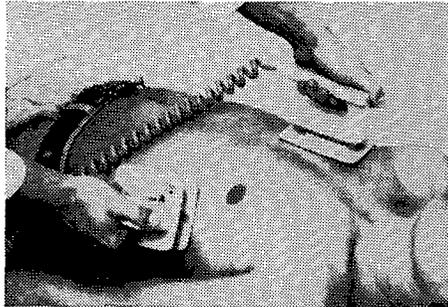
- As a safety feature, the Defibrillator module will internally dump the selected energy if not discharged within 60 seconds. The steady tone will change to a beep 10 seconds before this occurs. The RECORDER will automatically annotate the message DISARM if this occurs.
- To change a selected energy level at any time, press the desired ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE key and wait for the steady tone to sound.



3 EMERGENCY DEFIBRILLATION PROCEDURES

DISCHARGE

- Verify that no one is in contact with the patient, monitoring cable or leads, bed rails, or any other potential current pathway.
- Call out "CLEAR" to alert other personnel to stand clear of the patient.
- Press and briefly hold both DISCHARGE buttons (one on each paddle) simultaneously, to deliver energy to the patient.



NOTES

The stripchart recorder will stop automatically 10 seconds after discharge and will automatically annotate a DISCHARGE message.

The ECG MEMORY will record session (if less than 30 minutes).

If the defibrillator does not discharge, press the CHARGE button again, wait for the steady tone, and press the DISCHARGE buttons again. If it still will not discharge, press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE button, and use a back-up defibrillator. Alert appropriate service personnel as soon as possible, and save any generated recorder strips for later evaluation.

AFTER USE

- Press both the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder POWER OFF/RECHARGE keys.
- Return the instrument to its storage location, and plug the power cord into an AC power outlet. Verify that the BATTERY CHARGE indicators on both modules light.
- Clean all paddles, controls, and cables as necessary.
- Check that adequate recorder paper and electrolyte paste are available for the next use.

The Monitor-Recorder module can be used for either short-term or long-term cardiac monitoring. A fully charged battery pack provides a minimum of 4 hours of continuous monitoring. The power cord may be connected to AC power at any time for indefinite periods of monitoring.

The Monitor-Recorder module has built-in protection circuitry to allow patient monitoring to continue during a defibrillation attempt. Monitoring electrodes may become polarized during defibrillation discharge, causing the ECG waveform to briefly disappear from the display. The use of silver-silver chloride electrodes will minimize this effect, and circuitry in the unit will return the trace to the monitor display within a few seconds.

ECG monitoring may be accomplished through the paddle electrodes, however this is typically done only for emergency evaluation of patient condition, when electrode leads are not attached to the patient. Note that the Defibrillator module power must be on to monitor ECG through the paddles. Paddles as the ECG SOURCE is NOT recommended for use during elective cardioversion procedures with the instrument in synchronous (SYNC) mode. (See section 5 for detailed information on Elective Cardioversion.)

PREPARATION FOR ECG MONITORING

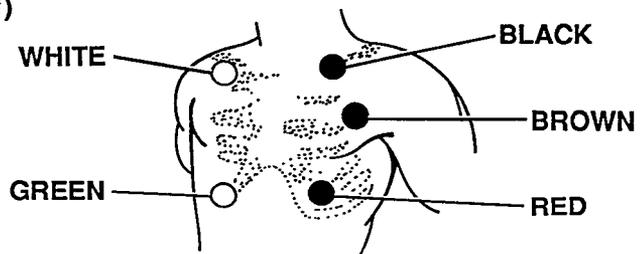
Proper application and placement of electrodes is essential for quality ECG monitoring. Good contact between the electrode and skin minimizes the effects of motion artifact and signal interference.

FIVE-LEAD CABLE ELECTRODE PLACEMENT

- RA/White electrode: Place near right midclavicular line, directly below clavicle.
- LA/Black electrode: Place near left midclavicular line, directly below clavicle.
- LL/Red electrode: Place between 6th and 7th intercostal space on left midclavicular line.
- RL/Green electrode: Place between 6th and 7th intercostal space on right midclavicular line.
- C/Brown electrode: Chest or V position (V1 - V6).

LEAD CONFIGURATION

LEAD	(+)	(-)	(ref)
I	LA	RA	RL
II	LL	RA	RL
III	LL	LA	RL
aVR	RA	(LA+LL)+2	RL
aVL	LA	(RA+LL)+2	RL
aVF	LL	(RA+LA)+2	RL
V	C	(RA+LA+LL)+3	RL

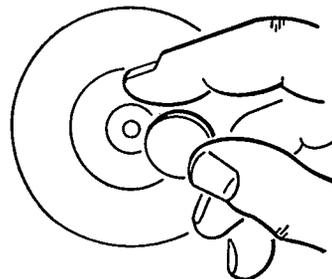


If necessary, shave hair from application site to ensure good electrode to skin contact. Cleaning the skin with soap and water and/or alcohol, and wiping dry is also helpful.

4 ECG MONITORING

ATTACHING DISPOSABLE ELECTRODES

- Peel the protective backing from the electrode. Be careful to keep adhesive surface free from electrolyte paste.
- Apply the electrodes firmly to the patient's skin, pressing around the entire perimeter of the electrode.
- Attach snap-on, assuring good contact between the electrode and the lead termination. Tape the lead wire to nearby skin to avoid loosening of the electrode and/or lead.
- Plug the patient cable connector into the electrode lead connector (located on front right of instrument, recessed in the storage pocket).



SETTING THE CONTROLS

Press the Monitor-Recorder module POWER ON key. Verify all indicators light and a tone sounds for one second. Verify the CRT screen display flashes "READY", and displays "NO DEFIB", "O P" and a moving trace.

- Press the LEAD SELECT key until the desired lead (I, II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, or V) is selected (displayed on the CRT screen).

NOTE

If paddles are used as the ECG SOURCE, press Defibrillator module POWER ON key. Verify Monitor-Recorder "NO DEFIB" message is no longer displayed on the CRT. Press PADDLES key and verify the CRT displays a "P". Use paddles as ECG SOURCE.

Adjust the following controls as required.

- BEEPER volume. Defaults to mid-range. Use SELECT key and UP or DOWN arrow keys to adjust volume to desired level.
- ECG SIZE. Defaults to AUTOGAIN (size automatically adjusted to detect ECG R wave). Use SELECT key and UP or DOWN arrow keys to adjust ECG SIZE to desired level.
- Heart Rate ALARM. Defaults to ALARMS OFF with rates preset to 40 bpm (LO) and 140 bpm (HI). Use SELECT key and UP or DOWN arrow keys to adjust LO and HI ALARM rates to desired level. TO activate Heart Rate Alarms, press the ALARMS ON/OFF key until ALARMS OFF indicator is off.
- ECG MEMORY. Defaults 25 minutes post-alarm and 5 minutes pre-alarm time and begins REcording when power is turned ON. Use MODE key to select:
 - STOP mode to end recording or playback.
 - PLAY mode to view recorded material.
 - SET mode to change post alarm settings.
 - REC mode to resume recording.

Certain arrhythmias require synchronizing defibrillator discharge with the ECG R wave to avoid inducing ventricular fibrillation. This capability is provided with the Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder by using SYNC mode. When the paddle discharge buttons are pressed in SYNC mode, the unit will discharge on the next detected R wave, thus avoiding the vulnerable T wave segment of the cardiac cycle.

When the Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder is in SYNC mode for synchronized cardioversion, a marker pulse is superimposed on the ECG as it appears on the CRT screen to indicate the point in the cardiac cycle where the discharge will occur. This marker appears as a bright dot on the ECG waveform on the CRT screen, and a short line in the margin of the recorder strip above the ECG waveform.

PATIENT PREPARATION

- Prepare patient as described in Section 4, ECG Monitoring.

ATTACHING DISPOSABLE ELECTRODES

- Connect leads as described in Section 4, ECG Monitoring.

SETTING THE CONTROLS

- Press the Monitor-Recorder module POWER ON key. Verify all indicators light and a tone sounds for one second. Verify the CRT screen displays flashes "READY", and displays "O P" and a moving trace.
- Press the Defibrillator module POWER ON key. Verify all indicators light and a tone sounds for one second. Verify the ENERGY-JOULES display flashes "HP" and "888", then displays "0".
- Press the Monitor-Recorder module ECG SELECT key until the desired lead is displayed on the CRT screen. (Lead II usually yields the best ECG for R wave detection.)
- Press **both** Defibrillator module SYNC keys simultaneously and verify the SYNC indicator lights and the Monitor-Recorder module displays "SYNC" on the CRT screen.

NOTES

If PADDLES are selected as the ECG source, the Monitor-Recorder will flash the message "USE LEADS" to remind the operator that recommended procedure is to USE LEADS DURING SYNC MODE. In either case, the ECG source must be properly attached to the patient, or incorrect ECG data may be obtained resulting in improper operation.

Verify that the Monitor is displaying real time and not recorded information. The CRT screen should display SYNC (not PLAYBACK) in the lower left corner, and the ECG MEMORY indicator should be on REC, STOP, or SET.

5 ELECTIVE CARADIOVERSION

SETTING THE CONTROLS — Continued

- Always inspect the displayed ECG before delivering the countershock. Verify that a marker pulse (indicating discharge point) appears only with each R wave. The marker pulse is a bright dot on the CRT screen or a short line in the margin of the recorder strip. In addition, the SYNC indicator on the Defibrillator module will blink off with each detected R wave.

Should a marker pulse not appear, or if a marker pulse is viewed on the T wave segment of the ECG:

1. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator lights, and use UP/DOWN ARROW keys to adjust the ECG SIZE until the marker pulse appears only with each R wave.
2. Select a different lead or adjust electrode placement to improve ECG R wave quality.
3. If the indication is still incorrect, do not use the instrument for synchronized cardioversion.

VERIFY DEFIBRILLATOR OPERATION BEFORE PROCEEDING

Perform the following brief test to ensure proper defibrillator performance:

- Verify that the adult paddle electrodes are installed.
- Leaving the paddles in their holders, press the ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE 100 J/TEST key. Wait for the steady tone to sound and the energy display to indicate "100" Joules.
- With the paddles pressed firmly into their holders, press and hold both discharge buttons simultaneously. Verify the defibrillator discharges with the next detected R-wave and the neon TEST light located in the storage pocket between the two paddles flashes.

PREPARE PADDLES

- Remove the paddles from their holders.
- Apply a liberal amount of Redux® paste (P/N 651-1008) to the electrode surface of each paddle.

WARNING

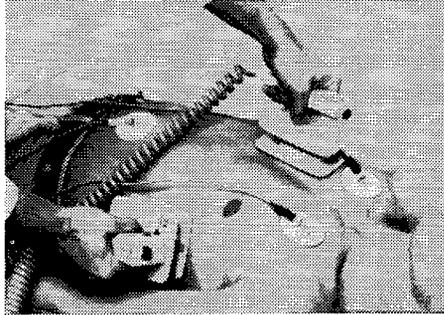
Handguards around the paddles prevent shock to the operator. TO AVOID RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK TO THE OPERATOR DURING DISCHARGE, DO NOT ALLOW PASTE TO ACCUMULATE ON THE HANDS OR THE PADDLE HANDLES.

Do not use Redux gel (P/N 651-1024) on defibrillator paddles.

- Gently rub the electrode surfaces together to evenly distribute the applied paste.

APPLY PADDLES TO CHEST

- Apply the paddles firmly to the anterior wall of the chest. The STERNUM paddle should be placed to the right of the sternum just below the clavicle; the APEX paddle should be placed on the chest wall, just below and to the left of the left nipple, in the anterior-axillary line.



- Rub the paddles slightly against the skin to maximize the paddle-to-patient contact.

WARNING

DO NOT ALLOW PASTE TO ACCUMULATE BETWEEN THE PADDLE ELECTRODES ON THE CHEST WALL AS THIS COULD CAUSE BURNS.

- If PADDLES are used as the ECG signal source, keep them as still as possible to minimize motion artifact.

NOTE

Use of the patient cable is recommended to avoid unintended synchronization on paddle motion artifact. In either case, the ECG source must be properly attached to the patient, or incorrect ECG data may be obtained resulting in improper operation.

- Recommended applied pressure is 10-12 kg (22-25 lbs) per paddle.

5 ELECTIVE CARADIOVERSION

CHARGE DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE

- If 200 Joules is desired, press the Apex paddle CHARGE button. If a different setting is needed, press the correct Defibrillator module control panel ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE key.

NOTES

For subsequent discharges, the Apex paddle CHARGE button will initiate charging to the most recently selected energy level.

Pressing a charge switch will initiate an automatic stripchart recorder run and will automatically annotate a CHARGE message.

- When charging is completed a tone will sound, the CHARGE DONE INDICATOR on the Apex paddle will light, and the ENERGY-JOULES display will indicate the available energy.

NOTE

To Disarm a charged defibrillator if a countershock is not needed, press the ON/DISARM key.

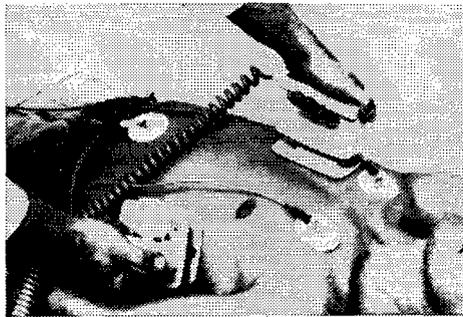
- As a safety feature, the Defibrillator module will internally dump the selected energy if not discharged within 60 seconds. The steady tone will change to a beep 10 seconds before this occurs. The RECORDER will automatically annotate the message DISARM if this occurs.
- To change a selected energy level at any time, press the desired ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE key and wait for the steady tone to sound.

DISCHARGE

- Verify that the ECG waveform is stable, and that a marker pulse appears **ONLY** with each R wave of the cardiac cycle.
- Verify that no one is in contact with the patient, monitoring cable or leads, bed rails, or any other potential current pathway.
- Call out "CLEAR" to alert other personnel to stand clear of the patient.
- Press and hold both DISCHARGE buttons (one on each paddle) simultaneously. Energy will be delivered to the patient on the next detected R-wave.

NOTE

If SYNC is lost before discharge occurs, the CRT screen will display SYNC LOST and the defibrillator will discharge internally.



- If additional countershocks are required, re-select SYNC mode and ENERGY level as necessary, and repeat the above procedure.

NOTES

The stripchart recorder will stop automatically 10 seconds after discharge and will automatically annotate a DISCHARGE message.

The ECG MEMORY will record session (if less than 30 minutes).

If the defibrillator does not discharge, press the CHARGE button again, wait for the steady tone, and press the DISCHARGE buttons again. If it still will not discharge, press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE button, and use a back-up defibrillator. Alert appropriate service personnel as soon as possible, and save any generated recorder strips for later evaluation.

5 ELECTIVE CARADIOVERSION

AFTER USE

- Press both the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder POWER OFF/RECHARGE keys.
- Return the instrument to its storage location, and plug the power cord into an AC power outlet. Verify that the BATTERY CHARGE indicators on both modules light.
- Clean all paddles, controls, and cables as necessary.
- Check that adequate recorder paper and electrolyte paste are available for the next use.

MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE CHECKS

- Press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key. Plug the AC power cord into an available AC power outlet. Verify that the BATT CHRG indicator lights. Unplug the AC power cord.
- Press the POWER ON key, and verify that all indicators (except BATT CHRG) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the CRT momentarily displays "READY". Verify that the BEEPER, ALARMS OFF, and REC indicators are on, and that the CRT screen displays "0 P" and a moving trace.

NOTE

If the Defibrillator module is not connected or turned off, the CRT screen will also display "NO DEFIB".

- After a flat ECG signal has been present on the CRT display for four seconds, press the ALARMS ON/OFF key until the ALARMS OFF indicator turns off. Verify that with a flat ECG signal, the alarm tone sounds within four seconds and the stripchart recorder starts and prints "ALARM" in the margin.
- Press ALARMS ON/OFF key and verify the ALARMS OFF indicator turns on and the alarm tone quits. After approximately 10 seconds, verify, the stripchart recorder stops.
- Press the ECG SOURCE LEAD SELECT key as required, and verify that the CRT screen displays "II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, V, and I".
- Press the PADDLES key and verify the CRT screen displays "P".

NOTE

If the Defibrillator module is not connected or turned off, the Monitor-Recorder CRT screen will display "NO DEFIB".

- Press the SELECT key until the HI ALARM indicator lights. Verify the CRT displays 40 and 140 with the 140 flashing. Use UP/DOWN arrows and verify the 140 increases and decreases. Reset to 140.
- Press the SELECT key until the LO ALARM indicator lights. Verify the CRT displays 40 and 140 with the 40 flashing. Use the UP/DOWN arrows and verify the 40 increases and decreases. Reset to 40. Press the SELECT key until the BEEPER indicator lights.
- Press the RUN/STOP key and verify the stripchart recorder starts. Verify the ECG wave is the same as on the CRT screen, and that the margin annotates heart rate (HR 0), ECG source (PADDLES), and ECG gain (AUTO GAIN 40 mm/mV).
- Press the 1mV CAL key and verify that a pulse is generated on both the CRT and stripchart recorder. Press the RUN/STOP key and verify the stripchart recorder stops.
- Press the ECG MEMORY MODE key until the PLAY indicator lights. Verify that the message "PLAYBACK" appears on the CRT screen. Use the LEFT and RIGHT ARROW button to scan through ECG memory and find the messages "PLAY BEGIN", "PLAY ALARM", and "PLAY END".
- Press the ECG MEMORY MODE key until the STOP indicator lights and verify the CRT screen momentarily displays "STOP".

6 CHECKOUT PROCEDURE

MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE CHECKS — Continued

- Press the SELECT key until the BEEPER indicator lights. Press and hold both the UP and DOWN arrow keys and verify the CRT screen displays battery voltage between 11.2- 14.3 volts nominally.
- Verify that there are adequate accessories (lead set, paper, gel, electrodes, etc) stored with the instrument.

DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE CHECKS

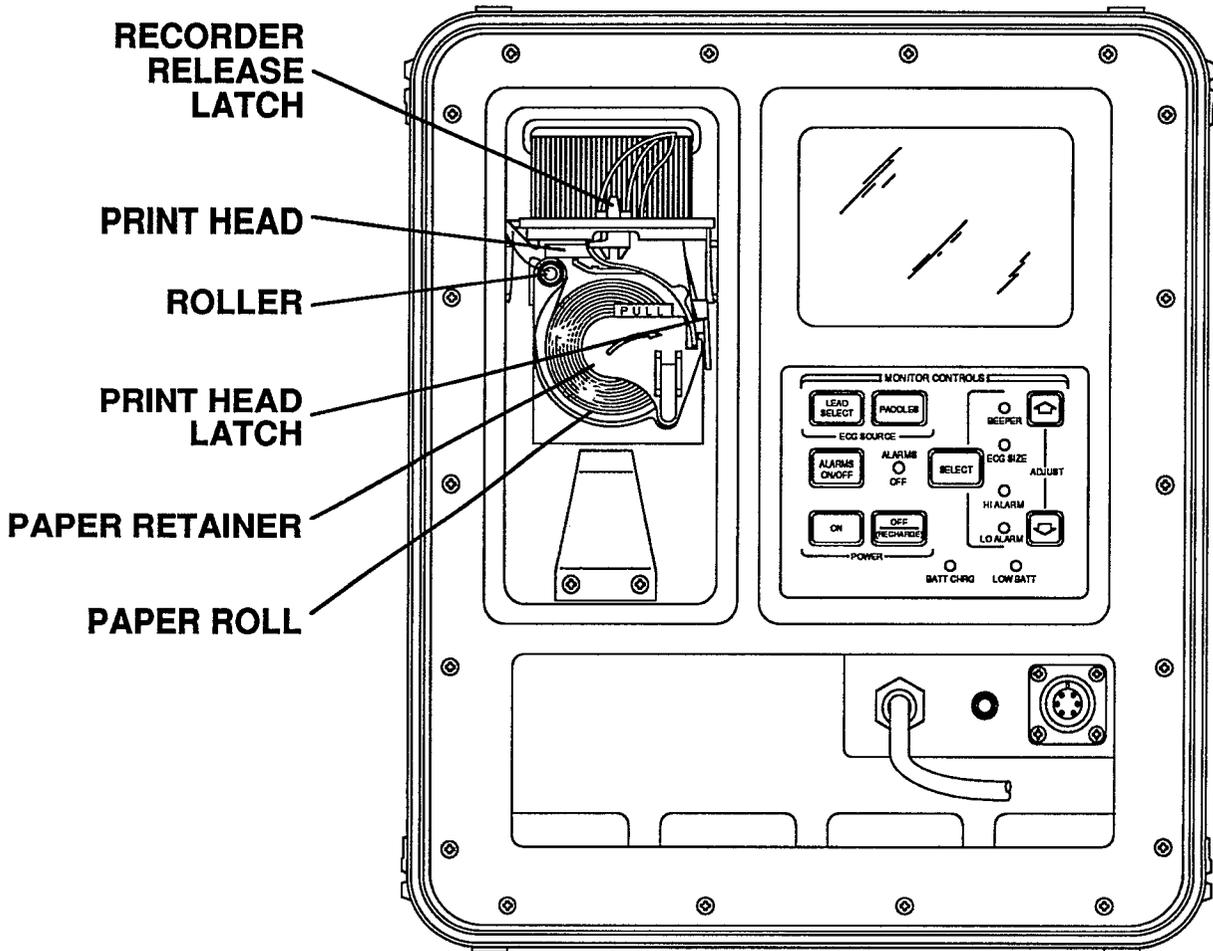
- Press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key. Plug the AC power cord into an available AC power outlet. Verify that the BATTERY CHARGE indicator lights. Unplug the AC power cord.
- Press the POWER ON/DISARM key, and verify that all indicators (except BATTERY CHARGE) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the ENERGY-JOULES display alternately flashes "HP" and "888", then displays "0".
- Press both SYNC keys simultaneously and verify the SYNC indicator lights, and "SYNC" - "USE LEADS" is displayed on the Monitor-Recorder module CRT screen.
- Press both SYNC keys again and verify the SYNC indicator goes out and the Recorder module CRT screen no longer displays "SYNC".

NOTE

If a Monitor-Recorder is not properly connected or turned on, SYNC indicator will flash once and the ENERGY-JOULES display will flash "EEE".

- Verify that the adult paddle electrodes are installed.
- Leaving the paddles in their holders, press the ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE 100J/TEST key. Verify the ENERGY-JOULES display starts counting and the Monitor-Recorder stripchart recorder starts and prints "CHARGE" in the margin. Wait for the steady tone to sound and verify the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates "100".
- With the paddles pressed firmly into their holders, simultaneously press and briefly hold both discharge buttons. Verify the neon TEST light flashes, the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates "0". and stripchart recorder prints "DISCHARGE" in the margin.
- Press the ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE 40 key and wait for the steady tone. Verify the ENERGY-JOULES display starts counting and the Monitor-Recorder stripchart recorder starts and prints "CHARGE" in the margin. Wait for the steady tone to sound and verify the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates "40".
- Press the ON/DISARM key and verify the ENERGY-JOULES display starts counting back to 0 and the Monitor-Recorder stripchart recorder prints "DISARM" in the margin.
- Press and hold the ON/DISARM and the right-hand SYNC keys and verify the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates battery voltage between 11.2-14.3 volts nominally.
- Press the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules POWER OFF/RECHARGE keys.

CHANGING RECORDER PAPER



- Press the Monitor-Recorder module POWER OFF/RECHARGE key.
- Turn the recorder release latch and lift the recorder mechanism to its fully open, latched position (as illustrated).
- Pull down on the printhead latch (right side) mechanism until it locks in the unloaded position (down).
- Grasp and pull the paper retainer toward you and rotate it out of the way.
- Remove the empty or low paper roll from the spindle.
- Place a new roll of thermal paper (one roll of HP part number 40453A) on the spindle with the paper wound clockwise and feed between the roller and printhead (paper grid faces up).
- Rotate the paper retainer until it is centered over the paper spool and spindle and allow it to fall into position over the paper spool.
- Unlock the printhead mechanism back on to the paper and roller.
- Close the recorder door and turn the recorder door latch.

7 OPERATOR SERVICE

CLEANING THE RECORDER PRINTHEAD

The printhead should be cleaned after every three months of use, or when a buildup of carbon residue becomes excessive and causes poor print quality. If the print is light overall, also check that the proper paper is being used (HP 40453A).

- Open the recorder by turning the recorder release latch. Raise the recorder fully to allow access to the printhead.
- Pull down on the back of the printhead assembly to lock the printhead away from the roller and remove the paper roll.
- Dampen a cotton swab in alcohol and wipe the area of the printhead just above the roller until the carbon residue has been removed.
- Reinstall the paper roll and close the recorder door.

CLEANING EXTERIOR SURFACES

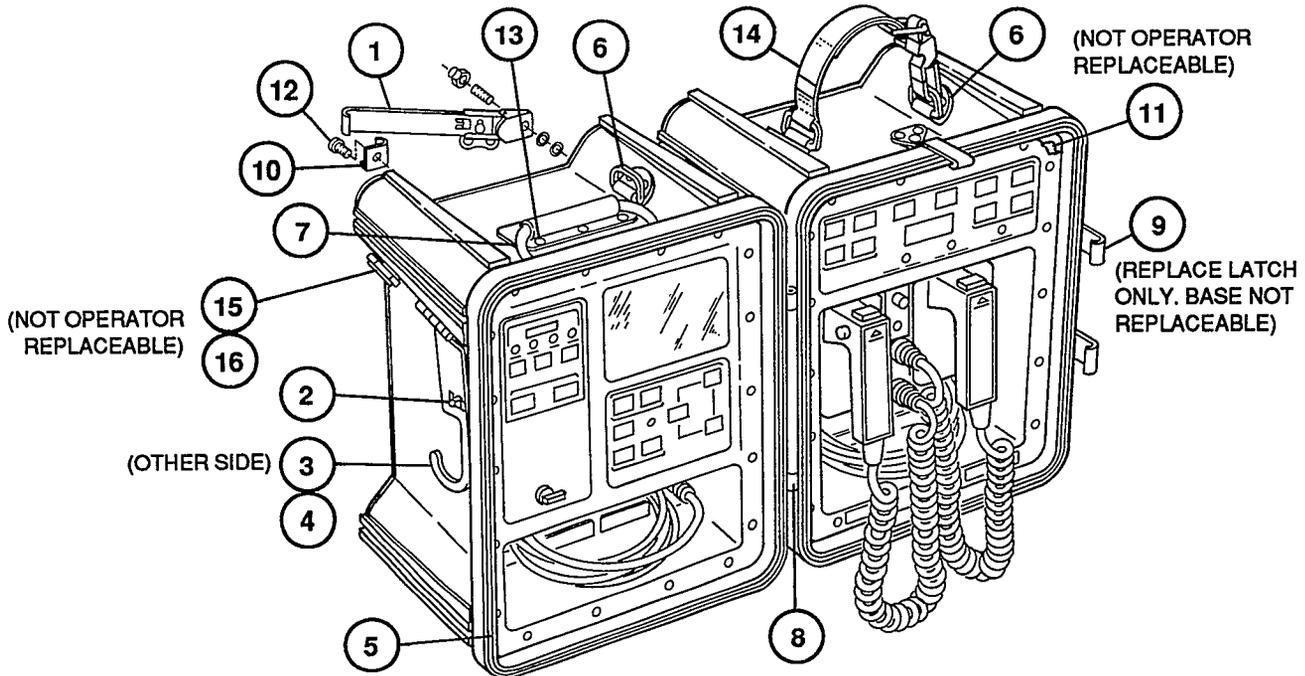
- The Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder and its accessories are chemically resistant to common hospital cleaning solutions and non-caustic detergents. Some approved cleaning solutions are:
 - Alcohol
 - Soap and water
 - Chlorine bleach (30ml/l water)
 - Ammonia-based household cleaners
- Keep the outside surface of the instrument clean and free of dust and dirt. Clean paddles thoroughly to prevent build-up of dried electrolyte.
- DO NOT allow any fluids to penetrate the instrument case, and avoid pouring fluid on the unit while cleaning.
- DO NOT use abrasive cleaners (i.e. steel wool, silver polish), or strong solvents such as acetone, or acetone-based compounds.
- Use care in cleaning the monitor screen; it is especially sensitive to rough handling and subject to scratching.
- DO NOT steam sterilize the monitoring leads, submerge them for prolonged periods, or heat them above 50°C. If metallic surfaces become oxidized, clean them with a very light abrasive (toothpaste works well.) DO NOT use highly abrasive cleaners (i.e. steel wool, silver polish).

REPLACING THE BATTERY ASSEMBLY

Installing or replacing a battery assembly requires that the modules be removed from the case. Refer the equipment to an appropriately trained service person if low battery capacity is suspected.

REPLACING THE CASE HARDWARE

All case hardware except the pressure relief value and panel gaskets can be replaced by the operator. Because the modules must be removed from the case, refer replacement of the pressure relief value and panel gaskets to an appropriately trained service person.



- Press the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder Modules POWER OFF/RECHARGE keys.
- All items removable with pozidrive screwdriver, nutdriver, and pliers. When replacing hardware torque as follows: Ball Studs (2) to 8-inch/lbs, No. 8 Screws to 12-inch/lbs, and the locknut to 10 to 12-inch/lbs.
- When removing Latch Q.T.Assembly (9), compress springs with pliers and remove. Only replaceable part is latch (base is not replaceable). Reposition new latch and replace springs.

7 OPERATOR SERVICE

43110MC Replaceable Case Parts

ITEM	DESCRIPTION	HP PART NUMBER	QTY
1	Back Latch Q.T.	43201-07502	1
2	Ball Stud	0510-1338	2
3	Bed Mount, Left	43201-07312	1
4	Bed Mount, Right	43201-07311	1
5	Case Gasket (53")	43201-07904	1
6	D Ring & Anchor	43201-47206	2
7	Handle	43201-07317	5
8	Hinge	43201-07401	1
9	Latch Q.T.Assembly	43201-07501	8
10	Latch Strike	43201-07500	2
11	Panel Gasket (13")	43201-07905	2
12	Screw,Machine 8-32 x 0.312	2510-0043	9
13	Screw,Machine 8-32 x 0.375	2510-0045	26
14	Strap Assembly	43201-67104	1
15	Valve Auto	43201-27900	1
16	Valve Cover	43201-47315	1

These checks are intended to briefly verify proper operation of the Defibrillator and Monitor-Recorder modules. A test routine incorporating these checks along with visual inspection for mechanical integrity of all cables, paddles, and controls should be performed regularly as indicated.

EVERY SHIFT

DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE

- With the unit connected to AC power, verify the "BATTERY CHARGE" indicator is on.
- Check for adult or defibrillator electrodes.

MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

- With the unit connected to AC power, verify the "BATT CHRG" indicator is on.
- Check for adequate thermal paper in the stripchart recorder.
- Check for presence of ECG leads, electrodes, and adequate Redux® electrolyte paste (P/N 651-1008).

EVERY WEEK

DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE

- Verify that the adult paddle electrodes are installed.
- Press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key. Plug the AC power cord into an available AC power outlet. Verify that the BATTERY CHARGE indicator lights. Unplug the AC power cord.
- Press the POWER ON/DISARM key, and verify that all indicators (except BATTERY CHARGE) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the ENERGY-JOULES display alternately flashes "HP" and "888", then displays "0".
- Leaving the paddles in their holders, press the ENERGY SELECT/CHARGE 100J/TEST key. Verify the ENERGY-JOULES display starts counting. Wait for the steady tone to sound and verify the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates "100".

NOTE

If the Monitor-Recorder module is connected and turned on, the stripchart recorder will start and print "CHARGE" in the margin.

8 OPERATIONAL CHECKS

EVERY WEEK — Continued

DEFIBRILLATOR MODULE — Continued

- With the paddles pressed firmly into their holders, simultaneously press and briefly hold both discharge buttons. Verify the neon TEST light flashes and the ENERGY-JOULES display indicates "0".

NOTES

If the Monitor-Recorder module is connected and turned on, the stripchart recorder will print "DISCHARGE" in the margin.

Failure to light the 100J test light may indicate that the defibrillator output is not capable of delivering the selected level to the patient.

- Repeat test with the paddle cables fully extended to verify the cables do not have broken wires or contacts.
- If any of the above steps are incorrect, notify service personnel.

NOTE

The above tests are no substitute to testing output levels using a calibrated energy measuring device. This instrument should be tested periodically to ensure the output is within specified limits (see service manual).

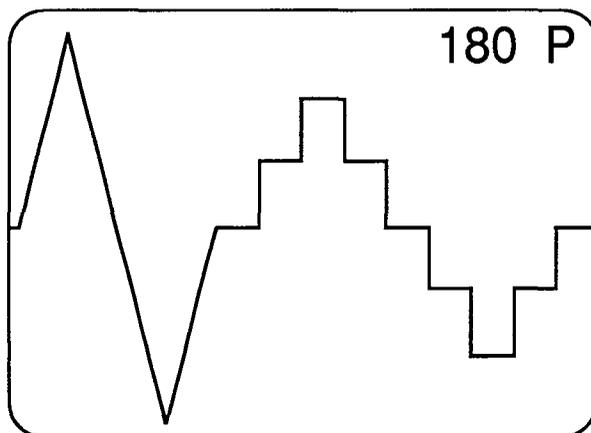
EVERY WEEK — Continued

MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

- Press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key. Plug the AC power cord into an available AC power outlet. Verify that the BATT CHRG indicator lights. Unplug the AC power cord.
- Press and hold LEFT and RIGHT arrow keys. While holding both arrow keys, press the POWER ON key, then immediately press the SELECT key. Verify that all indicators (except BATT CHRG) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the CRT momentarily displays "READY". Verify that the BEEPER, ALARMS OFF, and REC indicators are on, and that the CRT screen is as shown below.

NOTE

If the Defibrillator module is not connected or turned off, the CRT screen will also display "NO DEFIB".



- The Monitor-Recorder module is now in test mode. Verify that the triangle waveform extends to within 1 cm of the top and bottom edges of the CRT screen.

NOTE

Do not press the UP and DOWN ARROW keys simultaneously while in the Test Mode, as this will remove the test waveform and disable the normal operating messages.

- Press the RUN/STOP key and verify that printer starts and prints the waveform displayed on the CRT screen. Inspect the recorder waveform for uniformity and darkness. Press the RUN/STOP key again and verify that printer stops.
- Press the MODE key until the PLAY indicator lights. Verify that the message "PLAYBACK" appears on the CRT screen and that the same waveform is displayed.

8 OPERATIONAL CHECKS

EVERY WEEK — Continued

MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE — Continued

- Press the POWER OFF/RECHARGE key, then the POWER ON key. Verify that all indicators (except BATT CHRG) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the CRT momentarily displays "READY". Verify that the BEEPER, ALARMS OFF, and REC indicators are on.

NOTE

If the Defibrillator module is not connected or turned off, the CRT screen will also display "NO DEFIB".

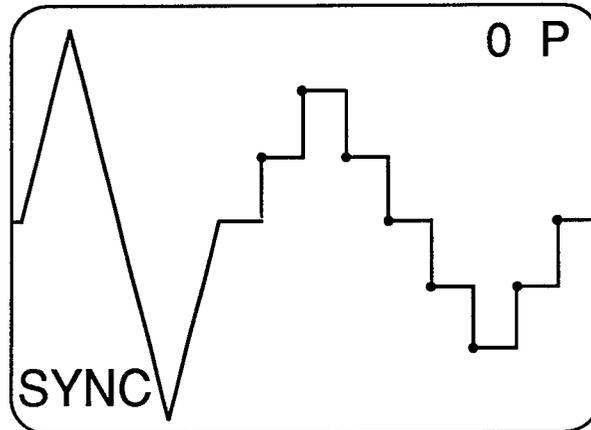
- Press the ALARMS ON/OFF key until the ALARMS OFF indicator turns off. Verify that with a flat ECG signal, the alarm tone sounds within four seconds and the stripchart recorder starts and prints "ALARM" in the margin.
- Press ALARMS ON/OFF key and verify the ALARMS OFF indicator turns on and the alarm tone quits. After approximately 10 seconds, verify, the stripchart recorder stops.
- If any of the above steps are incorrect, notify service personnel.

DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER SYSTEM

- Perform ALL the Defibrillator module and Monitor-Recorder module checks above.
- Press the Defibrillator module POWER OFF/RECHARGE key, then press the POWER ON/DISARM key. Verify that all indicators (except BATTERY CHARGE) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the ENERGY-JOULES display alternately flashes "HP" and "888", then displays "0".
- Press the Monitor-Recorder module POWER OFF/RECHARGE key. Press and hold the LEFT and RIGHT arrow keys. While holding both arrow keys, press the POWER ON key, then immediately press the SELECT key. Verify that all indicators (except BATT CHRG) light and a tone sounds for about one second, and the CRT momentarily displays "READY". Verify that the BEEPER, ALARMS OFF, and REC indicators are on.

EVERY WEEK — Continued**DEFIBRILLATOR/MONITOR-RECORDER SYSTEM — Continued**

- Press both Defibrillator module SYNC keys simultaneously and verify the SYNC indicator lights, and "SYNC" - "USE LEADS" is displayed on the Monitor-Recorder module CRT screen. Verify the CRT screen displayed waveform is as shown below with sync markers (dots) at each "step" in the step waveform.



- Press the Monitor-Recorder module RUN/STOP key and verify that printer starts and prints the waveform displayed on the CRT screen. Inspect the recorder waveform for uniformity and darkness and verify that a sync marker (line) appears above each "step" in the step waveform. Press the RUN/STOP key again and verify that printer stops.

NOTES

It is normal for the ramp portion of the waveform to be clipped on the top and bottom of the printed output.

It is normal for the vertical portion of the step waveform to be missing when it coincides exactly with the sync marker on the top margin of the printed output.

- Press the Monitor-Recorder module POWER OFF/RECHARGE key.
- Press the Defibrillator module POWER OFF/RECHARGE key.





For more information, call your local HP office or East (301) 948-6370 Midwest (312) 255-9800 South (404) 955-1500 West (213) 877-1282; or write: Hewlett-Packard, 1501 Page Mill Road, Palo Alto, California 94304. In Europe, Hewlett-Packard S.A., 7, rue du Bois-du-lan, P. O. Box CH-1217, Meyrin 2, Geneva, Switzerland. In Japan, Yokogawa-Hewlett-Packard Ltd., 29-21, Takaido-Higashi 3-chome, Suginami-ku, Tokyo 168.

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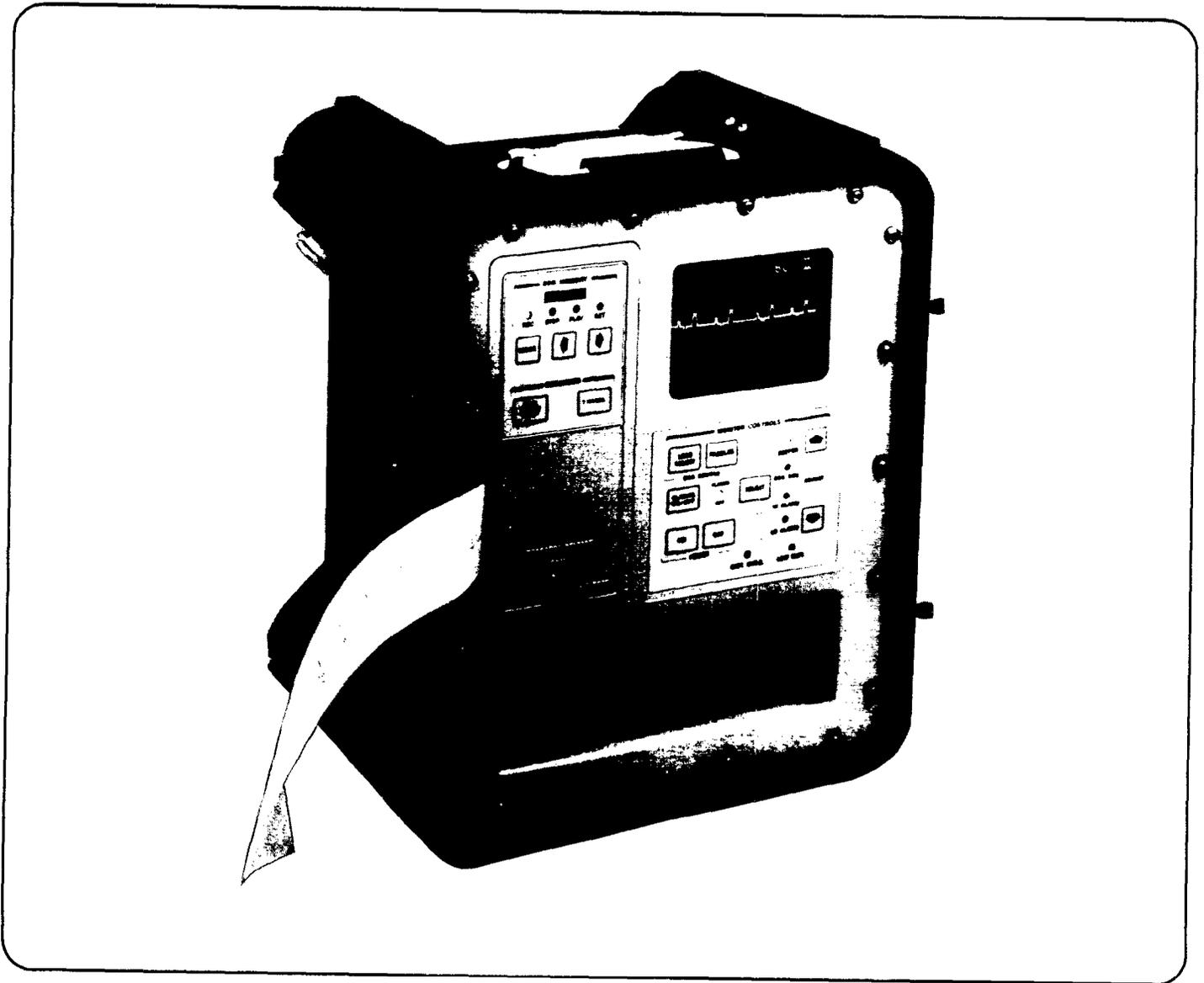
**43200M MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE
SERVICE MANUAL**

**43200M MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE
SERVICE MANUAL**



**HEWLETT
PACKARD**

43200M/MC/MD MONITOR- RECORDER MODULE



SERVICE MANUAL



WARRANTY

Hewlett-Packard (HP) warrants this medical product against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one (1) year from date of shipment.

If HP receives notices of such defects during the warranty period, HP shall at its option either repair or replace hardware products which prove to be defective.

PLACE OF PERFORMANCE

Defective hardware is to be shipped, freight prepaid, to:

Hewlett-Packard Company, McMinnville Division
1700 S. Baker St.
McMinnville, Oregon 97128

Attention DEPMEDS Warranty Services, Return Authorization #30001484

All warranty repairs will be performed by HP or by a subcontractor authorized by HP to act in its behalf.

Repaired hardware will be shipped, freight prepaid, to the specified CONUS location.

LIMITATION OF WARRANTY

The foregoing warranty shall not apply to defects resulting from:

- Improper or inadequate maintenance by users,
- Unauthorized modification or misuse, or
- Operation outside of the environmental specification for the product.

THE WARRANTY SET FORTH ABOVE IS EXCLUSIVE AND NO OTHER WARRANTY, WHETHER WRITTEN OR ORAL, IS EXPRESSED OR IMPLIED. HP SPECIFICALLY DISCLAIMS THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

LIMITATION OF REMEDIES AND LIABILITY

THE REMEDIES PROVIDED HEREIN ARE BUYER'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDIES IN NO EVENT SHALL HP BE LIABLE FOR DIRECT, INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING LOSS OF PROFITS) WHETHER BASED ON CONTRACT, TORT OR ANY OTHER LEGAL THEORY.

The foregoing limitation of liability shall not apply in the event that any HP product sold hereunder is determined by a court of competent jurisdiction to be defective and to have directly caused bodily injury, death or property damage; provided, that in no event shall HP's liability for property damage exceed the greater of \$50,000 or the purchase price of the specific product that caused such damage.

SAFETY

GENERAL

This module and related documentation must be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation.

SAFETY EARTH GROUND

An uninterruptible safety earth ground must be provided from the main power source to the individual instruments input wiring terminals, power cord, or supplied power cord set.

WARNINGS

Any interruption of the protective (grounding) conductor (inside or outside the instrument) or disconnecting the protective earth terminal will cause a potential shock hazard that could result in personal injury. (Grounding one conductor of a two conductor outlet is not sufficient protection.) In addition, verify that a common ground exists between the unit under test and this instrument prior to energizing either unit.

Whenever it is likely that the protection has been impaired, the instrument must be made inoperative and be secured against any unintended operation.

If this instrument is to be energized via an auto-transformer (for voltage reduction) make sure the common terminal is connected to neutral (that is, the grounded side of the mains supply).

Servicing instructions are for use by service-trained personnel only. To avoid dangerous electric shock, do not perform any servicing unless qualified to do so.

Adjustments described in the manual are performed with power supplied to the instrument while protective covers are removed. Energy available at many points may, if contacted, result in personal injury.

Capacitors inside the instrument may still be charged even if the instrument has been disconnected from its source of supply.

For continued protection against fire hazard, replace the fuse(s) only with 250V fuse(s) of the same current rating and type (for example, normal blow time, time delay, etc.). Do not use repaired fuses or short circuited fuseholders.

SAFETY SYMBOLS



Instruction manual symbol: The individual system instruments will be marked with this symbol when it is necessary for the user to refer to the instruction manual (see Table of Contents for page references).



Indicates hazardous voltages.



Indicates earth (ground) terminal.

WARNING

The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury. Do not proceed beyond a WARNING sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.

CAUTION

The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all of the system instruments. Do not proceed beyond a CAUTION sign until the indicated conditions are fully understood and met.



43200M/MC/MD MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

SERVICE MANUAL

PART NUMBER 43201-91909

This manual applies to instruments
beginning with serial number prefix 2942A.

First Edition

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McMINNVILLE DIVISION
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October 1989



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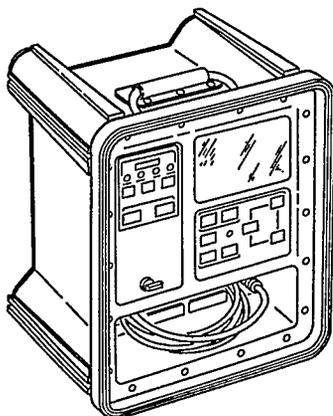






SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

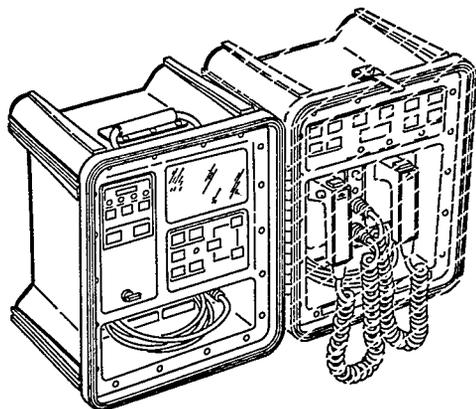
43200M



43200MC



43200MD



ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

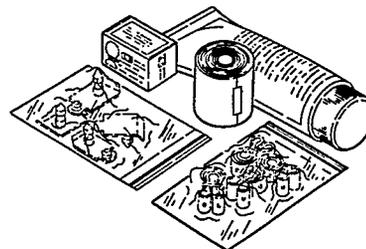
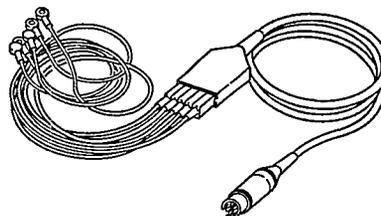


Figure 1-1. HP 43200M/MC/MD Accessories Supplied

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

1-1. INTRODUCTION

This Maintenance Service Manual provides the necessary maintenance instructions for the proper care and maintenance of the Hewlett-Packard model 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder module. Figure 1-1 shows an HP 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder module with all its externally supplied accessories.

The HP 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder Service Manual has seven sections:

- Section I, General Information.
- Section II, Theory.
- Section III, Checks and Adjustment.
- Section IV, Service.
- Section V, Troubleshooting.
- Section VI, Replaceable Parts.
- Section VII, Accessories and Options.

The 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder module Operating Guide (shipped separate) has six sections.

- Section 1, General Information.
- Section 2, Operating Controls and Indicators.
- Section 3, Emergency Defibrillation Procedures.
- Section 4, ECG Monitoring.
- Section 5, Elective Cardioversion.
- Section 6, Checkout Procedure.
- Section 7, Operator Service.
- Section 8, Operational Checks.

Additional copies of the Operating Guide or the Service Manual can be ordered separately through your nearest Hewlett-Packard office.

1-2. SPECIFICATIONS

Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) Section 1 for a complete list of specifications.

1-3. SAFETY CONSIDERATIONS

The Monitor-Recorder Module and all related documentation should be reviewed for familiarization with safety markings and instructions before operation. Refer to the Safety Considerations page found at the beginning of this manual for a summary of the safety information. Safety information for maintenance is found in appropriate places throughout this manual.

1-4. PUBLICATION CHANGE NOTICE

Publication change notices provide information necessary to update the manual. The notice is identified by the manual type and equipment model number.

1-5. DIFFERENCE IN MODELS

The HP 43200M series monitor recorder is available in three different configurations. All three configurations are functionally (electrically) the identical Monitor-Recorder module, but with different packaging as explained below.

- HP 43200M is a Monitor-Recorder module in a single case, without a front cover.
- HP 43200MC is a Monitor-Recorder module in a single case, with a front cover.
- HP 43200MD is a Monitor-Recorder module, shipped with the HP 43130M Defibrillator in a double connecting case, and designated the HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder.

Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) Section 1 for more information.

1-6. DESCRIPTION

The Monitor-Recorder module is a full-featured bedside cardiac monitor designed to offer instant access to vital patient information immediately after turn-on. Advanced design offers full automatic function to speed up rapid emergency use, with manual operator override capability provided.

One version (HP 43200MD), is designed to interconnect physically and functionally with the HP 43130M Defibrillator module for the purpose of performing synchronized cardioversion.

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) Section 1 for more information.

1-7. ACCESSORIES SUPPLIED

The accessories supplied with the Monitor-Recorder module are shown in Figure 1-1, and listed and illustrated in Section VII.

1-8. EQUIPMENT REQUIRED BUT NOT SUPPLIED

A Defibrillator module is required for the purpose of performing synchronized cardioversion and the ability to defibrillate the patient.

The HP 43200MD Monitor-Recorder module is designed to be used in conjunction with the HP 43130M Defibrillator Module, and when both are connected, they form the HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder system. Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) for more information.

1-9. RECOMMENDED TEST EQUIPMENT

Table 1-1 lists the test equipment recommended for testing, adjusting and servicing the Monitor-Recorder module. Essential requirements for each piece of test equipment are described in the

Critical Specifications column. Other equipment can be substituted if it meets or exceeds the critical specifications.

1-10. INITIAL INSPECTION

Carefully inspect each shipping container for damage. If the shipping container or cushion material is damaged, it should be kept until the contents have been checked for completeness and the instrument has been checked for mechanical and electrical integrity.

1-11. STORAGE AND SHIPMENT

1-12. Environment

Monitor-Recorder module should be stored in a clean, dry environment. The environmental limitations for both storage and shipment are as follows:

- Temperature -30 to +65°C
- Altitude 0 to 50,000 feet
- Humidity < 95% RH 40°C

1-13. Preparation for Storage

The Defibrillator module can be stored for long periods of time provided proper precautions are taken prior to and during storage. Procedures are provided below for both short term and long term storage.

Table 1-1. Recommended Test Equipment

Instrument Name	Critical Specifications	Recommended Model	Use*
DIGITAL MULTIMETER	5 to 15 Vdc ±1% measurements 0.1 to 10Ω ±2% measurements	HP 3468A	C/A/T
LOGIC PROBE	TTL/CMOS	HP 545A	T
OSCILLOSCOPE WITH PROBES	25MHz bandwidth, dual trace	HP 1740A	T
PATIENT ECG SIMULATOR	Output Level: 1 mV Range: 60 to 120 bpm normal sinus rhythm.	Dynatech Nevada ECG100	C
SAFETY ANALYZER	No substitute.	Dynatech Nevada 431F	C
SIGNAL GENERATOR	Sinewave, 1 to 5 Vp-p at 5 Hz	HP 8111A	A

* C= Checks, A=Adjustment, T=Troubleshooting

SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION

MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

- **SHORT TERM STORAGE** (less than 6 months):

1. Perform Operational Checks to verify unit is functioning. Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) Section 8 for information.
2. Connect unit to AC power for a minimum of 24 hours with POWER key set to OFF to fully charge battery.
3. Disconnect unit to AC power for a minimum of 24 hours. With AC power cord unplugged, verify battery voltage is >12.5 V. Refer to Perform Battery Voltage Check (Section III, paragraph A) for procedure. If battery voltage is incorrect, troubleshoot using Section V.
4. Remove Redux® gel, paste, cream, etc.
5. Remove thermal paper (in printer and storage compartment). Refer to HP 43110MC Defibrillator/Monitor-Recorder Operating Guide (HP part number 43201-91908) Section 7 for information. When taking paper out of printer, leave the print-head latch in the LOCKED position.
6. Thoroughly clean unit and accessories.

- **LONG TERM STORAGE** (more than 6 months):

1. Perform Short Term storage procedure listed above.
2. Remove the Battery Assembly BT1 (Section IV, paragraph 4-3).
3. Store Equipment and BT1 Battery Assembly separate as follows:

Equipment can be stored (without battery) in the environmental limits as listed above indefinitely. Mark package with storage date.

Battery should be stored at an optimum temperature of +5°C. Maintenance may have to be performed, depending on the length of time the BT1 Battery Assembly is in storage (see below). Mark package with storage date.

1-14. In Storage Maintenance

Battery Maintenance must be performed every five years (if stored at +5°C) as follows:

NOTE

If battery is stored in temperatures greater or less than +5°C, battery maintenance must be performed more often than every five years.

1. Charge battery (~14.3 Vdc float voltage) for a minimum of 24 hours.
2. Disconnect battery from charger for a minimum of 24 hours.
3. Measure battery voltage and verify reading is >12.5 Vdc.
4. Mark package with charge date and measured voltage.

1-15. Retrieval from Storage

Procedures are provided below for placing the Monitor-Recorder Module in service after both short term and long term storage.

- **SHORT TERM STORAGE RETRIEVAL** (stored for less than 6 months):

1. Connect unit to AC power for a minimum of 24 hours with POWER key set to OFF to fully charge battery.
2. Disconnect unit to AC power for a minimum of 24 hours.
3. Perform Battery Voltage Check (Section III, paragraph A), Level II Performance Checks (Section III, paragraph B), and Safety and Maintenance Checks (Section III, paragraph C). If incorrect, adjust using Section III, and/or troubleshoot using Section V.
4. Thoroughly clean unit.
5. Restock accessories.

- **LONG TERM STORAGE RETRIEVAL** (stored for more than 6 months):

1. Install BT1 Battery Assembly (Section IV, paragraph 4-3).
2. Perform Short Term storage retrieval procedure listed above.

NOTE

Batteries which are being retrieved from storage may required several recharge/discharge cycles before maximum capacity is restored.

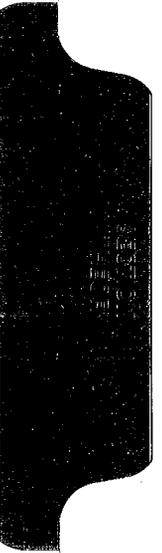
SECTION I - GENERAL INFORMATION
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

1-16. PACKAGING

Containers and materials used for original shipment of your HP 43200M/MC/MD are specifically designed for the instrument and are not readily available through Hewlett-Packard sales offices; it is recommended that you keep the packing materials for future use. If the instrument is returned to Hewlett-Packard for servicing, attach a tag indicating the product model number, serial number, return address, and a description of the problems encountered and service required. Mark the container **FRAGILE** to ensure careful handling. In every correspondence, refer to the instrument by product number and full serial number (e.g. HP 43130M, serial number 2400A00000).

Follow these general instructions when re-packaging with commercially available materials:

- Wrap the instrument in heavy cushioning material.
- Use a strong shipping container. A double-wall carton made of 160 kilogram test material is adequate.
- Use enough shock absorbing material (3 or 4 inch layer) around all sides of the instrument to provide firm cushioning and to prevent movement inside container. Protect the control panel with cardboard.
- Seal the shipping container securely.





2-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the theory of operation for the 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder modules. Information is presented, starting with a brief description of the major assemblies, and progressing into greater detail, down to the circuit level. Schematic and functional block diagrams located in Section 6 are referenced when necessary.

Theory of operation is not intended as a direct troubleshooting tool; however, the level of information presented will often help the technician when troubleshooting a malfunction in the Monitor-Recorder module.

2-2. MODULE OVERVIEW (figure 2-1)

The 43200M/MC/MD Monitor Module is a multi-lead electrocardiograph, with diagnostic bandwidth capability, a high resolution CRT display, a thermal paper recorder, and a wireless interface to the 43130M Defibrillator Module. In addition, there is a digital memory which permits storage of up to 30 minutes of ECG data and status information. This process requires the interaction of many different circuits, and is briefly discussed below.

Patient ECG information is provided from two selectable sources:

- If the patient is connected to the five-lead ECG input connector on the front panel, the incoming information is sent to the ECG/Power Supply CCA where it is amplified and output to the Control CCA.
- If the patient is connected to the Defibrillator Module paddles as the ECG source, the already amplified information is received by the Infrared Link CCA and output to the Control CCA.

The ANALOG ECG information is processed by the Control CCA to calculate heart rate, determine if an alarm is violated, etc. The data generated and processed by the Control CCA is provided to the other assemblies in the Monitor-Recorder as follows:

- ECG waveform and messages are routed to the CRT Deflection Assembly for output to the CRT screen.
- ECG waveform and messages are routed to the Recorder Assembly for output to the stripchart recorder, if selected.

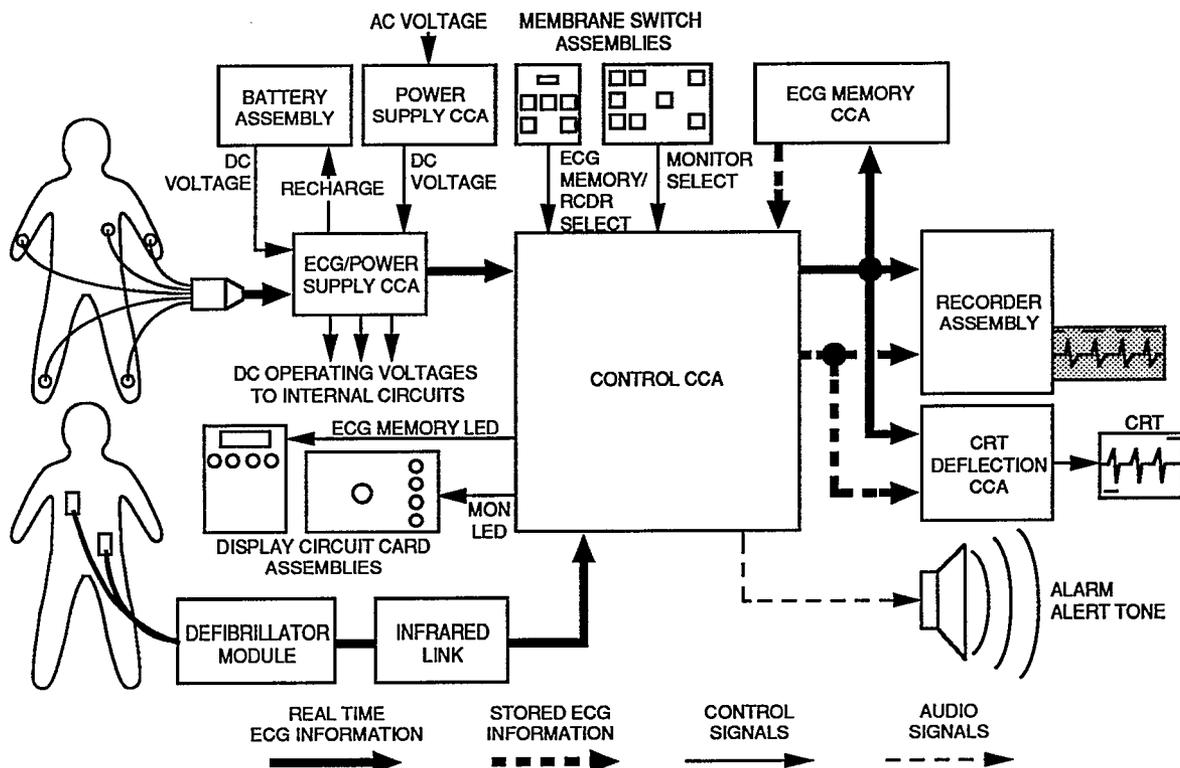


Figure 2-1. 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder Module Signal Flow Functional Block Diagram.

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- ECG waveform and messages are routed to the ECG Memory CCA for storage, if selected.
- Tones are generated for ECG waveform, alarm conditions, and to alert the operator of messages.

The Control CCA also monitors the status and operation of the other assemblies in the Monitor-Recorder as follows:

- Selection and response to front panel key selections.
- Read the stored ECG data from the ECG Memory CCA and send it to the CRT Deflection Assembly for output on the CRT, and/or the Recorder Assembly for a printed output, if selected.
- Operator information and equipment status to the front panel display LEDs.

DC operating voltages are provided by the ECG/Power Supply CCA using the Battery Assembly or the Power Supply CCA. Additionally, when operating on AC power, the ECG/Power Supply CCA charges the internal battery.

The Monitor-Recorder module consists of three major assemblies. Each of these major assemblies is comprised of Circuit Card Assemblies (CCA) and major circuits composed of individual parts. The three major assemblies are:

- A1 Enclosure Assembly.
- A2 Chassis Assembly.
- A3 Front Panel Assembly.

2-3. A1 ENCLOSURE ASSEMBLY

The Enclosure Assembly, consists primarily of the physical outer case and related mechanical components. Electrically it can be broken down into one assembly:

- A1A1 Infrared Link CCA.

2-4. A1A1 Infrared Link CCA (figure 6-3)

The A1A1 Infrared Link CCA provides the means of communication between the Monitor-Recorder module and the Defibrillator module. Information is exchanged between the two modules using infrared optical signals. This assembly consists of transmitter and receiver

circuits that interface with the A2A2 Control CCA, over ribbon cable A1A1P36.

Transmitter Circuit

The transmitter circuit converts serial data from the microcontroller (A2A2U61) into digital infrared energy (a logic low input causes infrared energy to be transmitted). R14 protects comparator (U2A) input from potential ESD noise pulses. U2A inverts the signal and provides an open-collector drive to Q1. Q1 is a N-channel enhancement mode MOSFET providing the on/off gating of the current thru infrared emitter diode (DS3). R16, R17, and R18 provide current limiting of DS3, which sets the infrared output power of the transmitter circuit.

Receiver Circuit

The infrared receiver detects and converts infrared energy to logic level serial data, for input to A2A2U61. Infrared energy is detected by the PIN photo-diodes (DS1 and DS2), which generate a small current. This current signal is amplified and converted to a voltage signal by the two-stage amplifier constructed from transistor array (U1).

The first stage of the amplifier consists of an emitter follower (U1A), an inverting amplifier (U1B), and another emitter follower (U1C). U1A amplifies and converts the photo-current to a voltage. U1B provides inverting voltage gain. U1C provides buffering and a low impedance output to the next stage. R1 provides negative feedback to stabilize the trans-impedance of the stage. The first stage is coupled to the second stage using R5, which converts the output voltage of the first stage to a current.

The second stage consists of emitter follower (U1D), and inverting amplifier (U1E). U1D provides current gain and converts the current from the first stage to a voltage. U1E provides inversion and voltage gain.

R9 and C6 in the emitter of U1E are important for setting the dynamic range of the amplifier. They degenerate the DC gain, while preserving AC gain. This helps U1E recover quickly from saturation. R9 stabilizes the DC operating point, which allows the detection threshold to be closer to the saturation point. C2 and C5 provide compensation and increase the phase margin for stability.

Comparator (U2B) and associated resistors and capacitors are used to convert the amplifier output to a logic level signal before sending to A2A2U61. R13 provides protection from ESD noise pulses.

2-5. A2 CHASSIS ASSEMBLY

The Chassis Assembly consists of the sheet metal chassis and the components that mount on it. Electrically it can be broken down into five major assemblies:

- A2A2 Control CCA.
- A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA.
- A2A4 ECG Memory CCA.
- A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA.
- A2A1 Power Supply CCA.
- BT1 Battery Assembly.

2-6. A2A2 CONTROL CCA (figure 6-5)

The A2A2 Control CCA controls virtually all of the functions of the Monitor-Recorder module. The Control CCA is broken into three major circuits, each with their own CMOS (80C51 family) microprocessor, and each with a separate schematic diagram sheet.

- Main Controller circuits (figure 6-5 sheet 2).
- CRT and Display circuits (figure 6-5 sheet 3).
- Recorder circuits (figure 6-5 sheet 4).

2-7. Main Controller Circuits (figure 6-5)

Main Controller circuits are provided on sheet 2 of 4 of the A2A2 Control CCA schematic.

Internal to the A2A2 Control CCA, the Main Controller circuit monitor and send data to the other two CMOS microprocessors (U1 and U31).

External to the A2A2 Control CCA, the Main Controller circuit interprets and responds to switch closures from both the A3A1A3 and A3A3 Membrane Switch Assemblies, processes incoming analog ECG signals from the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA, transmits and receives data to/from the 43130M Defibrillator Module via the A1A1 Infrared Link CCA, and generates the speaker tones. The Main Controller circuits consist of:

- Microcontroller (U61).
- Control Gate Array (U62).

- Serial Interface circuit.
- A/D Converter (U63).
- Front Panels Interface circuit.

Microcontroller (U61)

U61 (80C252) is an Intel MCS-51 type microcontroller, and is the main microcontroller of the instrument.

U61 software is interrupt driven and executes once every 4.167 ms on a cyclic basis. The software cycle is generated by an internal timer on U61, and provides the timing for the other two microcontrollers (U1 and U31) on the A2A2 Control CCA.

U61 controls the communication between U1 and U31, and the microcontroller in the Defibrillator module.

Other software functions include control of the front panels in the monitor; digital filtering of the patient ECG for display, automatic gain control, and R-wave detection; heart rate calculation and alarms; and system diagnostics.

Control Gate Array (U62)

Control Gate Array (U62) is a collection of several smaller digital circuits described below. It generates many of the system timing signals, and provides I/O expansion for U61.

System Timing Chain. Control registers and switch matrix control logic (U62), and A/D Converter (U63) are configured as memory mapped I/O to U61. U62 and U63 are both connected to the Port P0 address/data bus (U61 pins 32 to 39).

Memory Map Control Logic. Internal to U62, consists of an address latch and combinational logic to decode the address. The memory mapped devices are accessed by data memory read/write instructions from U61.

Control Registers. Three registers internal to U62 that are configured as external memory locations to U61. They are used for internal control of U62, and also as direct outputs to other parts of the system. The contents of each register are updated every 4.167 ms software cycle.

Switch Matrix Logic. Described under Front Panels Interface circuit below.

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Tickle/Reset circuit. Internal to U62, provides a means of software recovery for U61. This is useful when operating in an electrically noisy environment. The circuit is a ripple counter driven by U62 system timing chain. If allowed to run freely, the counter output CONRST (U62 pin 65) will generate a signal that is 6.4 ms high and 6.4 ms low.

CONRST is connected to the power-up reset circuit (Q1, R4-R6, C2) which is then input to U61 pin 9. Under normal operation, U61 'tickles' or resets the ripple counter once each 4.167 ms software cycle. This prevents CONRST from going high and resetting U61. However, if the operation of U61 is upset by noise and fails to tickle, then CONRST will reset it within 6.4 ms. When reset, the software will start over from location 0; and tickle rapidly for 25 ms before resuming normal operation.

Tickling is accomplished by writing to one of the U62 control registers. The tickle signal from U61 is output as a test signal on U62 pin 2.

Speaker Tone. Described under Speaker circuitry below.

Serial Interface Circuit

The serial interface between all of the microcontrollers provides two states or configurations. It either allows U61 to communicate with the Recorder circuit (U1) and CRT and Display circuit (U31) microcontrollers, or allows U61 to communicate with the Defibrillator microcontroller via the A1A1 Infrared Link CCA.

A 74HC125 quad tri-state buffer (U6) is connected to form a multiplexer for the serial interface. U6 is under the control of U61, using U62 control registers. The enable signals (IR_ENABLE and SERIAL_ENABLE) are mutually exclusive, eliminating the possibility of enabling both serial interfaces at the same time.

U61 communicates with the Recorder circuit microcontroller (U1) once each 4.167 ms software cycle. Communication is in the form of a packet of three bytes. These three bytes contain ECG data and status information. U1 returns one byte of status information. If there is no response from U1 (in a given number of cycles) then U61 will apply the reset signal RECRST via U62 pin 24.

U61 communicates with the CRT and Display microcontroller (U31) once every other software cycle (8.334 ms). A data packet of four bytes is sent. It contains ECG data and status information. U31 returns a packet of three bytes, which contains playback ECG data and status information. If there is no response from U31 (in a given number of cycles) then U61 will apply the reset signal CRTRST via U62 pin 66.

U61 attempts to communicate with the Defibrillator module microcontroller via the A1A1 Infrared Link CCA, once each 4.167 ms software cycle. Once communication is established, a packet of five bytes is sent to the Defibrillator module microcontroller each software cycle. The Defibrillator module microcontroller returns a packet of four bytes. Information exchanged includes status, control, and ECG data.

A/D Converter (U63)

U63 is an 8 bit successive approximation A/D converter, with an internal 4 channel analog multiplexer, and internal clock to generate its own timing. Typical conversion times are 40 μ s. U67, a +5 volt reference (1% tolerance) is used as the reference input of U63.

An A/D conversion is initiated when U61 executes an external data memory write instruction to the address that U63 occupies in the memory map. The data written to U63 is the multiplexer channel address of the signal intended for conversion. Actual conversion begins when the write signal at U63 pin 19 returns high at the end of the write instruction from U61. After the conversion is complete, the A/D interrupt signal goes low and generates an interrupt of U61. U61 reads the conversion which resets the interrupt signal at U63 pin 18. Four A/D conversions are performed each software cycle. Conversions are done on the patient ECG, battery voltage, and the supply voltages as follows:

The patient ECG signal ANALOG_ECG at P30 pin 4 from the A2A3 ECG Power Supply CCA is input to filter stage U65A. This filter stage is an inverting second order low pass filter, with a corner frequency of 95 Hz. It filters out high frequency noise and shifts the signal offset to 2.5 volts. The filter output signal at U65 pin 1 is input to U63 at pin 5 (CH3) through R89. R89, CR67, and CR68 serve as input protection for U63.

The battery voltage SWBAT is divided down by R106 and R107, and input to U63 at pin 6 (CH4). CR78 and CR79 are used as input protection for U63.

The digital +5 volt supply is divided down through R90 and R93 and applied to U63 at pin 4 (CH2). The analog supplies (+8 V and -5 V) are summed together through R91 and R92, and then input to U63 at pin 3 (CH1). CR80 and CR81 act as input protection for CH2, and CR69 and CR70 are protection for CH1.

Front Panels Interface Circuit

A switch matrix is used to read the switches on the two front panel Membrane Switch Assemblies (A3A1A3 Recorder and A3A3 Monitor). The matrix consists of 2 rows and 6 columns. The columns are pulled high by resistor network R111, and the rows are at a high logic level when not selected. Diodes are used to de-couple the rows from each other. Switch positions are determined by strobing the rows low (one row at a time) and reading the columns. A closed switch pulls the associated column low as its row is strobed low.

The switch matrix control logic is internal to U62. The row strobes are output from U62, and the columns are read into U62. Each row of switches occupies an address location in the I/O memory map. A row is selected (strobed low), when U61 executes an external data memory read instruction to the appropriate address. The matrix columns are read into U61 through U62. Switch positions are read on a periodic basis, and debounced in software.

U62 pin 3 serves a special function in the switch matrix. It is read into U61 in place of column 7 in row 2. Capacitor C70 connected to U62 pin 3 is charged through a pull-up transistor internal to U62. U61 checks the logic level of this input (which is effectively the charge on C70) to determine if the unit has recently been powered on.

The LED displays on the front panel are controlled by software in U61. The status of the LED displays is transferred serially to the front panel on signal LED*DATA*0. This data is clocked by LED CLOCK, and generated by U61. Data is clocked into serial-to-parallel registers (U10 and U11). The ECG Memory Bar Graph segments are driven by MOS to LED drivers (U12 and U13). Once the new data is clocked into U10

and U11, it is latched onto outputs by the rising edge of LED ENABLE. The LED displays are updated on a cyclic basis in software.

2-8. CRT and Display Circuits (figure 6-5)

CRT and Display circuits are provided on sheet 3 of 4 of the A2A2 Control CCA schematic.

The primary function of the CRT and Display circuit is to receive processed ECG data and status information from the Main Controller circuit and:

- Display it on the CRT (A2V1).
- Handle storage and retrieval of 30 minutes of ECG data in the A2A4 ECG Memory CCA.

Both functions are implemented with a CMOS 80C252 microprocessor (U31), a Gate Array (U33), a Digital to Analog Converter (U34), and a separate 256k RAM (A2A4 ECG Memory CCA).

CRT (A2V1) Display

Signals are generated to control the horizontal and vertical CRT deflection, the intensity of the CRT beam, and to communicate with U61.

Horizontal Deflection. HORIZ SWEEP signal has a period of 16.7 msec and controls direction of the CRT beam horizontal sweep. ECG waveforms are displayed during the beam's sweep from right to left, and messages are written on the CRT screen on the return from left to right.

Vertical Deflection. While the horizontal movement is relatively slow, the fast VERT DEFLECT signal determines discrete up-down positions of the CRT beam corresponding to the 8 bit ECG data value. A zero is bottom of screen and a 254 is top. To produce messages, the beam sweeps up and down about 0.3 inches very quickly in miniraster format.

Intensity. The three level BEAM INTENSITY signal controls the CRT brightness from off, to normal, to very bright. To produce messages, the intensity is modulated on and off quickly with the beam moving in miniraster fashion, forming the dots which make up a character. During ECG waveforms, the intensity is set to normal brightness. Should a sync marker be present (SYNC mode with Defibrillator), the intensity becomes high resulting in a bright sync marker dot on the CRT.

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U61 Communication. The SER*DATA signal is a series of four serial data bytes from U61, and two serial data bytes (SERIAL RESPONSE) in return. This exchange, systematically initiated by U61, provides basis for the precise software timing of CRT signals. Two ECG data samples are received every 8.3 msec from U61. If status data is not received by U61 in four cycles, it causes U62 to reset U31.

ECG Data Handling

Two ECG data bytes are placed in a 4 second 1000 cell area of RAM reserved for CRT refresh. Only the highest or lowest byte is placed in the 30 minute 256k RAM area. Every two seconds the heart rate is also stored. Should the operator request playback of the previously stored ECG, it is obtained from RAM, and reconstructed by interpolation. Together with the heart rate collaterally stored, it is placed in the current refresh area of CRT memory, and send back to control for re-transmission to the recorder.

Microcontroller (U31) and Gate Array (U33)

The CRT and Display microcontroller (U31) is a CMOS 80C252 microprocessor. The data bus, port 0, contains multiplexed address and data. The CRT Gate Array (U33) has an address latch clocked by ALE (U31 pin 30) for the lower 8 bits of RAM address. Another U33 latch captures data for the 8 bit D/A Converter (U34). It is clocked by the MUXSEL line (U33 pin 37). Other gates in U33 will detect FF in ECG data. The SYNC intensity line (U33 pin 19) is toggled while holding the ECG data position unchanged, thus producing the bright sync marker dots.

External 256k Static RAM

Completely contained on the A2A4 ECG Memory CCA, and attached to the A2A2 Control CCA with 2 nylon standoffs and a 30 pin connector (P35). The memory contains eight 32k x 8 CMOS static RAM chips (A2A4U20 to U27), and 1 of 8 decode chip (A2A4U28). The RAM chip address lines A0 to A7 are from U33 and Port 0 of U31, and are latched by ALE (U31 pin 30). Address lines A8 to A14 are from Port 2 of U31. Chip select is performed by A15 to A17 from Port 2 of U31 (U31 pin 28), and Port 1 of U31 (U31 pins 1 and 2) thru A2A4U28.

Digital to Analog Converter (U34)

The Digital to Analog Converter (U34) and current to voltage converter (U35B), produce the Vertical signal (VERT DEFLECT) in response to signals from U31 via U33.

2-9. Recorder Circuits (figure 6-5)

Recorder circuits are provided on sheet 4 of 4 of the A2A2 Control CCA schematic.

The primary function of the Recorder circuit is to receive processed ECG data and status information from the Main Controller circuit, then send it to the recorder to be printed. Both ECG data and the appropriate annotation is printed on a 2 inch wide strip of thermal paper. This ECG data and status information could be either be input from the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA, or stored data from the A2A4 ECG Memory CCA.

While the Recorder "control" circuitry resides on the A2A2 Control CCA the Recorder Assembly (A3A1) on the A3 Front Panel Assembly contains the motor, printhead and tachometers.

Printing is accomplished by pulling thermally sensitive paper across a thermal dot array printhead with a drive motor and capstan. Sensors are provided at the rear of the motor and behind the rotating paper spindle to measure both speed of the motor, and paper roll. Knowledge of paper roll speed allows the recorder microprocessor (U1) to judge conditions of low and/or no paper.

Specific Recorder circuit tasks are motor speed control, loading the printhead registers, measuring paper roll speed, and communicating with U61. These are performed with a CMOS 8051 microprocessor (U1) and several buffers.

A serial data interface allows transfer of data and status information between U1 and U61 using their dedicated serial port lines. U61 initiates the exchange every 4.167 msec with 3 data bytes, providing the primary timing signal for U1. U1 immediately returns status information. U1 is reset upon power up and again by U61 if it doesn't receive return communication within 4 consecutive cycles.

Buffers are used to protect U1 from ESD and to supply adequate drive to the printing subsystem sensors. Printhead dot information from Port 0 of U1 is latched into U2 using Port 3.6 (U1 pin 16) as the clock. The printhead is fully loaded and ready to print after 32 seven bit bytes have been loaded. PRTHD STROBE line Port 2.7 (U1 pin 28) goes low enabling the printhead drivers to turn specific dots on. The time constant of C10 and R10 ensure the printhead will turn off in case of U1 failure.

The NO PAPER RETURN line (U1 pin 26), when high, will turn on the LED in the paper roll tachometer. The NO PAPER DETECT signal (U1 pin 25) is proportional to four times the paper spindle speed. The sensor is located on the recorder housing.

The MOTOR CONTROL line (U1 pin 27) drives a FET switch that turns the motor off and on 1000 times per second. The signal is pulse width modulated to control the motor velocity. The motor uses SWBATT for power.

The MOTOR TACH line (U1 pin 12) pulses come directly from an optical detector on the motor shaft, and are proportional to 12 times the motor speed.

Speaker Circuitry

The speaker circuit generates the power-up tone, heart rate limits alarm tone, the QRS beeper tone, and the triple beep that accompanies certain operator messages. The tones are derived from U62 HRTONE (U62 pin 15), and RWTONE (U62 pin 11). HRTONE is a 1,953 Hz square wave, and RWTONE is a 1,736 Hz square wave. U61 controls which of the signals is enabled via U62 registers.

Both tones are divided by 2 (U4), and RWTONE is input to triple 2-to-1 multiplexer (U64), which is used for volume control. U64, in conjunction with R73, R74, R76 provides 8 volume settings. The output of this volume control circuit is AC coupled to summing amplifier (U7A). Volume is controlled by 3 bits of Port 1 on U61. Signal HRTONE is AC coupled to U7A thru R75, which sets the volume of this tone.

U7A drives the push-pull transistor pair (Q61 and Q62), which in turn drives the speaker (A3SP1) through C71. Resistor divider R104 and R105 provides a 2.5 volt offset to the output of U7A.

2-10. A2A3 ECG/POWER SUPPLY CCA (figure 6-6)

The A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA provides a selectable gain output for one of the seven possible ECG vectors (I, II, III, aVR, aVL, aVF, V), obtained from some combination of the five discrete leads as inputs. It also generates the DC power supplies for the instrument from either the BT1 Battery Assembly or the A2A1 Power Supply CCA. A charging path for the BT1 Battery Assembly is also provided when the A2A1 Power Supply CCA is connected to AC power and operating normally.

The A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA is broken into three major circuits, each with a separate schematic diagram sheet.

- DC-DC circuits (figure 6-6 sheet 2).
- Isolated ECG circuits (figure 6-6 sheet 3).
- Grounded ECG circuits (figure 6-6 sheet 4).

2-11. DC-DC Circuits (figure 6-6)

DC-DC circuits are provided on sheet 2 of 4 of the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA schematic. All components located on sheet two of the schematic diagram have a 1xx reference designator number.

The DC-DC circuits control the generation and distribution of the various internal voltages used within the instrument, from either the BT1 Battery or the AC line connected A2A1 Power Supply CCA. The DC-DC circuits also recharge BT1 if the instrument is connected to AC power.

Normal Operation

DC-DC circuits can easily be understood by first examining the normal operating mode. Some general statements can be made which highlight the circuits operation before detailing how specific circuits operate.

With a properly working instrument and a good battery, if K102 is closed, the instrument is on. Closing K102 provides SWBATT signal, and the +8, +5, and -5 volt supplies all start up, and the instrument turns on. Relay K102 can often be heard as an audible click when the instrument is turned on or off.

Secondly, if this properly working instrument is connected to an AC source, K101 will close. When not connected to the AC line, K101 will be open.

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K101 can often be heard as an audible click when the AC line is connected or disconnected.

Many of the DC-DC circuits are directly associated with controlling if K101 and K102 are opened or closed.

Controlling Relay K101

DC-DC circuits are connected to the A2A1 Power Supply CCA by three pin connector J2. When the instrument is properly connected to the AC line, the A2A1 Power Supply CCA provides +14.3 volts at about 3 amps. The third connection, POWERFAIL, is a high impedance signal which can be ignored during normal operating conditions.

The +14.3 V (VSUPPLY) biases on CR101 to about 5.11 volts. R105 and R106 divide the VSUPPLY to about 4.84 volts so that comparator (U101A) will be in its output high state, causing Q101 to turn on, and energize the coil of K101, closing the relay.

When A2A1 is not providing VSUPPLY, K101 cannot be energized. This is because VSUPPLY provides the voltage to hold K101 closed. Keeping K101 open prevents A2A1 and other components from draining the battery.

Over Voltage Protect

If for some reason the A2A1 Power Supply CCA is putting out a voltage greater than the expected +14.3 V (VSUPPLY), then the Over Voltage Protect circuit is triggered. If VSUPPLY is greater than about +15.1 V, the divided down signal generated by R105 and R106 will exceed 5.11 volts. This will force the output of U101A low, turning off Q101, and opening K101. This prevents overcharging of the battery and protects the circuits after K101.

Powerfall Mode

If the AC line voltage is too low to allow the A2A1 Power Supply CCA to provide the expected +14.3V, A2A1 will activate POWERFAIL signal. The POWERFAIL signal provides a low impedance path in parallel with CR101, shunting current away and preventing it from biasing up to the normal 5.11 V. The divided down signal generated by R105 and R106 will cause U101A to turn off Q101, and open K101.

Battery Charging LED

U101B is used to control the front panel A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA BATT CHRG LED. When the output of U101B is low, Q102 is on, and the LED is on. When the output of U101B is high, the LED is off.

When K101 is closed, VSUPPLY is connected to the Battery Assembly (BT1) via J2 and VBATsense is nearly equal to VSUPPLY. Since R114 and R115 divide VSUPPLY to a smaller signal than R112 and R113 divide VBATsense, U101B output is low and the battery charging LED is on. Thus the LED is normally on when K101 is closed. An exception to this occurs if the thermal fuse in BT1 has opened. When the fuse is open VSUPPLY is greater than, not equal to VBATsense, and the battery charging LED will remain off even though the instrument is connected to the AC line and K101 is closed.

When the AC line is not connected, VSUPPLY is less than VBATsense, and the open collector output of U101B will not sink current without power applied to itself. The power to U101 is provided by VSUPPLY, which is unavailable. This causes the battery charging LED to be off when the AC line is not connected. R112 and R113 provide a small, but ever present drain on the battery.

Controlling Relay K102

The circuits that control K102 include Q103, programmable reference (U102), and associated components.

U102 works as follows. The signal between U102 pins 8 and 6 is the input. If the voltage at pin 8 exceeds the voltage at pin 6 by more than 2.5 volts, then the signal at pin 1 is a low impedance voltage source of 2.5 volts, capable of sinking current into pin 1. If the signal between pins 8 and 6 is less than 2.5 volts, then pin 1 is high impedance.

The normal ON/OFF function of K102 occurs as follows. When the instrument has been off for a few seconds, C103 is charged to battery voltage thru R119. Pressing the front panel ON switch pulls signal ON/OFF (connected to U102 pin 6) near ground. The charge stored on C103 holds U102 pin 8 to more than 2.5 volts above pin 6 long

enough for K102 to turn on and the instrument to power up. The instrument will stay on as long as the battery voltage is greater than about +11.2 volts. This threshold is set by R119 and R120 and the hysteresis from R121. If the battery voltage drops below 11.2 volts, U102 pin 8 will not exceed pin 6 by 2.5 volts, and Q103 will turn off.

Pressing the front panel OFF switch turns off A3A2Q1, and pulls ON/OFF signal high to deactivate K102.

Internal Power Supplies.

When the instrument is on, K102 provides battery voltage (SWBAT) to the circuits used to generate the various internal power supply voltages.

Linear, three terminal, voltage regulator (U103) generates +8 volts used primarily to power the analog circuitry in the instrument. U103 has a TO92 package type.

DC to DC converter control (U104) is used to generate +5 volts to power the digital circuits. U104 contains an internal reference, controllable oscillator and high current switch, and is combined with L101, C113, and CR106 to step down SWBATT signal. R126 and R127 feedback the actual +5V signal to close the loop around U104. CR110 serves to protect circuits connected to +5V in the event of an overvoltage failure.

The switching output from U104 is used to pump charge through C110 to C111, generating a negative voltage across C111. Negative linear, three terminal, voltage regulator (U105) then provides a stable -5 volt supply used primarily to power the analog circuitry in the instrument.

2-12. Isolated ECG Circuits (figure 6-6)

Isolated ECG circuits are provided on sheet 3 of 4 of the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA schematic. All components located on sheet three of the schematic diagram have a 2xx reference designator number.

Isolated ECG circuits amplifier uses five patient connected electrodes to allow the selection of seven different lead vectors, and twelve lead vectors are possible when the chest electrode is used exploratively.

ECG is a low level signal (typically 1 mV), that must be extracted from high level common mode noise signals (typically 10 V) generated by capacitive coupling of the patient to surrounding

AC sources. The ECG circuit has isolated and grounded sections to protect the patient from possible hazards associated with electrical connections to the body. The isolated section circuits are electrically isolated from instrument ground. Since the patient is directly connected only to the isolated section, the patient is electrically isolated from instrument (and earth) ground.

Operation of the Isolated ECG circuit is explained by sequentially discussing the path of the ECG signal beginning at the patient and continuing until it crosses the isolation barrier into the Grounded ECG circuits (discussed below). The Isolated ECG circuit consists of:

- Protection circuits.
- Buffer Amplifier.
- Wilson Network.
- Lead Selection.
- Right Leg Drive.
- First Gain Stage.
- Chopper Modulator.
- Isolated Power Supply.

NOTE

All components described in the Protection Circuits and Buffer Amplifier will be in the Left Leg Path. Operation is identical to the similar components located in the remaining four paths.

Protection Circuits

The protection circuitry is the first that a signal from the patient encounters. The purpose of these circuits is to prevent damage to the amplifier circuits.

Neon glow bulb (DS201) will shunt energy away from the circuit if the voltage exceeds about 100 volts.

Current limiting resistors (R203 and R204), and clamp diodes (CR205 and CR206), further protect the ECG amplifier input circuitry.

Capacitor (C201) helps to remove high frequency noise from the input signal.

Resistor (R205) provides bias current to the operational amplifier.

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Buffer Amplifier

The first operational amplifier (U201B) in the signal path is configured as a unity gain buffer stage. This provides a high input impedance to the patient while maintaining a low output impedance to the Wilson Network.

Wilson Network

The Wilson resistor network is the collection of resistors, R221 thru R229, which average the various input signals to allow the generation of the augmented aVR, aVL, aVF and V1 - 6 leads.

Lead Selection

Two one-of-eight analog multiplexers (U205 and U206) are used to select which lead vector (I thru V6) that the subsequent circuits will amplify. Input 1 corresponds to lead I, 2 with II, 3 with III, 4 with aVR, 5 aVL, 6 with aVF, and 7 with V1-6. The multiplexers are controlled via opto-isolators (U208 thru U210), with the control signals from the A2A2 Control CCA. U205/U206 pin 9 (S2) is connected to U208, and is the most significant bit of a three bit word which selects what input channel is connected to U205/U206 output. For example, if S2 is a logic high, S1 is a logic low, and S0 is a logic high, the word is 101 and input channel IN5 is connected to the output, U205/U206 pin 3.

First Gain Stage

The output of U205/U206 is input to the first gain stage, a differential amplifier with a gain of 9. The amplifier consists of U203A, U203B, and R232 through R234. The output of the differential amplifier is input to the Chopper Modulator circuit, and to the Right Leg Drive circuit.

R237, R238, and C207 form a low pass filter that decouples the differential amplifier from the switching transients associated with analog multiplexer (U207). C207 serves as a low impedance source to rapidly charge or discharge the transients inherent in switching U207.

Right Leg Drive

The Right Leg Drive circuit is used to minimize the effect of 60 Hz interference on the ECG. The patient is included in one of the feedback loops of the RLD amplifier (U204A), and this forces the isolated ground to track the common mode signal present on the patient. This effectively reduces the amplitude of the common mode signal seen by the First Gain Stage.

Chopper Modulator

The Chopper Modulator is a standard technique used to allow passage of the nominally low frequency ECG information across the isolation transformer. An analog multiplexer (U207) is switched at 31,250 Hz to repetitively reverse the connection between the First Gain Stage output and the isolation signal transformer (T201). This modulates the low frequency ECG signal on a 31,250 Hz carrier. The chopping technique is inversely performed on T201 output to reconstruct the low frequency ECG information in the grounded section.

The square wave signal available at the output of T202 provides the synchronous clocks required for this chopping/de-chopping process.

Isolated Power Supply

The power to operate the isolated circuits is generated by push pull converter (T202 and associated components). The center tapped primary is alternately driven from the +5V supply by Q303 and Q304 at 31,250 Hz. CR305 and CR306 protect Q303 and Q304 from transients associated with switching the inductive load. In the isolated section, the secondary windings output is full wave rectified to generate bipolar supplies of about $\pm 6V$.

NOTE

Q303, Q304, CR305 and CR306 found on sheet 4 of 4.

2-13. Grounded ECG Circuits (figure 6-6)

Grounded ECG circuits are provided on sheet 4 of 4 of the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA schematic. All components located on sheet four of the schematic diagram have a 3xx reference designator number.

Grounded ECG circuits provide reconstruction, band pass filtering, and additional amplification of the ECG signal before passing it to the A2A2 Control CCA for further processing. The Grounded ECG circuit consists of:

- Switchable Bandwidth Filter.
- Second Gain Stage.
- Variable Gain Stage.

After analog multiplexer (U301) reconstructs the chopped waveform, the signal is low pass filtered by R301 and C301 to remove switching transients introduced by the chopping process.

Switchable Bandwidth Filter

The signal from the Isolated ECG circuits is passed through a switchable high pass filter. This AC coupling (C302) is required to remove DC offsets, often present due to the patient electrodes. Normally the cutoff is set to allow 0.05 Hz frequency response of the ECG amplifier. However under some circumstances it is desirable to quickly charge C302 to restore the ECG waveform to the center of the display. In this case the FAST RESTORE signal is switched high, and both Q303 and Q304 are turned on. This shorts out R304 and R305, shifting the low frequency cutoff to about 2 Hz.

Second Gain Stage

After low frequency filtering, the signal is routed to the second gain stage. This is a standard non-inverting amplifier configuration, using operational amplifier (U302) with a gain of about 60. The gain is adjustable using R311. This accuracy adjustment is used to null out gain errors anywhere in the overall signal path. The offset of this stage is also adjustable using R307, and is used to accurately center the ECG waveform on the output displays.

Variable Gain Stage

The output of the second stage is routed to the variable (third) gain stage. This gain stage combines an operational amplifier (U304) with a one-of-eight analog multiplexer (U303), and discrete resistors. It allows the choice of eight gain settings. When combined with the previous two gain stages, this provides overall ECG amplifier gain selectable at 250, 400, 650, 1000, 1300, 2000, 3000, or 4000. Logic lows at all three control inputs of U303 will select a gain of 250, all highs select a gain of 4000, etc.

The output of the variable gain stage is labelled ANALOG ECG, and is routed to the A2A2 Control CCA for subsequent filtering, level shifting, and conversion to a digital format.

2-14. A2A4 ECG MEMORY CCA (figure 6-7)

The A2A4 ECG Memory CCA is capable of storing 30 minutes of information identical in content to the information displayed on the CRT screen, along with the corresponding status information. 256 k-bytes of CMOS static RAM, under direct control of the A2A2 Control CCA CRT and Display circuit simulates a tape recorder. Since it is solid state memory, without a battery backup to maintain the stored data, all data is lost when the instrument is powered off.

Circuitry includes 8-32k X 8 CMOS static RAM ICs (U20-U27), a 1 of 8 decoder IC (U28), and appropriate de-coupling capacitors (C20-C25). The memory bus includes an 8 bit bi-directional data bus (D0-D7), a 15 bit address bus (A0-A14), two data flow control lines (~WRITE and ~READ) which control the write and read operations, and three device select lines (A15-A17). U28 generates the chip select signals (CS0n-CS7n) from the three device select lines (A15-A17) for U20 to U27.

2-15. A2A5 CRT DEFLECTION CCA (figure 6-8)

The A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA provides the drive signals and supply voltages for the Deflection Yoke Assembly (A2L1) and CRT Assembly (A2V1).

The A2A5 CRT Deflection is broken into nine major circuits.

- Power Conditioning circuit.
- Horizontal Sweep Integrator circuit.
- Horizontal Deflection Bridge circuit.
- Vertical Signal Buffer circuit.
- Vertical Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit.
- Vertical Yoke Power Supply circuit.
- Filament Voltage Control circuit.
- High Voltage Supply circuit.
- Intensity Control circuit.

Due to the numerous circuits present, a brief overview is presented before the individual circuits are discussed.

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Control signals for horizontal sweep, vertical deflection, and the beam intensity are provided by the A2A2 Control CCA CRT and Display circuit.

Horizontal Sweep

A logic level square wave (HORIZONTAL SWEEP) drives the input of the Horizontal Sweep Integrator circuit, resulting in a triangular (approximately) waveform, which is then amplified by the closed loop Horizontal Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit. The Deflection Yoke horizontal winding is driven by this circuit, and provides the electromagnetic horizontal sweep on the CRT. Messages are written on the CRT on the left to right sweep, and the vector written ECG waveform is written on the returning right to left sweep of the CRT beam.

Vertical Deflection

Analog vertical signal (VERTICAL DEFLECTION) is amplified by the Vertical Deflection Bridge Amplifier which is similar to the horizontal circuit's amplifier. One key difference is that the DC power for the vertical yoke's driver transistors is provided by a separate Vertical Yoke Power Supply circuit.

Beam Intensity

The CRT intensity is set by a constant current Intensity Control Circuit. This circuit will set the CRT's cathode current to a specific level to maintain a uniform brightness. The Intensity Control Circuit also blanks the CRT trace as needed (e.g. when writing alphanumeric).

The High Voltage Supply circuit generates the necessary voltages for the CRT. The Filament Voltage Control circuit limits the CRT filament's current.

2-16. Power Conditioning circuit (figure 6-8)

The low current power for the Horizontal Sweep Integrator circuit and Vertical Signal Buffer circuit is filtered by C1 - L1, and C2 - L2. The high current switched battery voltage (SWBATT) and ground (DGND) for the CRT Yoke circuits and High Voltage Supply module, is provided by a separate two conductor cable (P52) which connects to J52. Bypassing for these circuits is provided by C10, C11 and C16.

The low current and high current grounds are connected together on the A2A2 Control CCA.

2-17. Horizontal Sweep Integrator circuit (figure 6-8)

The logic level square wave HORIZONTAL SWEEP is supplied by A2A2 Control CCA, and routed through R37 to provide a gain adjustment for setting the width of the CRT trace. The square wave is AC coupled into a triangular waveform generator composed of R1 to R3, C4, C5, and U2A. This circuit produces an S corrected triangular waveform which compensates for the nonlinearity in the deflection of the CRT trace near the edges. C14-R43, and C15-R44 provide filtering for U2A DC power.

2-18. Horizontal Deflection Bridge circuit (figure 6-8)

A push-pull amplifier bridge (Q1 to Q4, U1A/B) is used to generate the positive and negative drive currents for the horizontal coil in the Deflection Yoke Assembly (A2L1), which are proportional to the voltage input from the Horizontal Sweep Integrator circuit.

R4 to R7, R11, and R12 determine the gain (differential and common mode) of the amplifier. The quiescent operating point is set by the divided voltage determined by R11 to R14, with C6 providing noise immunity. Q1 and Q2 increase the current capacity of U1B's output to a level sufficient to drive the Deflection Yoke Assembly (A2L1). Q3 and Q4 provide the same function for U1A. Power for the output transistor drive circuitry is provided by switched battery (SWBATT). The current through the horizontal coil of A2L1 is sampled by R9 and R39, which are part of the amplifier's feedback circuitry. The Q of A2L1 horizontal coil is decreased by R15 for more stable performance.

2-19. Vertical Signal Buffer circuit (figure 6-8)

The analog vertical deflection signal (VERTICAL DEFLECTION) from the A2A2 Control CCA is adjusted in amplitude by R38. U2B is configured as a unity gain buffer amplifier. This provides a low impedance signal source for driving the Vertical Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit.

2-20. Vertical Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit (figure 6-8)

Circuit operation is similar (analog version) to the Horizontal Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit described above. A push-pull amplifier bridge (Q5 to Q8, U1C/D) is used to generate the positive and negative drive currents for the vertical coil in the Deflection Yoke Assembly (A2L1).

R16 to R19, R23, and 24 determine the gain (differential and common mode) of the amplifier. The quiescent operating point is set by the divided voltage determined by R8 and R10, with C9 providing noise immunity. Due to the higher current requirements for driving the vertical coil of A2L1, Darlington transistors (Q5 to Q8) are used in the amplifier bridge circuit. Q5 and Q6 increase the current capacity of U1C's output to a level sufficient to drive A2L1 vertical coil. Q7 and Q8 provide the same function for U1D. CR3 and CR4 help to reduce the crossover distortion by lessening the output swing at U1C/D output during zero crossover. Power for the output transistor drive circuitry is provided by the Vertical Yoke Power Supply circuit.

During the alphanumeric writing portion of the CRT trace (left to right sweep) the bridge amplifier is supplied with 12 Vdc power, but during the ECG writing portion of the CRT trace (right to left sweep) the output amplifier is supplied with 24 Vdc. The higher supply voltage (for the ECG vector scan) provides sufficient drive capability for A2L1 vertical coil inductance to accurately draw the ECG waveform with its steep vertical spikes at each QRS wave. The current through A2L1 vertical coil is sampled by resistor R21, which is part of the amplifier's feedback circuitry. The Q of A2L1 vertical coil is decreased by a R25 for more stable performance.

2-21. Vertical Yoke Power Supply circuit (figure 6-8)

The Vertical Deflection Bridge Amplifier circuit requires 12 and 24 Vdc power to properly drive A2L1. The Vertical Yoke Power Supply (CR6, CR7, Q11 to Q13) is basically a voltage doubler with only a single diode and capacitor (output is not maintained at the doubled voltage). The horizontal sweep signal HORIZONTAL SWEEP is a logic level square wave with a period of 16 msec. Q11 is alternately turned off/on by this square wave. When Q11 is conducting, base

current from Q13 through R35 turns Q13 on. Alternatively, when Q11 is not conducting, R34 pulls the drain to near 12V, which causes Q13 to turn off while causing Q12 to conduct. R36 limits the maximum current through Q12. The result is that the collector of Q13 switches between nearly zero volts and nearly 12 V. C13 is charged to 12 V through CR7 when the collector of Q13 is at near ground potential. When Q13 switches, the cathode of CR7 is raised to nearly 24 V since the C13 has a 12 V charge across itself. The value of C13 is chosen to insure that the voltage drop during the 24 V cycle is acceptably small.

2-22. Filament Voltage Control circuit (figure 6-8)

The CRT (A2V1) filament is powered by the 12 Vdc battery voltage SWBATT. R32 and R33 limit the DC current to A2V1 filament, insuring long tube life. SW BATT will exceed 12 V by about 2.3 V during AC operation and battery charging.

2-23. High Voltage Supply circuit (figure 6-8)

The sealed power supply module with support board, generates the anode, grid, and cathode voltages for the CRT (A2V1).

Anode voltage is +5.5 kV, and high voltage connector (P51) connects directly to A2V1 anode.

Grid 2 and 4 of A2V1 are biased at +100 V relative to ground. This power supply line is bypassed by C12.

+40 V is provided for use by the Intensity Control circuit.

Grid 1 and CRT DAG connect to ground. The frame around the CRT faceplate connects to the DAG by a copper shorting strap. The metal frame to which the CRT mounts is connected to ground via a wire on J53 pin 7.

2-24. Intensity Control circuit (figure 6-8)

The intensity of the CRT trace is controlled by modulating the cathode current. Two distinct current levels are used to provide two brightness levels for normal ECG and the ECG sync marker (higher intensity). The INTENSITY control is connected to the emitter of the common base circuit made up of Q9 and Q10. Thus different impedances as seen from the emitter (as

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controlled by A2A2 Control CCA) cause different cathode current levels. To minimize induced noise on the intensity signal (i.e. on the ribbon cable P31), a current 40 times larger than the beam current is sent over the ribbon cable. A current divider is used (R26, R27, Q9, Q10) to divide the intensity signal by 40. The first transistor (Q9) controls the cathode current. The second transistor (Q10) provides some thermal compensation for the current divider and provides the CRT blanking feature. The blanking circuit is comprised of R29 and CR5. When the CRT trace is to be blanked, the intensity control is pulled high (+5V). Both Q9 and Q10 will be turned off and the collector of Q9 will go high. CR5 will be forward biased while the cathode capacitance is charged by R29. A neon lamp (DS1) and R31 protect the intensity circuit from CRT arcing.

2-25. A2A1 POWER SUPPLY CCA (figure 6-1)

The A2A1 Power Supply Assembly is capable of converting a 47 to 63 Hz AC input, between 103 and 253 volts, to a low ripple +14.3 volt DC output, with a maximum short circuit current of approximately 4 A, and an output power limit of 40 watts. The supply is a high efficiency switching type, with an operating frequency of about 100 kHz. It is used as the primary power source for the instrument whenever acceptable AC power is available, with or without a battery installed.

If the AC line voltage is too low to allow A2A1 to provide the expected +14.3 V, a POWERFAIL signal is activated. The POWERFAIL signal is used by the DC-DC circuits on the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA to open A2A3K101 and isolate A2A1.

The A2A1 Power Supply CCA is not repairable and contains no replaceable parts.

2-26. BT1 BATTERY ASSEMBLY (figure 6-1)

The Battery Assembly consists of a sealed, six cell lead acid type battery with a storage capacity of 2.9 Amp-hours at 12 volts (nominal). With a full charge, the battery is capable of providing a minimum of 4 hours without using the recorder, and a minimum of 1 hour if the recorder is used continuously.

There are three wires (P14) exiting the battery assembly. Two are connected to the positive, and one is connected to the negative side of the battery. A nonrecoverable thermal fuse is in series with one of the positive wires. It is designed to disconnect the battery from the charging circuit at a still safe, through high, temperature. The other positive wire is only used to sense battery voltage and does not carry large current.

The battery assembly has a hose fitting which vents through a flexible tube to the front panel. In the event of a malfunction, where hydrogen is generated within the cells, the tube vents the hydrogen out of the enclosure.

2-27. A3 FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY

The A3 Front Panel Assembly consists of the plastic front panel, and the components that mount to it. Electrically it can be broken down into five major assemblies/circuits.

- A3A1 Recorder Assembly.
- A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA.
- A3A3 Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly.
- Speaker (SP1).
- Power Cord (P19).

2-28. A3A1 RECORDER ASSEMBLY (figure 6-1)

The A3A1 Recorder Assembly is has a full 0.05 to 100 Hz diagnostic bandwidth printing capability for ECG data. Although mechanically attached to the A3 Front Panel Assembly, it is electrically connected and controlled by the A2A2 Control CCA using a 40 conductor ribbon cable (P4). Approximately half of the lines in P4 are used directly by the thermal recorder circuits.

Mechanically, the A3A1 Recorder Assembly contains the motor assembly, spindle assembly, paper housing assembly, and thermal array printhead to output information sent from the A2A2 Control CCA, on a 2 inch wide roll of thermal paper.

Electrically, the A3A1 Recorder Assembly can be broken down into three major assemblies.

- A3A1A1 Recorder Display CCA.
- A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA.
- A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly.

2-29. A3A1A1 RECORDER DISPLAY CCA (figure 6-11)

The A3A1A1 Recorder Display CCA is a printed circuit assembly consisting of a 10 segment bar graph (DS5), and four individual LEDs (DS1 to DS4).

Each segment of the bar graph (DS5) has a dedicated signal line for the cathode, and the anodes are connected to +5 Vdc via a series current limiting resistors (R1 to R10). The segments are enabled by pulling the cathode line to logic '0' (ground).

Each of the four LEDs (DS1 to DS4) has a dedicated signal line for the cathode, and the anodes are connected to +5 Vdc via a series current limiting resistors (R11 to R14). The LEDs are enabled by pulling the cathode line to logic '0' (ground).

DS1 to DS5 are connected directly to independent circuits on connector (P41A/B).

2-30. A3A1A2 RECORDER INTERFACE CCA (figure 6-12)

The A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA interconnects the A2A2 Control CCA to the following circuits:

- Recorder Printhead.
- Motor and Related Sensors.
- A3A1A3 Recorder Display CCA.
- A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly.

All control signals to and from the A2A2 Control CCA are provided on P4 (40 conductor ribbon cable).

The high current +12 Vdc from the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA for the recorder motor and thermal printhead is provided on P45 (2 conductor cable).

The connections for the thermal printhead (J43), A3A1A3 Recorder Display CCA (J41) and A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly (J42) connect directly to P4.

LED (CR3) and photo-transistor (Q2) are used to sense the speed of the recorder's motor. A shutter (attached to the rear motor shaft) causes Q2 to turn off/on. R6 and R3 provide the necessary current limiting to CR3 and Q2. The signal is sent back to A2A2 Control CCA on P4 pin 36.

The recorder motor is controlled by Q1. An AC signal (P4, pin 39) is sent to control the gate of Q1 (via C2, R4, R5, and CR2). CR1 conducts the back EMF from the motor winding. The motor connects to J44 pins 3 and 4.

An additional LED and photo-transistor pair is mounted on the recorder frame to sense the motion of the ECG paper roll spindle (J44, pin 1-2, 5-6). R1 and R2 provide the required current limiting for the photo sensor components. The signals are routed back to A2A2 Control CCA on P4 pin 38.

2-31. A3A1A3 RECORDER MEMBRANE SWITCH ASSEMBLY (figure 6-1)

The A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly is a combination label and switch circuit that mounts into the recorder door.

5 normally open switches are provided (MODE, RIGHT/LEFT arrow, 1 mV CAL, and RUN/STOP) to control recorder/memory operations. The switches are a domed membrane type with screened conductive surfaces. Depressing a switch will cause <250Ω of resistance between the specified terminals:

Key Switch	P42 pin number
RUN/STOP	1-2
1 mV CAL	9-8
MODE	1-3
LEFT ARROW	9-7
RIGHT ARROW	4-5
Open (no connection)	6

RUN/STOP and 1 mV CAL are used to control the recorder mechanical assembly via the A2A2 Control CCA. MODE, RIGHT and LEFT arrow are used to control the A2A4 ECG Memory CCA via the A2A2 Control CCA.

NOTE

For more information about how switch presses are detected, refer to A2A2 Control CCA theory.

2-32. A3A2 MONITOR CONTROL DISPLAY CCA (figure 6-13)

The A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA is a printed circuit assembly consisting of four circuits.

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- Power on/off circuit.
- Battery Charge LED circuit.
- Select/Alarm/Low Battery LED circuit.
- Switch Panel Diode circuit.

Power on/off Circuit

When the unit is not powered up, Q1 is not conducting and the +5 V is not present. To turn the unit on, one side of R7 (P10 pin 3) is switched to ground when the ON key is depressed. Once the ON/OFF signal is pulled low (P33 pin 14), the monitor will begin to power up. Once powered, the power supply will generate +5 V which is applied to the gate of Q1 (via R4 and R5), causing Q1 to remain conducting after R7 is no longer connected to ground using the ON switch. To turn the unit off, one side of R6 (P10 pin 5) is switched to ground when the front panel OFF key is depressed. This causes the gate of Q1 to drop to near 0 volts, causing Q1 to stop conducting. The +5 V supply is disabled once the unit is powered down. C3, CR13, and CR14 provide noise and static protection.

Battery Charge LED Circuit

DS6 is enabled when a +5V signal is applied to P33 pin 13. R16 limits DS6 current.

Select/Alarm/Low Battery LED Circuit

DS1 to DS5, and DS7 are controlled by 8 bit serial to parallel shift register (U1). Each time the LED display information SER DATA (P33 pin 6) is to be updated, serial data is shifted into U1 data input (SER). The shift register clock SCK (P33 pin 8) is positive edge triggered. Once the new LED data is loaded into U1, the data register clock LED ENABLE (P33 pin 7) is toggled to load the data into U1. The output enable (G) on U1 is held low to always enable the output drivers. The shift register clear SCLR is held high to disable this function. The LEDs (DS1 to DS5, and DS7) have series current limiting resistors (R10 to R15) which connect to +5V. R1 to R3 and CR1 to CR6 provide static protection for U1.

Switch Panel Diode Circuit

CR7 to CR9 and CR10 to CR12 connect to the A3A3 Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly

using P10. They are used to allow the switch panel to be operated in a matrix format.

2-33. A3A3 MONITOR CONTROL MEMBRANE SWITCH ASSEMBLY (figure 6-1)

The A3A3 Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly is a combination label and switch circuit that mounts into the front panel of the Monitor-Recorder module.

8 normally open switches are provided (ON, OFF, ALARMS ON/OFF, LEAD SELECT, PADDLES, SELECT, DOWN and UP arrow) to control Monitor-Recorder operations. The switches are a domed membrane type with screened conductive surfaces. Depressing a switch will cause <250Ω of resistance between the specified terminals:

Key Switch	P10 pin number
ON	4-3
OFF/RECHARGE	4-5
ALARMS ON/OFF	11-1
LEAD SELECT	6-2
PADDLES	9-8
SELECT	6-7
DOWN ARROW	11-12
UP ARROW	9-10

NOTE

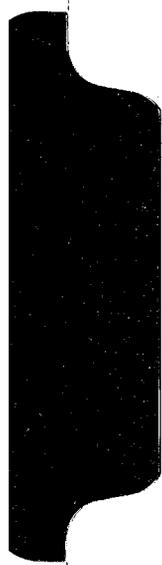
For more information about how switch presses are detected, refer to A2A2 Control CCA theory.

2-34. A3SP1 Speaker (figure 6-1)

The A3SP1 Speaker (beeper) is used to audibly signal the user of various conditions. The 8Ω speaker is physically mounted on the front panel. It outputs an audible tone to alert the operator. The drive signal for the beeper is connected to the drive signal from A2A2 via P37.

2-35. A3P19 AC Line Cord (figure 6-1)

Standard three wire hospital grade cable is connected within the instrument directly to A2A1.





SECTION III - CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS
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3-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the Checks and Adjustments that may need to be performed from time to time, or after a major repair. Checks and Adjustments are provided in four parts.

- A. INSTRUMENT MODES
- B. LEVEL II PERFORMANCE CHECKS
- C. SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE CHECKS
- D. ADJUSTMENTS

A. INSTRUMENT MODES

3-2. READ BATTERY VOLTAGE

Battery voltage should be checked weekly as follows:

1. Disconnect the AC power cord.
2. Press the POWER ON key.
3. Press the SELECT key until the BEEPER indicator is on.
4. Press and hold both the UP and DOWN arrow keys at the same time. Verify the CRT screen displays reads "BATT ~13.0V".

NOTE

Low Battery warning message comes on at ~11.8 V, and low battery shutdown occurs at ~11.2 V.

5. Reconnect the AC power cord, repeat steps 1-4, and verify the CRT screen display reads "BATT ~14.3V".

NOTE

~14.3 V indicates the battery charger is working normally.

B. LEVEL II PERFORMANCE CHECKS

Perform these checks every six months. For best results, use the equipment recommended. Record the Monitor-Recorder serial number and the date the checks were performed.

3-3. TEST EQUIPMENT

Test equipment required for performing the level II performance, and safety and maintenance checks is listed in Table 3-1. Test equipment characteristics and a recommended commercial model are included. If the recommended model is not available, select another with similar characteristics and capabilities.

WARNING

LETHAL VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT INSIDE THE MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE AND ARE EXPOSED WHEN THE MONITOR-RECORDER IS REMOVED FROM THE CASE. DO NOT WORK INSIDE THE INSTRUMENT WHEN POWER IS APPLIED.

Table 3-1. Required Test Equipment for Performance, Safety and Maintenance Tests

REQUIRED TEST EQUIPMENT FOR LEVEL II PERFORMANCE, SAFETY and MAINTENANCE TESTS	
REQUIREMENT	NECESSARY QUALIFICATIONS
DIGITAL VOLTMETER Recommend: HP 3468A	Capable of 5 to 15 Vdc ±1% measurements.
OHMMETER	Capable of 0.1 to 10Ω ±2% measurements.
PATIENT ECG SIMULATOR Recommend: Dynatech Nevada ECG 100	Output Level: 1 mV, 60 to 120 bpm normal sinus rhythm.
SAFETY ANALYZER Recommend: Dynatech Nevada 431F	No substitute.

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3-4. ECG AMPLIFIER NOISE

1. Connect the Equipment as shown in Figure 3-1.

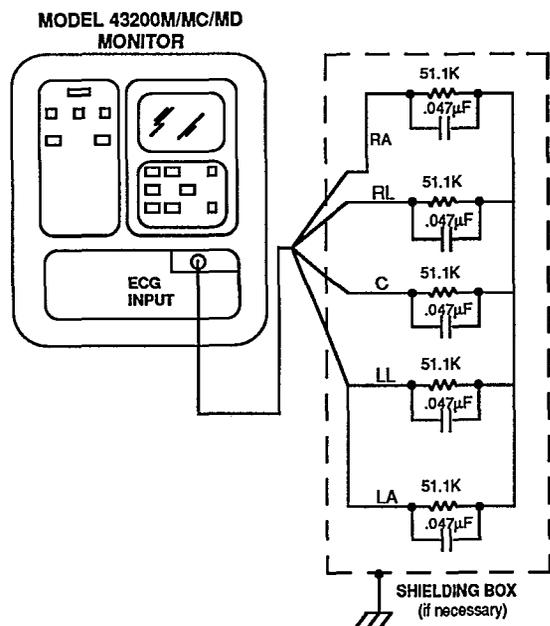


Figure 3-1. ECG Amplifier Noise Test Setup.

2. Press the POWER ON key.
3. Press LEAD SELECT key until lead II is displayed.
4. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on.
5. Press UP arrow key ten times.

NOTE

This sets the internal GAIN to maximum.

6. Press RUN/STOP key and allow a 5 second recorder strip run. Press RUN/STOP key again to stop run.
7. Verify ECG p-p noise as shown on the recorder strip is less than 1/16".

NOTE

Test limit is 30 μ V p-p referred to input. Each vertical pixel/dot on the recorder strip or CRT screen represents 5 μ V referred to input with the ECG gain set to maximum (40 mm/mV).

8. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

3-5. ECG AMPLIFIER GAIN

1. Connect the Equipment as shown in Figure 3-2.

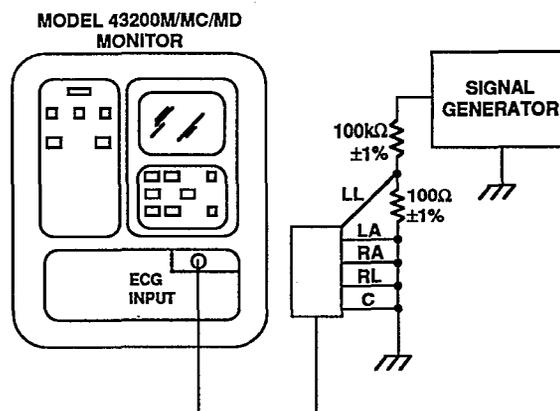


Figure 3-2. ECG Amplifier Gain Test Setup.

2. Press the POWER ON key.
3. Press LEAD SELECT key until lead II is displayed.
4. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on.
5. Press DOWN arrow key ten times. Press UP arrow key three times.

NOTE

This sets the internal GAIN to 1000. Press RECORDER RUN and verify gain is set to 10 mm/mV. Press RECORDER STOP.

6. Adjust Signal Generator output to 2.0 Vp-p at 5 Hz sinewave.
7. Press RUN/STOP key and allow a 5 second recorder strip run. Press RUN/STOP key again to stop run.
8. Verify ECG signal as shown on the recorder strip is 20 mm p-p \pm 5%.
 - If reading is incorrect, perform ECG Gain Adjust (paragraph 3-10).
 - If reading is correct, proceed with step 9.

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9. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on.
10. Press DOWN arrow key ten times.

NOTE

This sets the internal GAIN to 250 (minimum).

11. Adjust Signal Generator output to 5.0 Vp-p.
12. Press RUN/STOP key and allow a 5 second recorder strip run while observing the CRT screen. Press RUN/STOP key again to stop run.
13. Verify ECG signal as shown on the CRT Screen is 16 mm p-p $\pm 10\%$, and as shown on the recorder strip is 12.5 mm p-p $\pm 10\%$.
14. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on.
15. Press UP arrow key one time.

NOTE

Each time the UP arrow is pressed, the internal GAIN is increased by one step (i.e., from 250 to 400, then to 650, etc).

16. Adjust Signal Generator output to the appropriate levels shown in Table 3-2.
17. Repeat steps 12 to 16 using Table 3-2, and verify readings on the CRT screen and recorder strip are within specified limits.

Table 3-2. ECG Amplifier Gain Limits.

Sig Gen p-p Input Voltage	Theoretical Gain	Measured Height (mm p-p) $\pm 10\%$	
		CRT	Recorder
5	0250	16	12.5
5	0400	26	20.0
5	0650	43	32.5
2	1000	26	20.0
2	1300	34	26.0
1	2000	26	20.0
1	3000	40	30.0
1	4000	53	40.0

18. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

C. SAFETY AND MAINTENANCE CHECKS

Perform these checks every six months or after a major repair.

NOTE

Make these initial checks before performing the safety tests.

3-6. POWER CORD TO CHASSIS GROUND RESISTANCE CHECK

1. Press the POWER OFF key and disconnect the AC power cord. Connect the test equipment as shown in Figure 3-3.

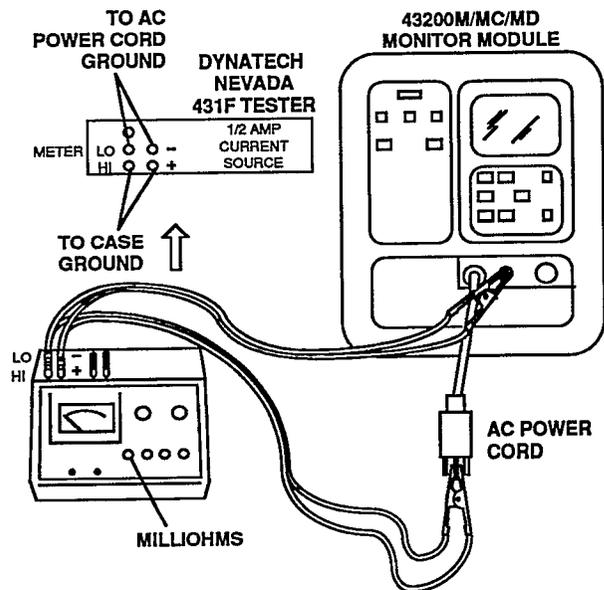


Figure 3-3. Power Cord to Chassis Ground Resistance Check Test Setup.

2. Connect the dual banana plug of a Kelvin Cable between the LO meter terminal of the Tester and the - (negative) terminal of the 1/2 amp source on the Tester.
3. Connect the clip on the other end of the Cable to the ground pin of the Monitor-Recorder module male power connector.

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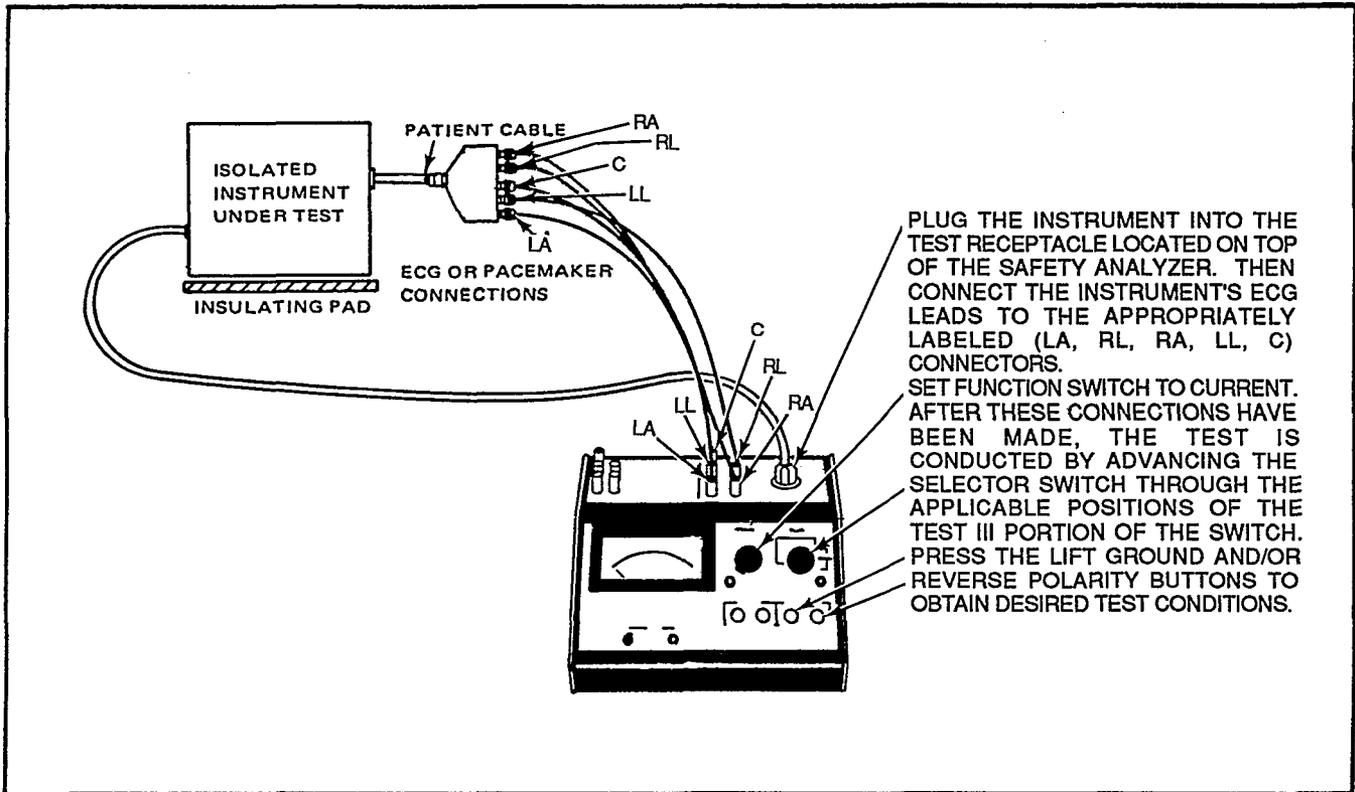


Figure 3-4. Patient Lead Leakage Current (Source Leakage) Test Setup.

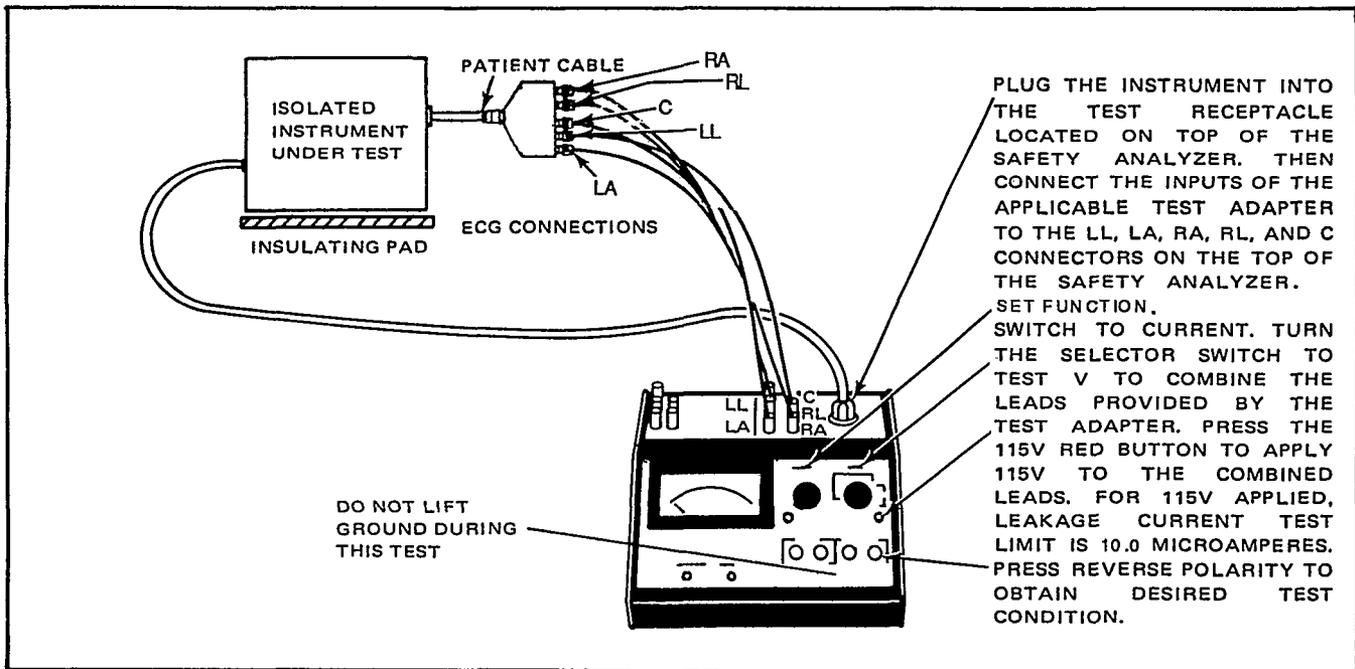


Figure 3-5. Patient Lead Leakage Current (Sink Current) with 115V Applied Test Setup.

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NOTE

Follow any instructions included in the figure.

4. Connect the dual banana plug of the second Kelvin Cable between HI terminal of the meter section and the + (positive) terminal of the 1/2 amp source.
5. Connect the clip on the other end to a banana/banana cable inserted in the external ground jack on the front of the Monitor-Recorder module.
6. Press MILLIOHMS and read the resistance on the current ranges. Verify the readings is less than or equal to 0.20Ω .
7. Disconnect test equipment.

3-7. PATIENT LEAD LEAKAGE CURRENT (SOURCE LEAKAGE) TO GROUND

1. Connect the test equipment as shown in Figure 3-4.

NOTE

Follow any instructions included in the figure.

2. Perform the test as instructed in figure 3-4.
3. Using the patient cable in the test setup, measure leakage current between each patient lead and ground. Verify current is not more than $10\mu\text{A}$.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 under each of the following power polarity and grounding conditions with the power ON and OFF.

CONDITIONS:

- a. Chassis grounded, standard power polarity.
 - b. Chassis grounded, reverse power polarity.
 - c. Chassis ungrounded, standard power polarity.
 - d. Chassis ungrounded, reverse power polarity.
5. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

3-8. LEAKAGE CURRENT BETWEEN PATIENT LEADS CHECK

1. Connect the test equipment as shown in Figure 3-4.

2. Perform the test as instructed in figure 3-4.
3. Using the patient cable in the test setup, measure the leakage current between each patient lead. Verify current is not more than $10\mu\text{A}$.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 under each of the following power polarity and grounding conditions with the power ON and OFF.

CONDITIONS:

- a. Chassis grounded, standard power polarity.
 - b. Chassis grounded, reverse power polarity.
 - c. Chassis ungrounded, standard power polarity.
 - d. Chassis ungrounded, reverse power polarity.
5. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

3-9. PATIENT LEAD LEAKAGE CURRENT (SINK CURRENT) WITH 115 VOLTS APPLIED

1. Connect the test equipment as shown in Figure 3-5.

NOTE

Follow any instructions included in the figure.

2. Perform the test as instructed in figure 3-5.
3. Using the exact test setup shown, measure the patient lead leakage current for all leads tied together while driving the leads with line voltage. Verify current is not more than $10\mu\text{A}$.
4. Repeat steps 2 and 3 under each of the following power polarity conditions with chassis grounded and with the power ON and OFF.

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CONDITIONS:

- a. Chassis grounded, standard power polarity.
 - b. Chassis grounded, reverse power polarity.
5. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

D. ADJUSTMENTS

Internal adjustments are made at the factory and normally do not require attention. However, if assemblies are repaired or replaced, check and adjust as necessary.

The printhead should be cleaned every 3 months (paragraph 3-15), or when a buildup of carbon residue becomes excessive and causes poor print quality.

All test equipment necessary to make the adjustments is listed in each Adjustment Procedure.

The instrument case must be opened to gain access to the adjustment controls. Refer to Section IV as required.

3-10. ECG GAIN ADJUSTMENT

This is for adjustment of the ECG Gain Amplifier. Adjustment location is on the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA (figure 6-6).

Equipment Required:

Signal Generator	Capable of 3 Vp-p at 5 Hz $\pm 2\%$ sinewave.
Fixed Resistors	(1) 100k Ω and (1) 100 Ω , $\pm 1\%$.

Procedure:

1. On the Monitor-Recorder Module:
 - Press the POWER OFF key.
 - Press and hold the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys, press the POWER ON key, then immediately press the SELECT key. Release the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys. Verify the CRT screen shows a ramp waveform followed by a stair step waveform.
 - Verify BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "GAIN xxxx a" is displayed on the CRT screen.

2. Press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on. Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys until "GAIN 1000" is displayed on the CRT screen.
3. Press SELECT key until BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "NOISE x.xxv" is displayed on the CRT screen.
4. Connect the Signal Generator and resistors as shown in figure 3-6.

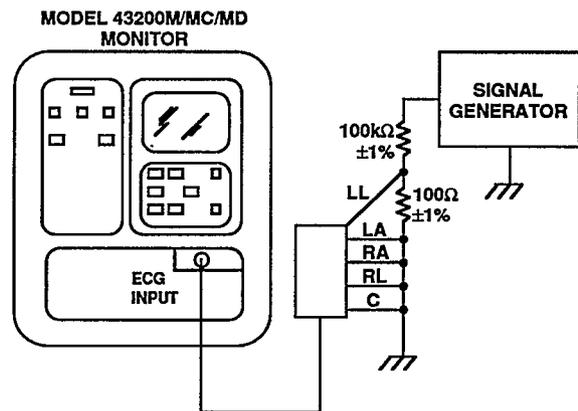


Figure 3-6. ECG Gain Adjust Test Setup.

5. Adjust Signal Generator output to 3.0 Vp-p at 5Hz sinewave.
6. Press LEAD SELECT key until lead II is displayed on CRT screen.
7. Adjust A2A3R311 "GAIN" until CRT screen reads NOISE 3.00v (2.90 to 3.10).
8. Press POWER OFF key and disconnect test equipment.

3-11. ECG OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

This is for offset adjustment of the ECG Gain Amplifier. Adjustment location is on the A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA (figure 6-6).

Equipment Required:

Shorting Jumpers (5)

Procedure:

1. On the Monitor-Recorder Module:
 - Press the POWER OFF key.

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3-16. PRINTHEAD ALIGNMENT

The printhead needs alignment if the print is darker on one half of the paper than the other half.

NOTES

Always clean the printhead before performing the alignment procedure to verify that the cause is misalignment and not a dirty printhead.

The printhead alignment is a difficult adjustment to make, because the Recorder must be disassembled to access the adjustment screw.

1. Clean printhead (paragraph 3-15). Operate recorder and verify that the print is darker on one half of the paper than the other half.
 - If it still is, proceed with step 2.
 - If not, the printhead was just dirty and the recorder is operational.
2. Remove the A3A1 Recorder Assembly (Section IV, paragraph 4-14).
3. Remove the two screws in the bottom of the Recorder next to the recorder latch, and separate the recorder housing from the recorder door. Separate only enough to gain access to the adjustment set screw. The set screw is located underneath the flat ribbon cable on the upper printhead housing wall.

CAUTION

Take care when separating the housing from the door as not to damage any cables.

4. Position the Recorder Assembly next to the Monitor-Recorder and reconnect the following wires:
 - 40 pin ribbon cable A3A1A2P4 to A2A2J4.
 - 2 wire cable A3A1A2P45 to A2A5J3.
 - Green/Yellow ground wire to chassis with nut and washer.
5. On the Monitor-Recorder Module:
 - Press the POWER OFF key.

- Press and hold the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys, press the POWER ON key, then immediately press the SELECT key. Release the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys. Verify the CRT screen shows a ramp waveform followed by a stair step waveform.
- Press the RUN/STOP key and verify the recorder prints the same ramp waveform followed by a stair step waveform as the CRT.

NOTE

It is normal for the ramp portion of the waveform to be clipped on the top and bottom on the printed output.

6. Using a hex key, adjust the set screw on the upper printhead housing wall until the bottom half of the paper is printing light, then back off the set screw until the bottom half darkens to the same intensity as the top half.

WARNING

The recorder assembly may have to be physically held in order to perform adjustment. Dangerous voltages are present when the covers are removed.

NOTE

Adjusting for greater darkening on the top half can cause paper tracking problems.

7. Allow the recorder to run for approximately 30 seconds to verify the intensity remains the same for top and bottom, and that the paper tracks correctly. If not, repeat step 6.
8. Reassemble the recorder housing and the recorder door, and replace the two screws in the bottom of the recorder next to the recorder door latch.
9. Install the A3A1 Recorder Assembly (Section IV, paragraph 4-14).
10. Repeat step 5 and verify print intensity and tracking are correct. If not, repeat procedure.







4-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the procedures used to remove and replace the following items:

- Monitor-Recorder Module (from case).
- Battery Assembly (BT1).
- Infrared Link Circuit Card Assembly (CCA) (A1A1).
- Chassis Assembly (A2).
- Power Supply CCA (A2A1).
- Control CCA (A2A2).
- ECG/Power Supply CCA (A2A3).
- ECG Memory CCA (A2A4).
- CRT Deflection CCA (A2A5).
- Deflection Yoke Assembly (A2L1).
- CRT Assembly (A2V1).
- Front Panel Assembly (A3).
- Recorder Assembly (A3A1).
- Recorder Display CCA (A3A1A1).
- Recorder Interface CCA (A3A1A2).
- Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly (A3A1A3).
- Recorder Mechanical Assembly.
- Recorder Printhead Replacement.
- Monitor Control Display CCA (A3A2).
- Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly (A3A3).

Illustrations are provided at the end of this section to identify all the items referenced (both by name and reference designator) in the following procedures.

- Monitor-Recorder Front View - figure 4-1.
- Monitor-Recorder Top View - figure 4-2.
- Monitor-Recorder Right Side View - figure 4-3.
- Monitor-Recorder Left Side View - figure 4-4.
- Recorder Assembly - figure 4-5.

Reverse disassembly instructions to reassemble. Use the torque chart listed below when re-tightening hardware.

No. 2 Screw	2 in-lbs
No. 4 Screw	6 in-lbs
No. 6 Screw	8 in-lbs
No. 6 Screw with rubber washer	6 in-lbs
No. 8 Screw	12 in-lbs
No. 8 Plastic standoff	2 in-lbs
Strain relief on AC power cord	10 in-lbs

4-2. MONITOR-RECORDER MODULE

WARNING

DISCONNECT THE MONITOR-RECORDER FROM THE A.C. POWER SOURCE BEFORE PROCEEDING.

THIS UNIT IS BATTERY POWERED, CAUSING DANGEROUS VOLTAGES TO BE PRESENT EVEN WITH AC POWER SOURCE REMOVED.

1. Disconnect AC power cord from AC source.
2. Press the POWER OFF key.
3. Working from front, remove 18 screws and washers holding Monitor-Recorder module front panel.
4. Slide Monitor-Recorder module out of case enough to disconnect A1A1 Infrared Link CCA 10 pin ribbon cable A1A1P36 from the A2A2 Control CCA.
5. Remove Monitor-Recorder module.
6. Disconnect 3 wire battery cable BT1P14.

4-3. BATTERY ASSEMBLY (BT1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Working from left side, disconnect 3 wire cable BT1P14 and battery vent tube.
3. Remove two screws with washers, and battery retainer.
4. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly.
5. When installing the Battery Assembly, make sure the vent hole and BT1P14 are facing up. Reconnect battery vent tube.

4-4. INFRARED LINK CCA (A1A1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Working from inside the case, remove two screws and washers.
3. Remove A1A1 Infrared Link CCA.
4. When installing A1A1 Infrared Link CCA, make sure 10 pin ribbon cable A1A1P36 is positioned on top and components are facing towards window.

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4-5. CHASSIS ASSEMBLY (A2)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 6 wire cable A3P26 (A2A2J26).
 - 14 pin ribbon cable A3A3P33 (A2A2J33).
 - 40 pin ribbon cable A3A1A2P4 (A2A2J4).
 - 2 wire cable A3P37 (A2A2J37).
 - 2 wire cable A3A1A2P45 (A2A5J3).
 - Remove nut and washer holding Green/Yellow ground wire (on top left side). Disconnect Green/Yellow ground wire.
4. Remove four screws, washers, and spacers holding A2 Chassis Assembly to A3 Front Panel Assembly. The two screws on the bottom (in front) remain in place.
5. Carefully separate A2 Chassis Assembly from A3 Front Panel Assembly enough to disconnect the following wires:
 - 3 wire cable A3P19 (A2A3J26).
 - Remove three nuts and washers holding Green/Yellow ground wires (on bottom left side). Disconnect Green/Yellow ground wires.
6. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
7. Separate A2 Chassis Assembly from A3 Front Panel Assembly.
8. When installing the A2 Chassis Assembly, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps.

4-6. POWER SUPPLY CCA (A2A1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).

3. Remove A2 Chassis Assembly (paragraph 4-5).
4. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - Wiring harness A2P20 (A2A1 6 pin connector).
5. Working from bottom, remove four screws and washers.
6. Remove A2A1 Power Supply CCA.
7. When installing the A2A1 Power Supply CCA, make sure heatsink is toward rear.

4-7. CONTROL CCA (A2A2)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA (paragraph 4-8).
4. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 14 pin ribbon cable A3A3P33 (A2A2J33).
 - 40 pin ribbon cable A3A1A2P4 (A2A2J4).
 - 2 wire cable A3P37 (A2A2J37).
 - 10 pin ribbon cable A2A5P31 (A2A2J31).
5. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
6. Unscrew eight retainer posts and remove A2A2 Control CCA from A2 Chassis Assembly.
7. When installing A2A2 Control CCA, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps. Install with component side facing forward. Tighten eight retainer posts with fingers only (no tools) to ~2 in-lbs nominal.

4-8. ECG/POWER SUPPLY CCA (A2A3)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).

3. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 6 wire cable A3P26 (A2A3J26).
 - 24 pin ribbon cable A2A2P30 (A2A3J30).
 - 2 wire cable A3A1A2P45 (A2A3J3).
 - Wiring harness A2P20 (A2A3J2).
4. Remove one screw and washer holding Green ground wire from chassis. Disconnect Green ground wire.
5. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
6. Pinch eight retainer posts and lift A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA.
7. Remove A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA from A2A2 Control CCA.
8. When installing A2A2 Control CCA, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps. Install with component side facing forward.

4-9. ECG MEMORY CCA (A2A4)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA (paragraph 4-8).
4. Remove A2A2 Control CCA (paragraph 4-7).
5. Pinch two retainer posts and lift A2A4 ECG Memory CCA.
6. Remove A2A4 ECG Memory CCA from A2A2 Control CCA.

4-10. CRT DEFLECTION CCA (A2A5)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).

3. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - Wiring harness A2P20 (A2A5J52).
 - 10 pin ribbon cable A2A5P31 (A2A2J31).
 - 4 wire cable A2L1P54 (A2A5J54).
 - 6 wire cable A2P53 (A2A5J53).
 - HV Lead A2A5P51 (CRT).

WARNING

High voltage is present on the anode of the CRT (A2V1) when power is removed. After disconnecting lead from A2V1, short anode of A2V1 to chassis ground using an insulated screwdriver.

4. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
5. Working from top, remove four screws with washers.
6. Remove A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA from right side.
7. When installing the A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps. Install in right side with component side facing up.

4-11. DEFLECTION YOKE ASSEMBLY (A2L1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA (paragraph 4-8).
4. Remove A2A2 Control CCA (paragraph 4-7).
5. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 6 wire cable A2P53 (rear CRT).
 - 4 wire cable A2L1P54 (A2A5J54).

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6. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
7. Loosen yoke retainer screw.
8. Slide A2L1 Deflection Yoke Assembly to rear and remove.
9. After installing the A2L1 Deflection Yoke Assembly, perform CRT Display Adjustments (Section III, paragraph 3-12).

4-12. CRT ASSEMBLY (A2V1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A2 Chassis Assembly (paragraph 4-5).
4. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 6 wire cable A2P53 (rear CRT).
 - 4 wire cable A2L1P54 (A2A5J54).
 - HV Lead A2A5P51 (CRT).

WARNING

High voltage is present on the anode of the CRT (A2V1) when power is removed. After disconnecting lead from A2V1, short anode of A2V1 to chassis ground using an insulated screwdriver.

5. Verify that all the cables and wires are clear from retaining clamps and wraps.
6. Working from front, remove four screws with lockwashers and flat washers. Remove A2V1 CRT and A2L1 Deflection Yoke Assembly.
7. Loosen yoke retainer.
8. Slide A2L1 Deflection Yoke Assembly to rear and remove from A2V1 CRT Assembly.
9. Installing the A2L1 Deflection Yoke Assembly on A2V1 CRT Assembly. Make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps. After installation, perform CRT Display Adjustments (Section III, paragraph 3-12).

4-13. FRONT PANEL ASSEMBLY (A3)

1. Follow procedures provided for A2 Chassis Assembly (paragraph 4-5).

4-14. RECORDER ASSEMBLY (A3A1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 40 pin ribbon cable A3A1A2P4 (A2A2J4).
 - 2 wire cable A3A1A2P45 (A2A5J3).
 - Remove nut and washer holding Green/Yellow ground wire (on top left side). Disconnect Green/Yellow ground wire.
4. Remove A2 Chassis Assembly (paragraph 4-5).
5. Working from rear, remove two rubber cable retainers.
6. Working from rear, remove inner recorder shaft E ring clip and washer. Support A3A1 Recorder Assembly and slide shaft out.
7. Feed cable through hole and remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly.
8. When installing A3A1 Recorder Assembly:
 - Feed cables through hole.
 - Slide in shaft and replace washers and retainers.
 - Install cable retainers.

4-15. RECORDER DISPLAY CCA (A3A1A1)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly (paragraph 4-14).
4. Working from back of A3A1 Recorder Assembly, remove two screws with washers, and two cable retainers.

5. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 16 pin ribbon cable A3A1A1P41 (A3A1A2J41).
6. Lift top edge and remove A3A1A1 Recorder Display CCA.
7. When installing A3A1A1 Recorder Display CCA, place bottom edge in first. Make sure indicators align with front panel holes.

4-16. RECORDER INTERFACE CCA (A3A1A2)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly (paragraph 4-14).
4. Working from back of A3A1 Recorder Assembly, remove two screws, washers, and two cable retainers.
5. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 16 pin ribbon cable A3A1A1P41 (A3A1A2J41).
 - 9 pin ribbon cable A3A1A3P42 (A3A1A2J42).
 - 20 pin ribbon cable A3A1P43 (A3A1A2J43).
 - 6 wire cable A3A1P44 (A3A1A2J44).
6. Working from top of A3A1 Recorder Assembly, remove three screws and washers.
7. Remove A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA.
8. When installing A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps.

4-17. RECORDER MEMBRANE SWITCH ASSEMBLY (A3A1A3)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly (paragraph 4-14).

4. Remove A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA (paragraph 4-16).
5. Working from A3A1 Recorder Assembly front, peel A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly and remove (note cable routing).
6. When installing new A3A1A3 Recorder Membrane Switch Assembly, make sure front panel surface is clean and dry. Take care not to kink the switch connector tail.

4-18. RECORDER MECHANICAL ASSEMBLY

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly (paragraph 4-14).
4. Remove A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA (paragraph 4-16).
5. Working from bottom of A3A1 Recorder Assembly, remove two screws and washers.
6. Remove Recorder Mechanical Assembly.
7. When installing Recorder Mechanical Assembly, make sure the cables and wires are routed in the proper holes, clamps, and wraps.

4-19. RECORDER PRINTHEAD REPLACEMENT

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3 Front Panel Assembly (paragraph 4-13).
4. Remove A3A1 Recorder Assembly (paragraph 4-14).
5. Remove A3A1A2 Recorder Interface CCA (paragraph 4-16).
6. Remove Recorder Mechanical Assembly (paragraph 4-18).
7. Remove two screws and printhead latch.
8. Remove two printhead springs.
9. Remove rear retainer and pivot pin.

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10. Remove printhead assembly.
11. When installing new printhead:
 - Verify that front pivot pin is in between adjustment screw and spring.
 - Verify that rear pivot pin and retainer is in place.
 - Make sure printhead springs are centered on tabs/holes.
 - After installation is complete, perform Printhead Alignment (Section III, paragraph 3-16).

4-20. MONITOR CONTROL DISPLAY CCA (A3A2)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3 Front Panel Assembly (paragraph 4-13).
4. Working from back of A3 Front Panel Assembly, remove four screws with washers.
5. Disconnect the following wires (tag before disconnecting if necessary):
 - 12 pin ribbon cable A3A3P10 (A3A2J10).

6. Remove A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA.
7. When installing A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA, make sure indicators align with front panel holes.

4-21. MONITOR CONTROL MEMBRANE SWITCH ASSEMBLY (A3A3)

1. Remove Monitor-Recorder module from case (paragraph 4-2).
2. Remove BT1 Battery Assembly (paragraph 4-3).
3. Remove A3 Front Panel Assembly (paragraph 4-13).
4. Remove A3A2 Monitor Control Display CCA (paragraph 4-19).
5. Working from A3 Front Panel Assembly front, peel A3A3 Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly and remove.
6. When installing new A3A3 Monitor Control Membrane Switch Assembly, make sure front panel surface is clean and dry. Take care not to kink the switch connector tail.

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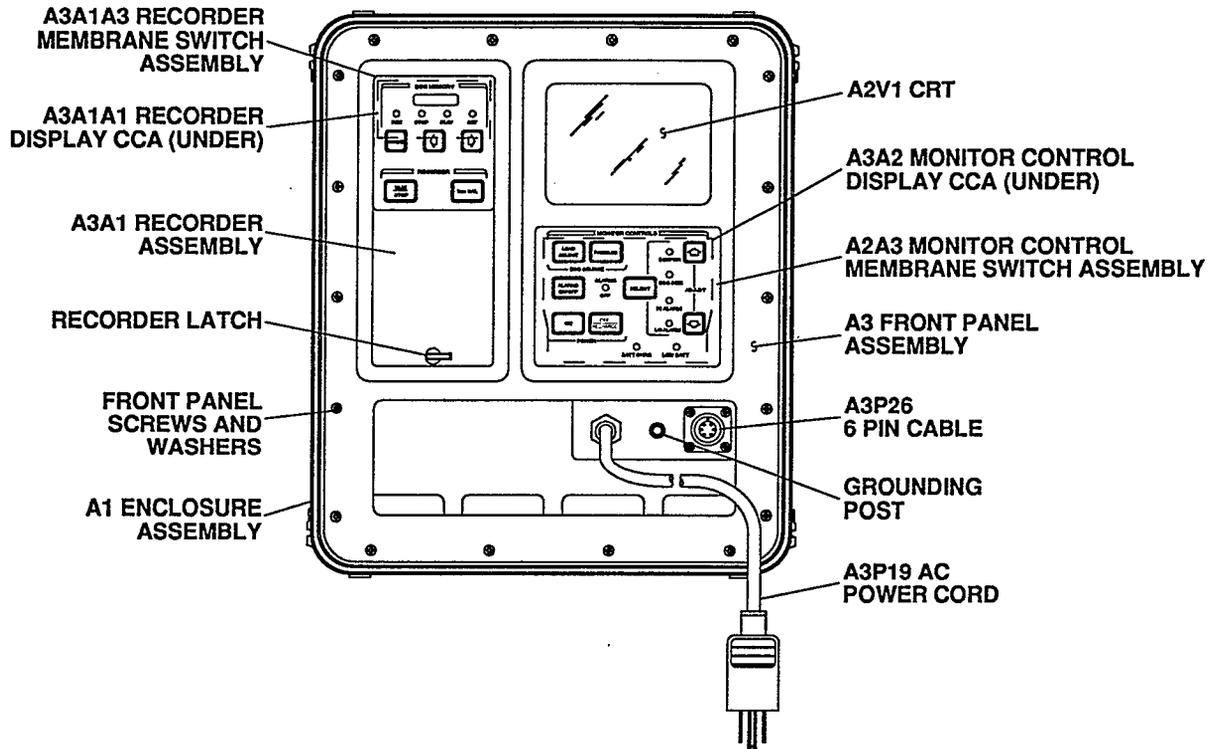


Figure 4-1. Monitor-Recorder Front View.

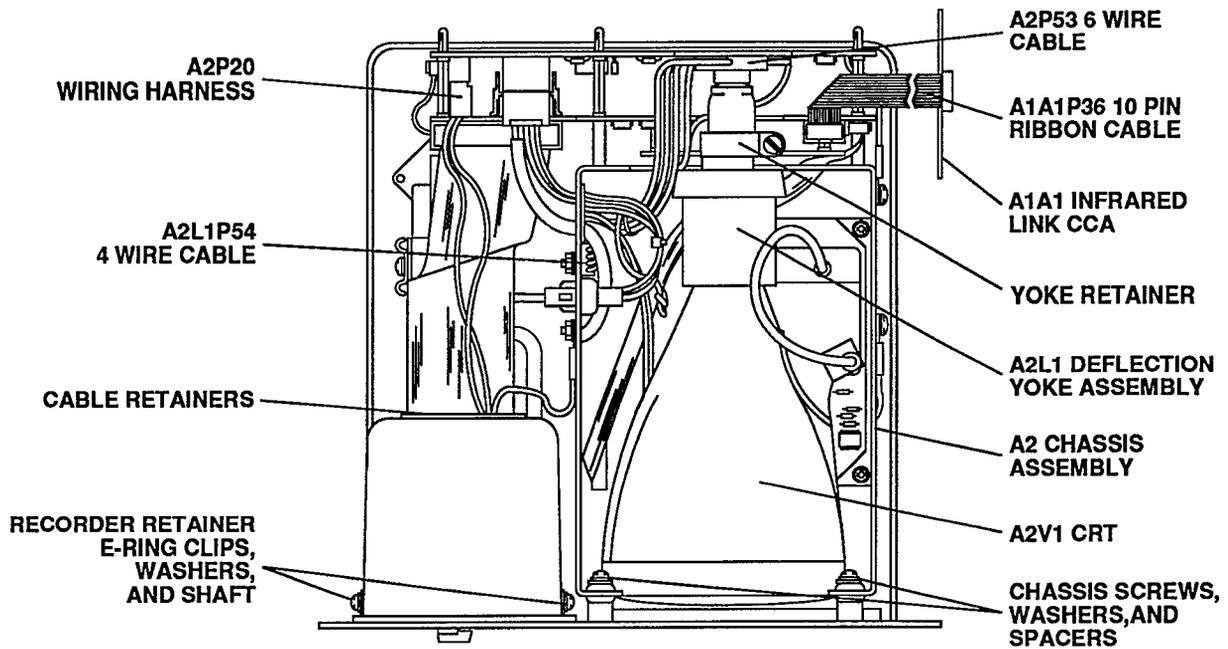


Figure 4-2. Monitor-Recorder Top View.

SECTION IV - SERVICE
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

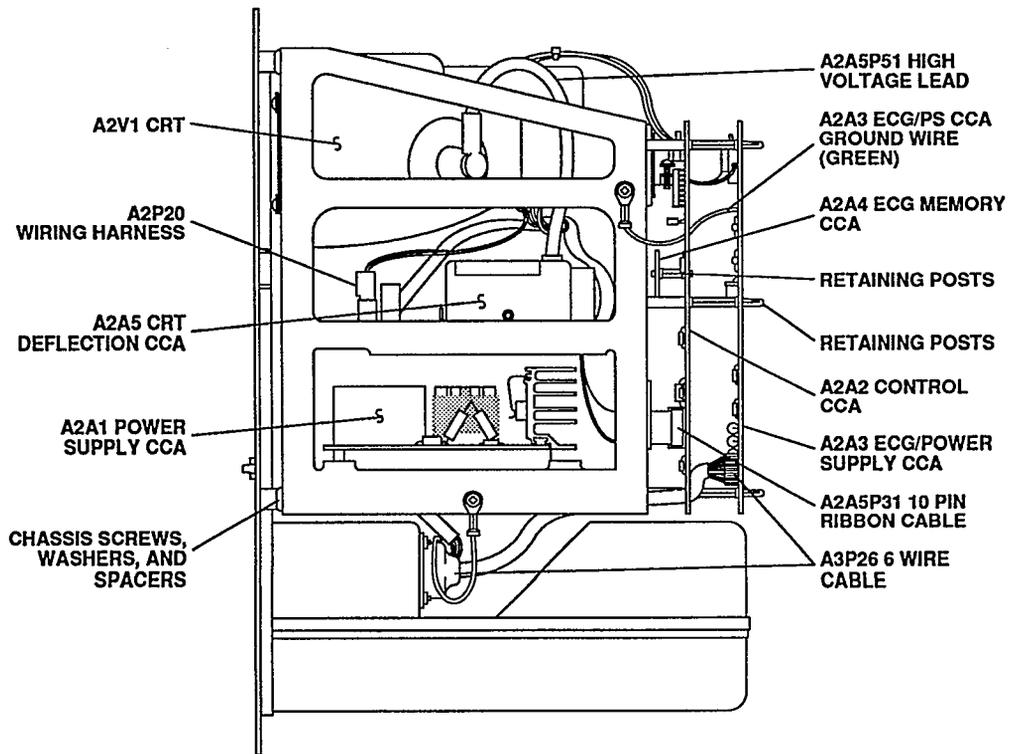


Figure 4-3. Monitor-Recorder Right Side View.

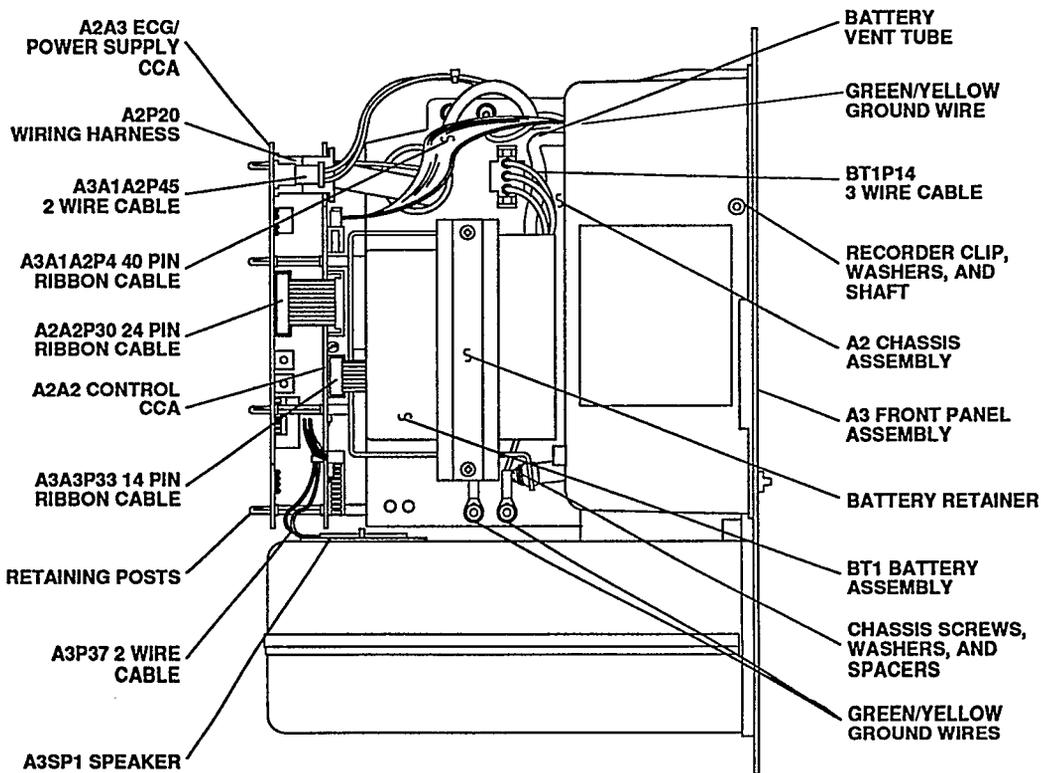
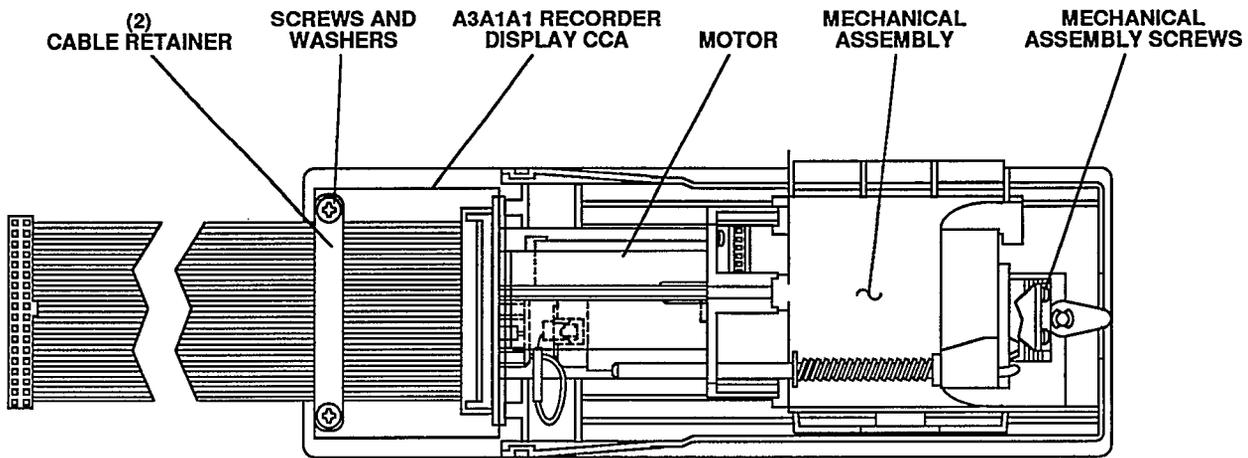
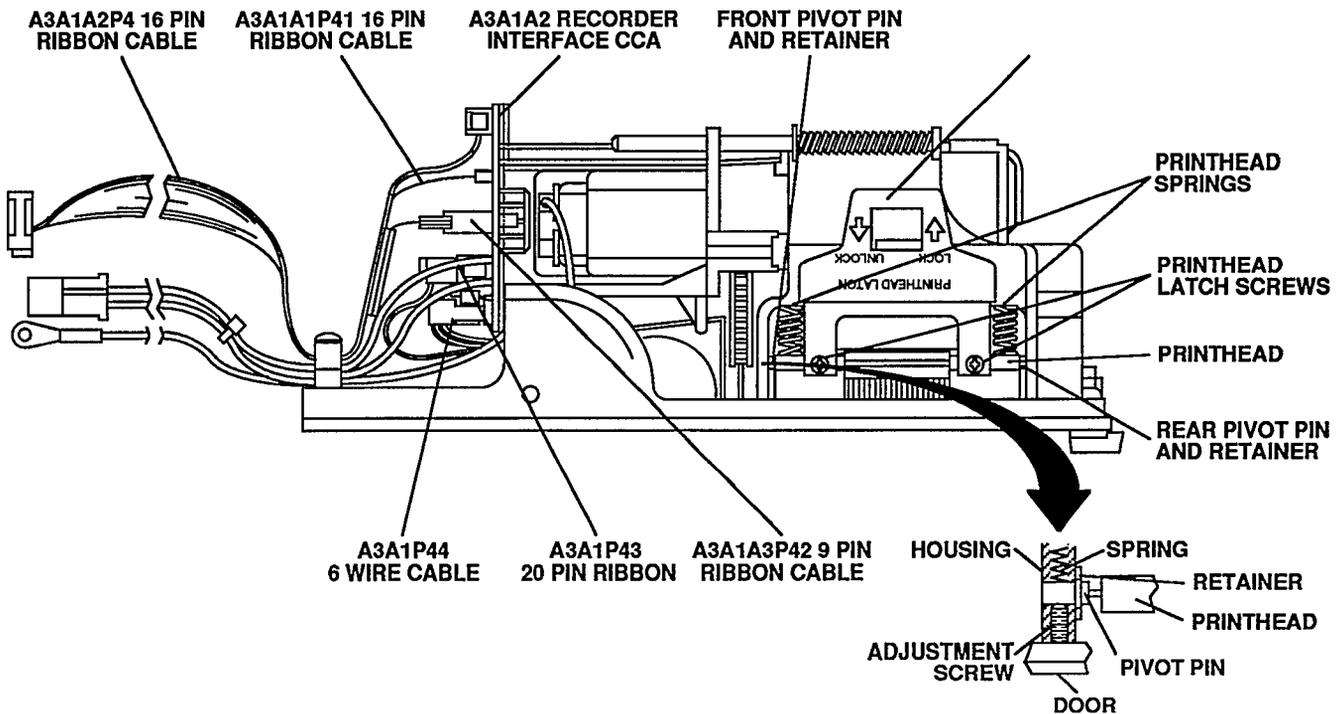


Figure 4-4. Monitor-Recorder Left Side View.



REAR VIEW



RIGHT SIDE VIEW

Figure 4-5. Recorder Assembly.







5-1. INTRODUCTION

This section describes the procedures used to troubleshoot the Monitor-Recorder module. Other sections in the manual that will help in diagnosis of a malfunction are as follows:

- Section II - Theory of Operation. Contains information about circuit theory down to individual piece part levels. Schematic diagrams are referenced directly out of theory for ease of use in troubleshooting.
- Section III - Checks and Adjustments. Contains information about proper performance parameters and also post repair adjustments.
- Section VI - Replaceable Parts. Contains the necessary functional block diagrams, schematic diagrams, and component locators. Also contains voltages and waveforms necessary for troubleshooting.

5-2. TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDELINES.

The following is a list of aids that you can use when troubleshooting the Monitor-Recorder Module:

- Check all forms and tags attached to, or accompanying, the equipment to determine the reason for removal from service.
- The Monitor-Recorder Module will display error codes (listed in symptom index) for use in troubleshooting.
- Almost all Monitor-Recorder functions are confined to two circuit areas, one of which is the A2A2 Control CCA. Also, most problems in troubleshooting will be logical, i.e., if the recorder doesn't work the problem is likely on the Recorder Assembly, or the Control Circuit Card Assembly (CCA), etc.
- All functions rely on proper power, so remember to verify all operating voltages.
- Refer to the theory of operation (Section II) as required. This provides circuit theory of the section you are troubleshooting with references to the detailed functional and schematic diagrams.
- Circuit cooler spray can be used in isolating problems. The most generally used method is to spray suspected circuits/components to see if the malfunction can be temporarily fixed. This method will not work all the time, but it can be a great timesaver. It is especially helpful on intermittent problems that get worse with a rise in temperature.
- Problems on Monitor-Recorder Modules that have been in service for awhile may be caused by corrosion. Sometimes removing and reseating the affected cable will correct a malfunction. Cleaning connector pins and/or switch contacts with alcohol will repair many types of digital and analog circuit malfunctions.
- For microcircuit orientation, pin one is identified by a square solder pad on the printed circuit board.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

5-3. SERVICE MODE.

The Monitor-Recorder can be placed in a special service mode to help with troubleshooting and adjustments. When in service mode, the Monitor-Recorder module will perform and display the following items:

- Generate and display (on CRT) a ramp and stair step waveform. Tests the CRT Deflection CCA, CRT (A2V1), and Yoke Assembly (A2L1). Also used to setup the Monitor-Recorder for making certain waveform readings.
 - Generate and print (on Recorder) a ramp and stair step waveform. Tests the A3A1 Recorder Assembly. Also used during printhead alignment.
 - Generate a beep to test the A2A2 Control CCA audio circuit.
 - Measures and displays the battery voltage (BT1) when not connected to an AC source.
 - Measures and displays the battery charging voltage (A2A3 ECG/Power Supply CCA) when connected to an AC source.
 - Displays the currently selected GAIN mode and setting. Format is "xxxx a", where xxxx is the value from 250 to 4000, and "a" is automatic mode or a "blank" is manual mode. Present gain can also be changed.
 - Measures and displays the peak to peak NOISE voltage present on the selected ECG channel, over a one second period.
 - Measures and displays the OFFSET voltage of the selected ECG channel from the center of the Analog to Digital convertors input range.
 - Measures and displays the number of bad IR LINK packets, out of a possible 240 packets per second, which are received via the A1A1 Infrared Link CCA.
 - Displays the LFREQ Hz (line frequency), either 50 or 60 Hz, that the digital notch filter has chosen to reject.
1. To enter the service mode:
- Press the POWER OFF key.
 - Press and hold the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys, press the POWER ON key, then immediately press the SELECT key. Release the RIGHT and LEFT arrow keys. Verify the CRT screen shows a ramp waveform followed by a stair step waveform. Verify the presence of audio tone (beeping).
 - Press the SELECT key until the BEEPER indicator is on.
 - Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "BATT xx.xV" is displayed on the CRT screen.
 - Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "GAIN xxxx a" is displayed on the CRT screen. To change gain, press SELECT key until ECG SIZE indicator is on. Press the UP or DOWN arrow keys until desired gain is displayed on the CRT screen.
 - Verify the BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "NOISE xx.xV" is displayed on the CRT screen.
 - Verify the BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "OFFST xx.xV" is displayed on the CRT screen.
 - Verify the BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "IR LINK xxx" is displayed on the CRT screen.

- Verify the BEEPER indicator is on. Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys simultaneously until "LFREQ xx HZ" is displayed on the CRT screen.
2. To exit the service mode:
- Press the POWER OFF key.

5-4. EQUIPMENT INSPECTION.

The following inspection procedures shall be used to locate obvious malfunctions in the Monitor-Recorder Module.

- Remove Monitor-Recorder Module from case (Section IV, paragraph 4-2) as required to access components.
- Inspect all external surfaces of Monitor-Recorder Module for physical damage, breakage, loose or dirty contacts, and missing components.

WARNINGS

Monitor-Recorder Module contains high voltages. After power is removed, discharge capacitors to ground before working inside to prevent electrical shock.

Disconnecting the AC power cord will not remove all dangerous voltages as the Monitor-Recorder Module operates from battery as well as AC power.

CAUTION

Do not disconnect or remove any board assemblies in the Monitor-Recorder Module unless the POWER is OFF. Some board assemblies contain devices that can be damaged if the board is removed when the power is on. Several components, including MOS devices, can be damaged by electrostatic discharge. Use conductive foam and grounding straps when servicing is required around sensitive components. Use care when unplugging IC's from high-grip sockets.

- Inspect printed circuit board surfaces for discoloration, cracks, breaks, and warping.
- Inspect printed circuit board conductors for breaks, cracks, cuts, erosion, or looseness.
- Inspect all assemblies for burnt or loose components.
- Inspect all chassis and panel mounted components for looseness, breakage, loose contacts or conductors.
- Inspect for disconnected, broken, cut, loose, or frayed cables or wires.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

5-5. SYMPTOM INDEX

To begin troubleshooting, match the malfunction to an entry in the symptom index and perform the troubleshooting on the page referenced.

SYMPTOM INDEX

SYMPTOM	PAGE
Error Messages	5-5
System Dead	5-6
CRT Display Problems	5-8
Recorder Problems	5-11
ECG Signal Problems	5-12
Service Mode Problems	5-13
Battery/Battery Charger Problems	5-14
Low Voltage Supply Problems	5-15
Optical Link Problems	5-16

ERROR MESSAGES

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
CRT displays "ERROR 0".	Main Controller (A2A2U61) Error.	See System Dead Problems.
CRT displays "ERROR 1".	Recorder Controller Error.	A2A2U1 (RAM/ROM).
CRT displays "ERROR 2".	CRT and Display Controller Error.	A2A2U31 (RAM/ROM).
CRT displays "ERROR 3".	ECG Memory Error.	A2A4 ECG Memory CCA.
CRT displays "ERROR 6".	LV Supply out of spec.	See Low Voltage Supply Problems.
CRT displays "ERROR 7".	A/D Converter.	See System Dead Problems.
CRT displays "ERROR 8".	Recorder Motor failure.	See Recorder Problems.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
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SYSTEM DEAD

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
System dead.	Power.	Check battery voltage at A2A3J2 pins 8 and 9. Check for +14.3 V at A2A3J2 pins 2 and 3 when AC power cord is connected to AC source and BT1 is fully charged.
	A3A2 POWER ON Switch.	Check for continuity between A2A2J33 pin 11 and pin 14 (DGND) when POWER ON key is pressed. Check for continuity between A2A3J30 pin 2 and pin 6 (DGND) when POWER ON key is pressed.
	A2A3K102.	Use a jumper wire to force ~+12v across coil, and verify relay operates (click). If A2A3K102 is closed instrument should be on.
	A2A3U102.	Verify A2A3U102 pin 1 is low impedance when pin 8 is greater than 2.5 V above pin 6.
	A2A3F101.	Check Fuse.
Instrument will only stay on while ON switch is held.	A3A2Q1.	+5V FP should hold A3A2Q1 on, forcing the ON/OFF signal to ground.
V battery, +8V, +5 V -5 V correct, but instrument not on.	Clock Oscillator on A2A2.	Check A2A2U62 pins 7 and 8 for 12 MHz sine wave, with 5 V amplitude. Check A2A2U62 pin 9, and A2A2U61 pin 19 for 12 MHz square wave with 5 V amplitude.

*SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

SYSTEM DEAD — Continued

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Continuous tone, no CRT display.	A2A2U61.	<p>Check Vcc on A2A2U62 pins 18 and 68 for greater than 4.3V. Check A2A2U61 pin 40 for 4.7 to 5.3V. Check A2A2U63 pin 20 for 4.9 to 5.1V.</p> <p>Check A2A2U62 pin 2 for 0 to 5V signal, with period of 4.167 ms (240 Hz), and 30% duty cycle.</p> <p>Check A2A2U61 pin 9 for reset signal.</p> <p>Check for pins being stuck, high, low, or disconnected on external address/data bus. A2A2U61 pins 32 thru 39, A2A2U62 pins 10, 12 thru 14, 16, 17, 21, 22, and A2A2U63 pins 9, 11 thru 17 should be active.</p> <p>Check ALE signal between A2A2U61 pin 30 and U62 pin 4. Should be 2 MHz square wave with 300 ns logic high pulse.</p>
Unit turns on but no "READY" message and no power up tone.	A2A2U62.	<p>Check signal on A2A2C70 and A2A2U62 pin 3 during turn on. Should take several hundred milliseconds to charge to Vcc.</p>
Unit turns on, CRT display frozen with "ERROR 0", may or may not have continuous tone.	A2A2U61.	<p>Check "tickle" signal A2A2U62 pin 2 and "RESET" signal A2A2U61 pin 9.</p>

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
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CRT DISPLAY PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Characters short.	+8 Volt supply voltage reference. -5 Volt supply.	See "Flat Trace". Check A2A2U34 pin 3 and A2A2U35 pin 4 for -5V.
Too bright or dim.	A2A2R35 and R37.	Check A2A2 R35 and R37 for proper value.
Display jumps.	+5 V supply. Horizontal sweep signal.	Check +5 V for noise. Check A2A2U31 pin 7 for undistorted square wave.
No sync marker.	A2A2U33.	Check A2A2U33 pin 19 for sync pulse. Check A2A2R35 for proper value.
Character dots jitter.	A2A5 Vertical Deflection.	Check A2A2U35 pin 7 for same waveform as shown on CRT. Must be in service mode (paragraph 5-3). If OK, check A2A5U2 pins 5 and, 7 and A2A5U1 pins 8 and 14 for jitter on miniraster position of trace.
	A2A2C40 (damping).	Check proper value of A2A2C40.
	A2A2 Voltage reference.	VREF2 (A2A2C39/R32) for stable 5V.
Display baseline no characters.	A2A5 Vertical Deflection.	Check A2A2U35 pin 7 for same waveform as shown on CRT. Must be in service mode (paragraph 5-3). If OK, check A2A5U2 pins 5 and, 7 and A2A5U1 pins 8 and 14.
	A2L1 Deflection Yoke.	Check A2L1 resistance - approx 6Ω vertical and approx 40Ω horizontal.
	+8V supply.	Check A2A2U35 pin 8 for +8V.
	A2A2 Voltage reference.	Check VREF2 (A2A2C39/R32) equal to +5V.

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MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

CRT DISPLAY PROBLEMS — Continued

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Characters short.	-5 volt supply.	Check A2A2J31 pin 2, A2A2U34 pin 3 and A2A2U35 pin 4 for -5V.
	A2A2 Voltage reference.	Check VREF2 (A2A2C39/R32) +5V.
Display Blank.	A2A5ZZ2.	Check A2A5ZZ2 +40V and +100V test points. Check A2A2U35 pin 4 for -5V.
	A2A2U33.	Check A2A2U33 pin 18 for intensity waveform as shown on fig. 6-5.
	A2A2U31.	Check intensity control signal from processor A2A2U31 pin 13 and 14. If either is stuck high or low suspect A2A2U31. If they are toggling, suspect A2A2U33.
	Intensity circuit, tube filament.	Check junction of A2A5DS1/R31 for waveform as shown on fig. 6-8. Check for filament current by plugging instrument in and measuring 1.2V drop across A2A5R32.
Too bright.	See "Display blank".	
Too dim.	See "Display blank".	
Intensity varies.	A2A5ZZ2.	Check A2A5ZZ2 +40V and +100V test points.
Left side of display different size than right side.	A2A5Q1 to Q4, U1.	Check base voltages on A2A5Q1 to Q4. If there is no signal suspect A2A5U1. Otherwise, suspect A2A5Q1 and Q4 for right side problems, and A2A5Q2 and Q3 for left side problems.
Top half of display different size than bottom half.	A2A5Q5 to Q8, U1.	Check base voltages on A2A5Q5 to Q8. If there is no signal suspect A2A5U1. Otherwise, suspect A2A5Q5 and Q8 for upper half problems, and A2A5Q6 and Q7 for bottom half problems.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

CRT DISPLAY PROBLEMS — Continued

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Vertical deflection shakes.	A2A5R25.	Check A2A5U2 pin 7. If not stable replace A2A5U2. If OK, verify value of A2A5R25.
NO ECG.	A2A2U31.	Check bus A2A2U31 pins 32 to 39 for activity. If none, suspect A2A2U31.
No ECG - letters OK.	A2A2U33.	Check all solder joints on A2A2U33.
	A2A5U31.	Check bus on A2A5U31 pin 32-39.
Flat trace - no characters.	+8 volt supply.	Check A2A2U35 pin 8 for +8V. Check A2A2U34 pin 13 for +8V.
	A2A2 Voltage reference.	Check VREF2 (A2A2C39/R32) +5V.

RECORDER PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
False 'No Paper' message.	Paper rotating on spindle.	Paper core inner diameter too large (improper paper). Use P/N 40453A.
	A2A2R15; A3A1A2P4 pin 38.	4 ms low pulse every 32 ms.
	A2A2U3 pin 5.	Signal active every 32 ms.
No paper shut off.	A2A2U3 pin 5, A3A1A2R1, R2.	Signal level remains constant when A2A2Q5 turns on.
Will not run.	A2A2U1 pin 27, A2A2U3 pin 10, A3A1A2C2.	1 kHz signal variable duty cycle present.
	A3A1 Motor.	Interrupter on rear motor shaft turning freely.
	A3A1A3 Front panel switch.	Signal not reaching A2A2U1.
Erratic speed.	A2A2U3 pin 2, A3A1A2R3.	3.974 kHz signal 50% duty cycle present.
Runs for short period then shuts off (doesn't detect paper).	No paper.	Replace paper roll.
	A2A2Q5.	On every 32 ms for 4 ms.
	A2A2U3 pin 5.	Change when A2A2Q5 turns on.
	A3A1A2R1 and R2.	Verify current flows when A2A2Q5 turns on.
	Optodetector, A2A2U3 pin 5 and 6, A2A2Q5.	Clean lens.
Printing light, or missing top or bottom half.	A3A1 Printhead.	Adjust printhead (Section III, paragraph 3-16).
No printing.	A2A2U3 pin 4 A3A1A2P4 pin 10.	Alternating high-low signal every 250-1000 μ sec.
Light printing.	A3A1 Printhead.	Needs cleaning.
	Battery low (<11.2 V).	Check voltage (paragraph 5-3). Troubleshoot low battery shutdown circuit.
	Improper paper.	Use P/N 40453A.
	Door.	Door not closing completely.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

ECG SIGNAL PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
50/60 Hz noise on ECG trace.	Electromagnetically noisy environment.	Check grounding of nearby equipment.
	High electrode impedance.	Use Redux®(P/N 651-1024-050) creme, abraid skin.
	Patient cable.	Substitute another patient cable.
ECG noise, not 50/60 Hz.	A2A3 Isolated circuits.	Short across A2A3T201 pins 1 and 2 and observe.
		Short across A2A3C207 and observe.
		Short A2A3U205 pin 3 to A2A3U206 pin 3 and observe.
	A2A3 Grounded circuits.	Short A2A3R205, R208, R211, and R214 and observe.
		Short A2A3U304 pin 1 to ground and observe.
		Short junction of A2A3R312 and R313 to ground and observe.
ECG Amp does not meet 0.5Hz bandwidth spec.	A2A3C302, R303 to R305.	Verify component values.
	A2A3Q301, Q302.	FAST_RESTORE A2A3J30 pin 16 should normally be low. A2A3Q302 and Q301 are normally OFF.
Leads ECG Offset from center of displays.	A2A3R308.	Adjust ECG Offset (Section III, paragraph 3-11).
	A2A3U302.	Verify offset voltage is <0.5 mV, and or input bias current is <50 pA on A2A3U302 pin 3.
ECG Gain Incorrect.	A2A3R311.	Adjust ECG gain (Section III, paragraph 3-10).
	A2A3U303.	Measure ON resistance for each of eight multiplexer channels.

*SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

SERVICE MODE PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Will not enter Service mode.	A2A2 Control CCA. A3A1A3 LEFT/RIGHT arrow key.	Check for switch continuity (A3A1A3P42 pin 9 to 7, and 4 to 5).
No service ramp-step waveform on CRT or recorder.	A2A2U61.	
Ramp waveform is non-linear.	A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA.	

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

BATTERY/BATTERY CHARGER PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Battery not charging, but LED is on.	BT1 Thermal Fuse.	Verify continuity between red and white wires (BT1P14 pins 1 and 3).
	BT1 Battery Assembly.	Check open circuit battery volts. Load test battery.
Battery not charging, LED is off, AC is connected.	A2A1 Power Supply CCA.	Verify 12 to 14.5 V at A2A3J2 pin 3 when AC is connected.
	A2A3K101.	Verify A2A3K101 is closed when AC is connected, and open when AC disconnected (audible click).
	A2A3U101.	Verify A2A3U101 pin 1 is high when AC is connected.
	A2A3Q101.	Verify A2A3Q101 gate is high and transistor is conducting when AC is connected.
Battery Charging LED not working.	A2A3U101.	A2A3U101 pin 7 should be low when AC is connected and battery is normal.
	A2A3Q102.	A2A3Q102 should be on when battery is charging. Trace signal path out to A3A2DS6.
Low battery shutdown not occurring.(Unit does not turn off when battery is below 11 V.	A2A3U102.	A2A3U102 should allow current to flow into pin 1 when pin 8 is 2.5V above pin 6, otherwise no current flows into pin 1.
	BT1 Battery Assembly.	If battery was discharged below 10.8 volts. Capacity may not recover. Replace BT1.

*SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

SERVICE MODE PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Will not enter Service mode.	A2A2 Control CCA. A3A1A3 LEFT/RIGHT arrow key.	Check for switch continuity (A3A1A3P42 pin 9 to 7, and 4 to 5).
No service ramp-step waveform on CRT or recorder.	A2A2U61.	
Ramp waveform is non-linear.	A2A5 CRT Deflection CCA.	

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

BATTERY/BATTERY CHARGER PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
Battery not charging, but LED is on.	BT1 Thermal Fuse.	Verify continuity between red and white wires (BT1P14 pins 1 and 3).
	BT1 Battery Assembly.	Check open circuit battery volts. Load test battery.
Battery not charging, LED is off, AC is connected.	A2A1 Power Supply CCA.	Verify 12 to 14.5 V at A2A3J2 pin 3 when AC is connected.
	A2A3K101.	Verify A2A3K101 is closed when AC is connected, and open when AC disconnected (audible click).
	A2A3U101.	Verify A2A3U101 pin 1 is high when AC is connected.
	A2A3Q101.	Verify A2A3Q101 gate is high and transistor is conducting when AC is connected.
Battery Charging LED not working.	A2A3U101.	A2A3U101 pin 7 should be low when AC is connected and battery is normal.
	A2A3Q102.	A2A3Q102 should be on when battery is charging. Trace signal path out to A3A2DS6.
Low battery shutdown not occurring.(Unit does not turn off when battery is below 11 V.	A2A3U102.	A2A3U102 should allow current to flow into pin 1 when pin 8 is 2.5V above pin 6, otherwise no current flows into pin 1.
	BT1 Battery Assembly.	If battery was discharged below 10.8 volts. Capacity may not recover. Replace BT1.

LOW VOLTAGE SUPPLY PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
+8V supply not operating correctly.	A2A3U103.	11 to 14 V on A2A3U103 pin 3.
+5V supply not operating correctly.	A2A3U104.	Square wave switching occurring on A2A3U104 pin 2.
-5V supply not operating correctly.	A2A3 +5V circuit.	Verify adequate load on +5V so that duty cycle at A2A3U104 pin 2 is not too short to allow charge pump to store charge on A2A3C110.
	A2A3U105.	Verify A2A3U105 pin 3 more negative than -8 V.

SECTION V - TROUBLESHOOTING
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

OPTICAL LINK PROBLEMS

SYMPTOM	SUSPECT AREA	CHECKS
"NO DEFIB", No communication between Monitor-Recorder and Defibrillator modules.	Optical Window	Clean optical window on both instruments and check for scratches. Try a different Defibrillator and a different Monitor-Recorder Put unit in service mode and read number of optical link errors reported by message (service mode paragraph 5-3). IR LINK 0 errors is normal.
	A2A2 Control CCA.	Verify activity on IR TRANSMIT signal line A1A1P36 pin 4.
	A1A1U2, Q1, DS3.	Verify activity by tracing signals along the path of these components.
	A1A1U1, U2.	Verify receive signal activity at collector of A1A1U1E pin 1 and output of A1A1U2B pin 7.





SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

6-1. INTRODUCTION

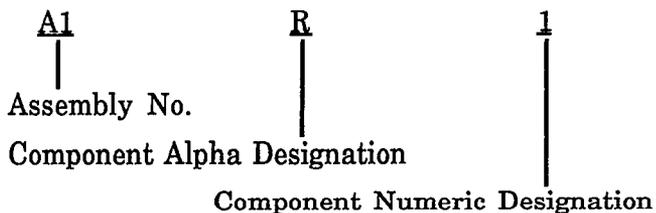
This section of the service manual includes schematic diagrams and identifies major assemblies, subassemblies, and components of the 43200M/MC/MD Monitor-Recorder module to aid in ordering replacement parts and troubleshooting. Each entry in the material list tables includes the reference designation, HP part number, quantity used within the referenced assembly, a brief description of the part and the part number assigned by the manufacturer. Wherever possible, parts lists for the assemblies are printed on the same page as the schematic diagram and component location drawing or on immediate adjacent pages.

6-2. REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

The parts listings use an alphabetical-numerical (alpha-numeric) method of listing the end item, assemblies, subassemblies and circuit components. These items are defined as follows:

1. An END ITEM is the instrument with all the supplied accessories. The END ITEM is made up of assemblies to aid in the location of parts.
2. Each assembly and subassembly is assigned an "A" number (A1, A2, A3, etc). Assemblies and subassemblies that can be purchased have part numbers in the part number column of the table; those that cannot be purchased do not have part numbers in the columns.
3. Components within the assembly and subassembly circuits are assigned circuit reference designators (C1 capacitor, R1 resistor, etc). These parts are prefaced by the assembly number (A1C1, A2C2, A1R1, A2R2, etc), to indicate the assembly on which the part is located.

An example of the alpha-numeric numbering method used to identify assemblies, subassemblies and circuit components is shown below:

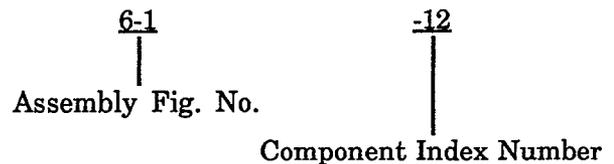


6-3. FIGURE AND INDEX NUMBERS

Mechanical parts on some assemblies may be identified by an index number. These items are defined as follows:

1. Each assembly and subassembly is assigned an "6-" figure number (6-1, 6-2, etc).
2. Components within the assembly and subassembly circuits are assigned an index number (1, 2, 3, etc). These parts are prefaced by the assembly figure number (6-3-1, 6-4-12, etc), to indicate the assembly on which the part is located.

An example of the figure and index numbering method used to identify mechanical components is shown below:



The complete figure and index number is read as the 6-1-12.

6-4. ORDERING INFORMATION

NOTE

Occasionally, electronic items in the replacement parts list will be found to carry standard commercial identification numbers but which also are indicated as being manufactured by HP. These components have been selected to meet specific operational criteria. The use of these components purchased through normal commercial channels may result in degradation of the operation performance or reliability of the unit.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

To order a replacement part, address order or inquiry to the local Hewlett-Packard Sales/Service office (see list of addresses at the rear of this manual) and supply the HP part number of the item from the listing.

To order a part not listed in a table, provide the following information:

1. Model number of the instrument.

2. Complete serial number of the instrument.

3. Description of the part including function and location.

To order a part from a manufacturer other than Hewlett-Packard Company, provide the complete part description and the manufacturer's part number from the listing. Manufacturer's codes are listed in Table 6-1.

Table 6-1. Manufacturer's Code

MFR NO.	MANUFACTURER NAME	ADDRESS	ZIP CODE
0003J	NIPPON ELECTRIC CO		
00853	SANGAMO ELEC CO S CAROLINA DIV	PICKENS SC	29671
01121	ALLEN-BRADLEY CO	MILWAUKEE WI	53204
01281	TRW INC SEMICONDUCTOR DIV	LAWNDALE CA	90260
01295	TEXAS INSTR INC SEMICOND CMPNT DIV	DALLAS TX	75222
0192B	RCA CORP SOLID STATE DIV	SOMERVILLE NJ	08876
02111	SPECTROL ELECTRONICS CORP	CITY OF IND CA	91745
03508	GE CO SEMICONDUCTOR PROD DEPT	SYRACUSE NY	13201
03888	KDI PYROFILM CORP	WHIPPANY NJ	07981
04222	AVX CERAMICS CORP	MYRTLE BEACH SC	29577
04713	MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS	PHOENIX AZ	85062
07263	FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR DIV	MOUNTAIN VIEW CA	94042
12617	HAMLIN INC	LAKE MILLS WI	53551
13606	SPRAGUE ELECT CO SEMICOND DIV	CONCORD NH	03301
17856	SILICONIX INC	SANTA CLARA CA	95054
19701	MEPCO/ELECTRA CORP	MINERAL WELLS TX	76067
20932	EMCON DIV ITW	SAN DIEGO CA	92129
24546	CORNING GLASS WORKS (BRADFORD)	BRADFORD PA	16701
25088	SIEMENS CORP	ISELIN NJ	08830
27014	NATIONAL SEMICONDUCTOR CORP	SANTA CLARA CA	95051
27777	VARO SEMICONDUCTOR INC	GARLAND TX	75040
28480	HEWLETT-PACKARD CO CORPORATE HQ	PALO ALTO CA	94304
32293	INTERSIL INC	CUPERTINO CA	95014
34649	INTEL CORP	MOUNTAIN VIEW CA	95051
56289	SPRAGUE ELECTRIC CO	NORTH ADAMS MA	01247
71590	CENTRALAB ELEK DIV GLOBE-UNION INC	MILWAUKEE WI	50501
72136	ELECTRO MOTIVE CORP SUB INC	WILLIMANTIC CT	06226
75042	TRW INC PHILADELPHIA DIV	PHILADELPHIA PA	19108
75915	LITTELFUSE INC	DES PLAINES IL	60016
84411	TRW CAPACITOR DIV	OGALLALA NE	69153

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

Table 6-2. Reference Designations and Abbreviations

REFERENCE DESIGNATIONS

<p>A assembly AT .. attenuator; isolator; termination B fan; motor BT battery C capacitor CP coupler CR diode; diode thyristor; varactor DC ... directional coupler DL delay line DS annunciator; signaling device (audible or visual); lamp; LED</p>	<p>E miscellaneous electrical part F fuse FL filter H hardware HY circulator J ... electrical connector (stationary portion); jack K relay L coil; inductor M meter MP miscellaneous mechanical part</p>	<p>P ... electrical connector (movable portion); plug Q transistor; SCR; triode thyristor R resistor RT thermistor S switch T transformer TB terminal board TC thermocouple TP test point</p>	<p>U integrated circuit; microcircuit V electron tube VR ... voltage regulator; breakdown diode W ... cable; transmission path; wire X socket Y ... crystal unit (piezo- electric or quartz) Z ... tuned cavity; tuned circuit</p>
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ABBREVIATIONS

<p>A ampere ac ... alternating current ACCESS ... accessory ADJ ... adjustment A/D ... analog-to-digital AF ... audio frequency AFC ... automatic frequency control AGC ... automatic gain control AL aluminum ALC ... automatic level control AM ... amplitude modula- tion AMPL ... amplifier APC ... automatic phase control ASSY ... assembly AUX ... auxiliary avg ... average AWG ... American wire gauge BAL ... balance BCD ... binary coded decimal BD board BE CU ... beryllium copper BFO ... beat frequency oscillator BH binder head BKDN ... breakdown BP bandpass BPF ... bandpass filter BRS brass BWO ... backward-wave oscillator CAL ... calibrate ccw ... counter-clockwise CER ceramic CHAN ... channel cm centimeter CMO .. cabinet mount only COAX coaxial</p>	<p>COEF ... coefficient COM ... common COMP ... composition COMPL ... complete CONN ... connector CP ... cadmium plate CRT ... cathode-ray tube CTL ... complementary transistor logic CW ... continuous wave cw ... clockwise cm ... centimeter D/A ... digital-to-analog dB ... decibel dBm ... decibel referred to 1 mW dc ... direct current deg .. degree (temperature interval or differ- ence) ° .. degree (plane angle) °C ... degree Celsius (centigrade) °F ... degree Fahrenheit °K ... degree Kelvin DEPC ... deposited carbon DET ... detector diam ... diameter DIA ... diameter (used in parts list) DIFF AMPL .. differential amplifier div ... division DPDT ... double-pole, double-throw DR drive DSB ... double sideband DTL ... diode transistor logic DVM ... digital voltmeter ECL ... emitter coupled logic EMF .. electromotive force</p>	<p>EDP ... electronic data processing ELECT ... electrolytic ENCAP ... encapsulated EXT ... external F farad FET ... field-effect transistor F/F ... flip-flop FH flat head FIL H ... fillister head FM .. frequency modulation FP front panel FREQ ... frequency FXD fixed g gram GE germanium GHz ... gigahertz GL glass GRD ... ground(ed) H henry h hour HET ... heterodyne HEX ... hexagonal HD head HDW ... hardware HF ... high frequency HG ... mercury HI ... high HP ... Hewlett-Packard HPF ... high pass filter HR ... hour (used in parts list) HV ... high voltage Hz ... Hertz IC ... integrated circuit ID ... inside diameter IF ... intermediate frequency IMPG ... impregnated in INCD ... incandescent INCL ... include(s) INP ... input INS ... insulation</p>	<p>INT ... internal kg ... kilogram kHz ... kilohertz kΩ ... kilohm kV ... kilovolt lb ... pound LC ... inductance- capacitance LED .. light-emitting diode LF ... low frequency LG ... long LH ... left hand LIM ... limit LIN ... linear taper (used in parts list) lin ... linear LK WASH ... lock washer LO ... low; local oscillator LOG ... logarithmic taper (used in parts list) log ... logarithm(ic) LPF ... low pass filter LV ... low voltage m ... meter (distance) mA ... milliamper MAX ... maximum MΩ ... megohm MEG ... meg (10⁶) (used in parts list) MET FLM ... metal film MET OX .. metallic oxide MF ... medium frequency; microfarad (used in parts list) MFR ... manufacturer mg ... milligram MHz ... megahertz mH ... millihenry mho ... mho MIN ... minimum min ... minute (time) ... ' ... minute (plane angle) MINAT ... miniature mm ... millimeter</p>
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NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

Table 6-2. Reference Designations and Abbreviations (cont'd)

MOD modulator	OD outside diameter	PWV peak working voltage	TD time delay
MOM momentary	OH oval head	RC resistance-capacitance	TERM terminal
MOS metal-oxide semiconductor	OP AMPL operational amplifier	RECT rectifier	TFT thin-film transistor
ms millisecond	OPT option	REF reference	TGL toggle
MTG mounting	OSC oscillator	REG regulated	THD thread
MTR meter (indicating device)	OX oxide	REPL replaceable	THRU through
mV millivolt	oz ounce	RF radio frequency	TI titanium
mVac millivolt, ac	Ω ohm	RFI radio frequency interference	TOL tolerance
mVdc millivolt, dc	P peak (used in parts list)	RH round head; right hand	TRIM trimmer
mVpk millivolt, peak	PAM pulse-amplitude modulation	RLC resistance-inductance-capacitance	TSTR transistor
mVp-p millivolt, peak-to-peak	PC printed circuit	RMO rack mount only	TTL transistor-transistor logic
mVrms millivolt, rms	PCM pulse-code modulation; pulse-count modulation	rms root-mean-square	TV television
mW milliwatt	PDM pulse-duration modulation	RND round	TVI television interference
MUX multiplex	pF picofarad	ROM read-only memory	TWT traveling wave tube
MY mylar	PH BRZ phosphor bronze	R&P rack and panel	U micro (10^6) (used in parts list)
μ A microampere	PHL Phillips	RWV reverse working voltage	UF microfarad (used in parts list)
μ F microfarad	PIN positive-intrinsic-negative	S scattering parameter	UHF ultrahigh frequency
μ H microhenry	PIV peak inverse voltage	s second (time)	UNREG unregulated
μ mho micromho	pk peak second (plane angle)	V volt
μ s microsecond	PL phase lock	S-B slow-blow (fuse) (used in parts list)	VA voltampere
μ V microvolt	PLO phase lock oscillator	SCR silicon controlled rectifier; screw	Vac volts, ac
μ Vac microvolt, ac	PM phase modulation	SE selenium	VAR variable
μ Vdc microvolt, dc	PNP positive-negative-positive	SECT sections	VCO voltage-controlled oscillator
μ Vpk microvolt, peak	P/O part of	SEMICON semiconductor	Vde volts, dc
μ Vrms microvolt, rms	POLY polystyrene	SHF superhigh frequency	VDCW volts, dc, working (used in parts list)
μ W microwatt	PORC porcelain	SI silicon	V(F) volts, filtered
nA nanoampere	POS positive; position(s) (used in parts list)	SIL silver	VFO variable-frequency oscillator
NC no connection	POSN position	SL slide	VHF very-high frequency
N/C normally closed	POT potentiometer	SNR signal-to-noise ratio	Vpk volts, peak
NE neon	p-p peak-to-peak	SPDT single-pole, double-throw	Vp-p volts, peak-to-peak
NEG negative	PP peak-to-peak (used in parts list)	SPG spring	Vrms volts, rms
nF nanofarad	PPM pulse-position modulation	SR split ring	VSWR voltage standing wave ratio
NI PL nickel plate	PREAMPL preamplifier	SPST single-pole, single-throw	VTO voltage-tuned oscillator
NI/O normally open	PRF pulse-repetition frequency	SSB single sideband	VTVM vacuum-tube voltmeter
N/O normally open	PRR pulse repetition rate	SST stainless steel	V(X) volts, switched
NOM nominal	ps picosecond	STL steel	W watt
NORM normal	PT point	SQ square	W/ with
NPN negative-positive-negative	PTM pulse-time modulation	SWR standing-wave ratio	WIV working inverse voltage
NPO negative-positive zero (zero temperature coefficient)	PWM pulse-width modulation	SYNC synchronize	WW wirewound
NRFR not recommended for field replacement		T timed (slow-blow fuse)	W/O without
NSR not separately replaceable		TA tantalum	YIG yttrium-iron-garnet
ns nanosecond		TC temperature compensating	Z ₀ characteristic impedance
nW nanowatt			
OBDD order by description			

NOTE

All abbreviations in the parts list will be in upper-case.

MULTIPLIERS

Abbreviation	Prefix	Multiple
T	tera	10^{12}
G	giga	10^9
M	mega	10^6
k	kilo	10^3
da	deka	10
d	deci	10^{-1}
c	centi	10^{-2}
m	milli	10^{-3}
μ	micro	10^{-6}
n	nano	10^{-9}
p	pico	10^{-12}
f	femto	10^{-15}
a	atto	10^{-18}

**SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD**

**43200M Monitor (Without Front Cover)
See Figure 6-1 for Parts Breakdown**

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-67311	1	ENCLOSURE ASSY
A2	43201-67101	1	CHASSIS ASSY-MON
A3	43201-67202	1	FR PNL ASSY-MON
BT1	43131-67202	1	BATTERY ASSY
6-1-1	1400-1526	1	TWIST LOCK TIE
6-1-2	2190-0758	4	WASHER - 8-.5
6-1-3	2360-0121	18	PHMS-6-32X.5 P
6-1-4	2420-0006	4	NUT-HX LK WSHR
6-1-5	2510-0051	4	PHMS-8-32X.625 P
6-1-6	3050-1325	18	WSHR - SEAL 8
6-1-7	43131-07900	1	FOAM-BATT. BOX
6-1-8	43201-07307	1	RETAINER-BATT.
6-1-9	43201-27301	4	SPACER 8 THREAD
6-1-11	43201-61613	1	WIRE AY-GND/PVAL
	43131-84504	1	LABEL-NO BATT
	43201-84500	1	NAMEPLATE-S/N
	43201-87900	1	ACCESSORY KIT

**43200MC Monitor (With Front Cover)
See Figure 6-1 for Parts Breakdown**

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-67311	1	ENCLOSURE ASSY
A2	43201-67101	1	CHASSIS ASSY-MON
A3	43201-67202	1	FR PNL ASSY-MON
BT1	43131-67202	1	BATTERY ASSY
6-1-1	1400-1526	1	TWIST LOCK TIE
6-1-2	2190-0758	4	WASHER - 8-.5
6-1-3	2360-0121	18	PHMS-6-32X.5 P
6-1-4	2420-0006	5	NUT-HX LK WSHR
6-1-5	2510-0051	4	PHMS-8-32X.625 P
6-1-6	3050-1325	18	WSHR - SEAL 8
6-1-7	43131-07900	1	FOAM-BATT. BOX
6-1-8	43201-07307	1	RETAINER-BATT.
6-1-9	43201-27301	4	SPACER 8 THREAD
6-1-10	43201-60306	1	COVER
6-1-11	43201-61613	1	WIRE AY-GND/PVAL
	43131-84504	1	LABEL-NO BATT
	43201-84503	1	NAMEPLATE-S/N
	43201-87900	1	ACCESSORY KIT

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43200MD Monitor (Used with Defibrillator)
See Figure 6-1 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-67311	1	ENCLOSURE ASSY
A2	43201-67101	1	CHASSIS ASSY-MON
A3	43201-67202	1	FR PNL ASSY-MON
BT1	43131-67202	1	BATTERY ASSY
6-1-1	1400-1526	1	TWIST LOCK TIE
6-1-2	2190-0758	4	WASHER - 8-.5
6-1-3	2360-0121	18	PHMS-6-32X.5 P
6-1-4	2420-0006	4	NUT-HX LK WSHR
6-1-5	2510-0051	4	PHMS-8-32X.625 P
6-1-6	3050-1325	18	WSHR - SEAL 8
6-1-7	43131-07900	1	FOAM-BATT. BOX
6-1-8	43201-07307	1	RETAINER-BATT.
6-1-9	43201-27301	4	SPACER 8 THREAD
6-1-11	43201-61613	1	WIRE AY-GND/PVAL
	43131-84504	1	LABEL-NO BATT
	43201-84511	1	NAMEPLATE-S/N
	43201-87900	1	ACCESSORY KIT

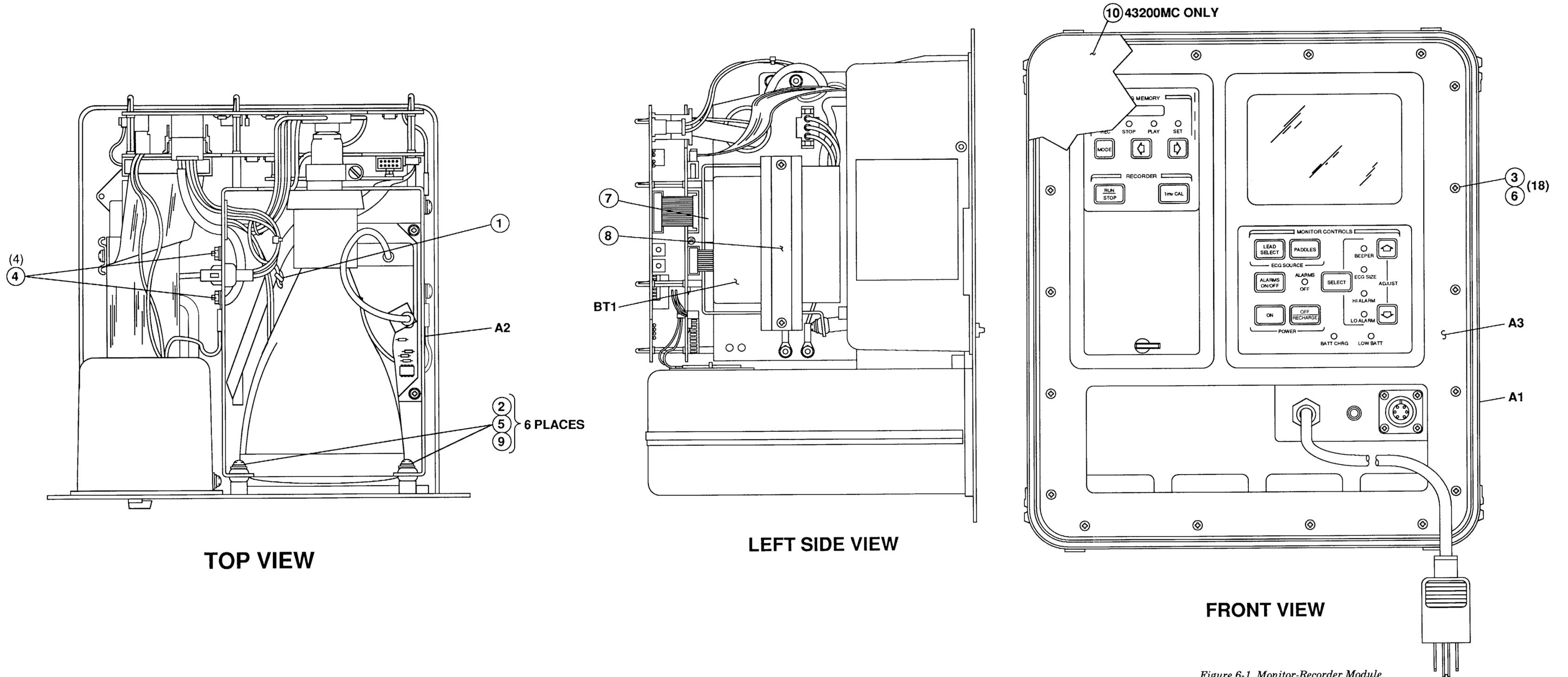


Figure 6-1. Monitor-Recorder Module
 Component Locator and Functional Block/
 Wiring Diagram (Sheet 1 of 2).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

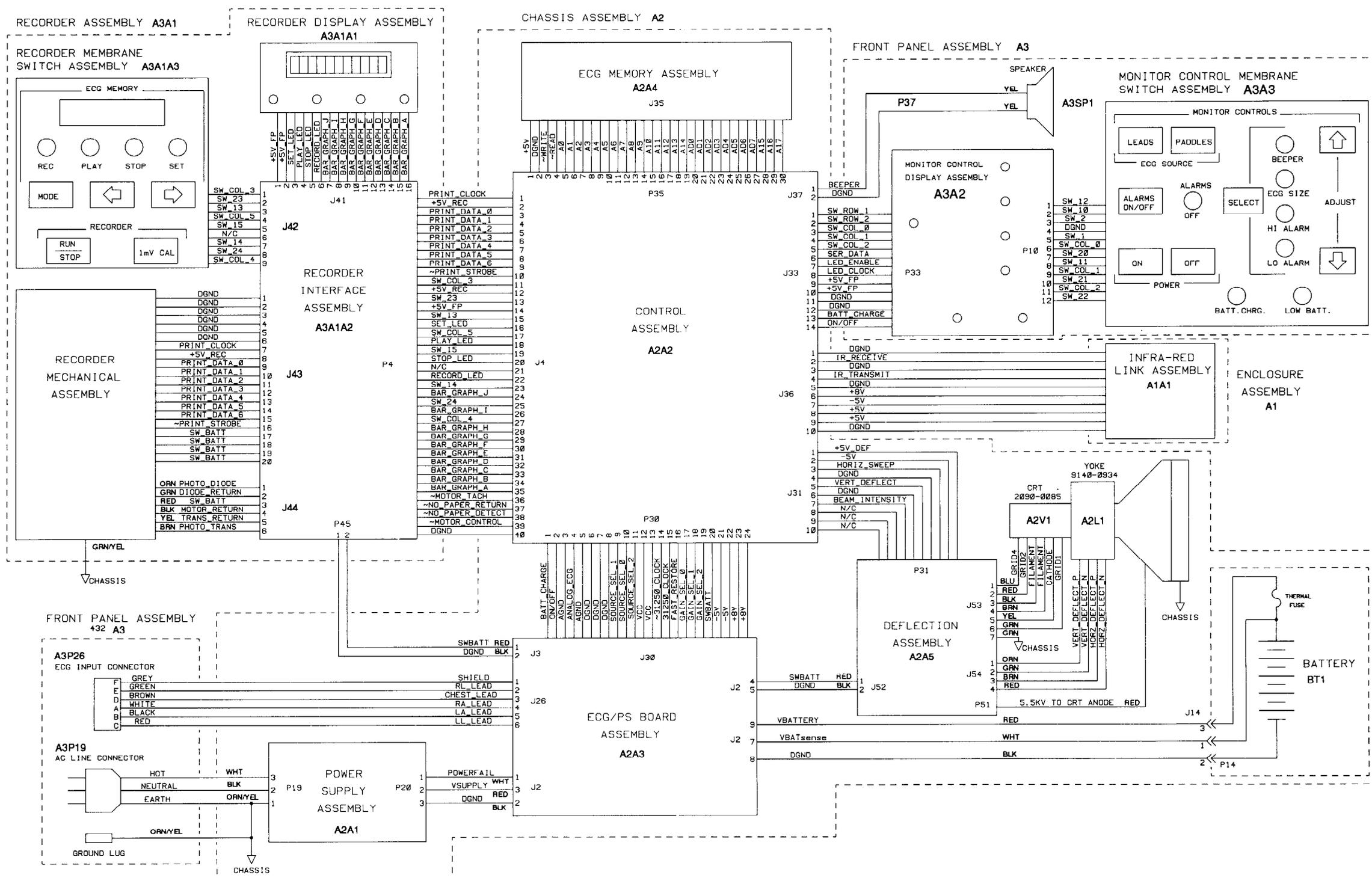


Figure 6-1. Monitor-Recorder Module
Component Locator and Functional Block/
Wiring Diagram (Sheet 2 of 2).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-67311 A1 Monitor Enclosure Assembly
See Figure 6-2 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-66540	1	PC ASSY-INFRARED LINK
6-2-1	2360-0113	2	PHMS-6-32X.25 P
6-2-2	43201-67305	1	CASE ASSY
	43201-84504	1	LBL-OUTER CASE

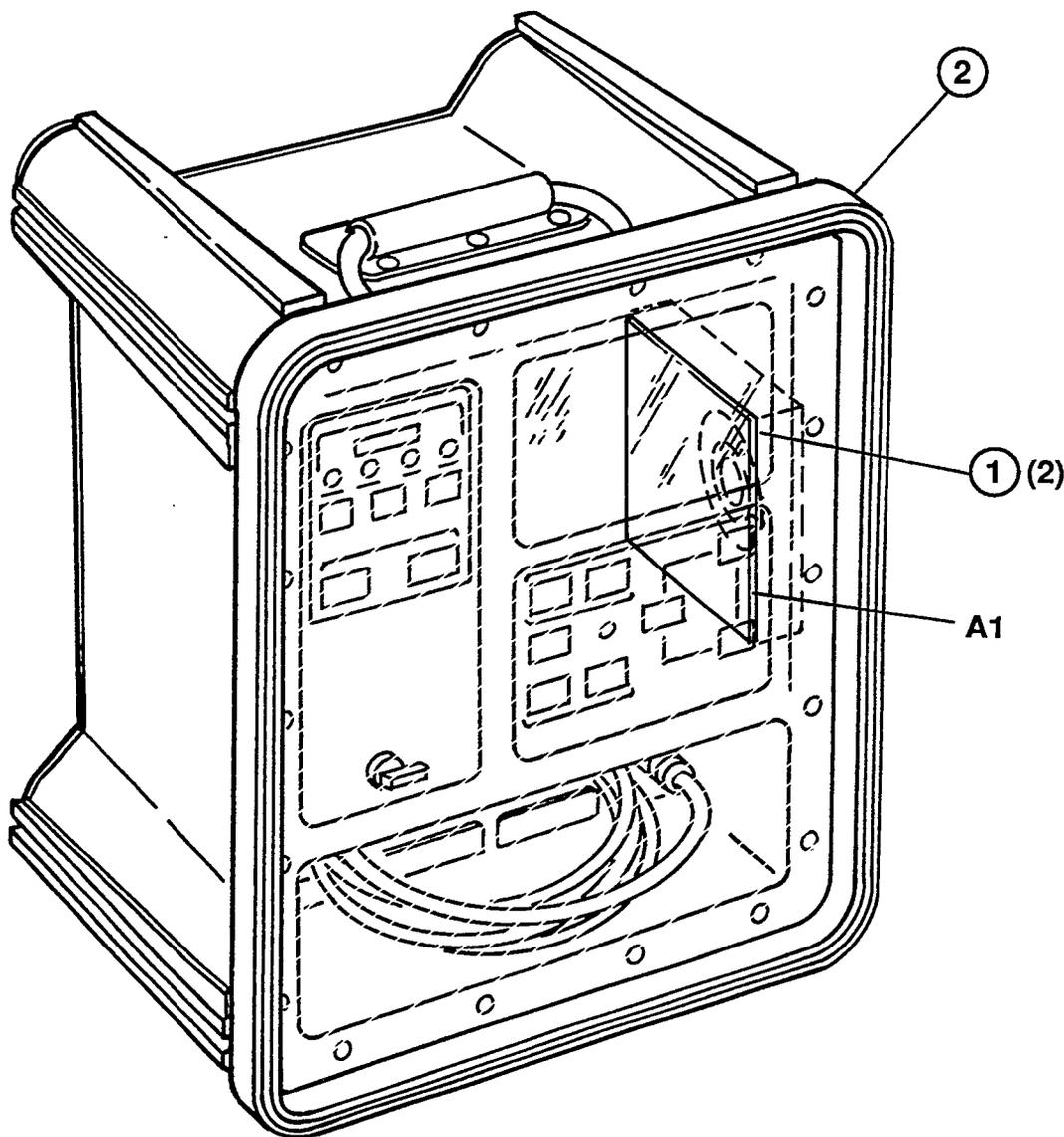


Figure 6-2. A1 Enclosure Assembly Component Locator.



SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66540 A1A1 Infrared Link Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-3 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C1,3,7,8,11	0160-4832	5	CAP .01UF 10%
C2,5	0160-4801	2	CAP 100PF 5%
C4,9,10	0180-3551	3	CAP-FIXED 6.8UF
C6	0180-3622	1	CAP-FIXED-ELEC
DS1,2	1990-1291	2	PIN-PHOTODIODE
DS3	1990-1292	1	LED-IR
L1-3	9100-2265	3	INDCTR 10UH 10%
P36	43100-61609	1	CBL ASSY
Q1	1855-0696	1	TRANSISTOR
R1	0757-0447	1	RES-16.2K 1% .12
R2,6,7,10-12	0698-3155	6	RES-4.64K 1% .12
R3,4,8,15	0698-0084	4	RES-2.15K 1% .12
R5,9,13,14,16-18	0698-3438	7	RES 147 1% .125W
U1	1858-0040	1	XSTR ARY 16P-DIP
U2	1826-0412	1	IC 393
ZZ1	43201-86540	1	PC BD-OPTICAL
ZZ2	43201-84704	1	LABEL-BAR CODE



REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C1	B3	0160-4832
C10	C2	0180-3551
C11	C4	0160-4832
C2	B3	0160-4801
C3	A3	0160-4832
C4	B4	0180-3551
C5	A3	0160-4801
C6	A3	0180-3622
C7	B4	0160-4832
C8	C3	0160-4832
C9	C1	0180-3551
DS1	B2	1990-1291
DS2	B2	1990-1291
DS3	B2	1990-1292
L1	D3	9100-2265
L2	D2	9100-2265
L3	C2	9100-2265
P36	D2	43100-61609
Q1	C2	1855-0696
R1	A3	0757-0447
R10	D3	0698-3155
R11	C4	0698-3155
R12	C2	0698-3155
R13	D3	0698-3438
R14	C2	0698-3438
R15	C1	0698-0084
R16	B1	0698-3438
R17	B1	0698-3438
R18	B1	0698-3438
R2	B3	0698-3155
R3	A3	0698-0084
R4	A3	0698-0084
R5	A3	0698-3438
R6	A3	0698-3155
R7	B4	0698-3155
R8	B4	0698-0084
R9	A3	0698-3438
U1	A3	1858-0040
U2	C3	1826-0412
ZZ1	A1	43201-86540
ZZ2	A2	43201-84704

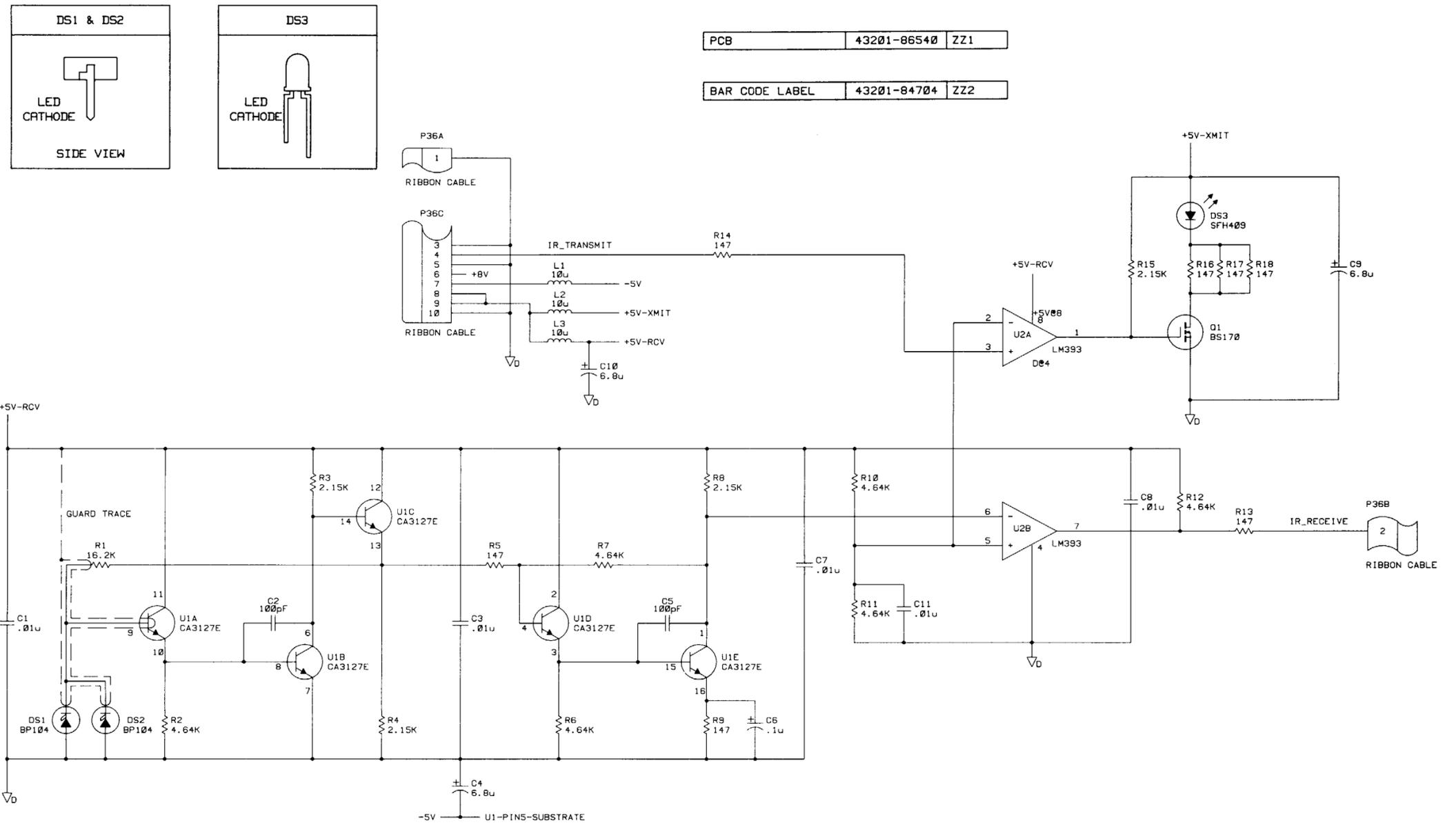
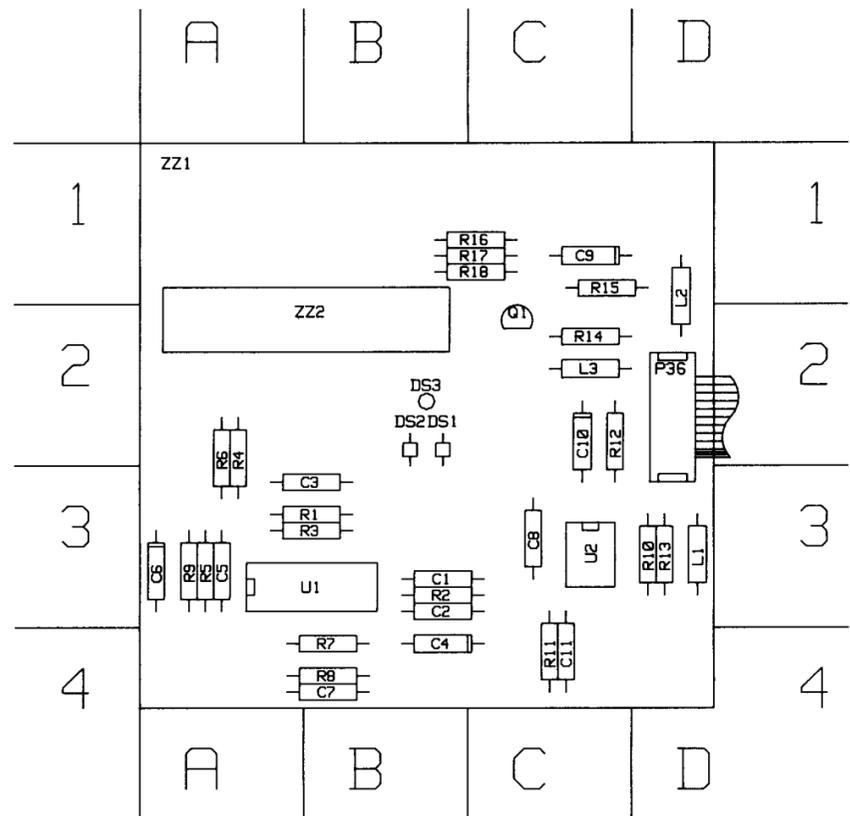


Figure 6-3. A1A1 Infrared Link Circuit Card Assembly Component Locator and Schematic Diagram.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-67101 A2 Monitor Chassis Assembly
See Figure 6-4 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-62700	1	PWR SUPPLY-OEM
A2	43201-66500	1	PC ASSY-MON CONT
A3	43201-66510	1	PC ASSY-MON ECG
A4	43201-66550	1	PC ASSY-MON MEM
A5	43201-66570	1	PC ASSY-CRT DEFL
L1	9140-0934	1	YOKE-DEFLECTION
P20	43201-61600	1	CBL HARN P DIST
P53	43201-61614	1	CBL AY-CRT SKT
V1	2090-0085	1	CRT-5 INCH
6-4-1	0380-2029	8	STANDOFF
6-4-2	0400-0333	4	SHOCK MOUNT
6-4-3	0400-0339	2	GROMMET, RND 1.0
6-4-4	1400-1377	1	CBL CLAMP, RIBN
6-4-5	1400-1526	1	TWIST LOCK TIE
6-4-6	2190-0758	4	WASHER - 8-5
6-4-7	2360-0113	13	PHMS-6-32X.25 P
6-4-8	2420-0006	1	NUT-HX LK WSHR
	43201-67103	1	CHASSIS ASSY

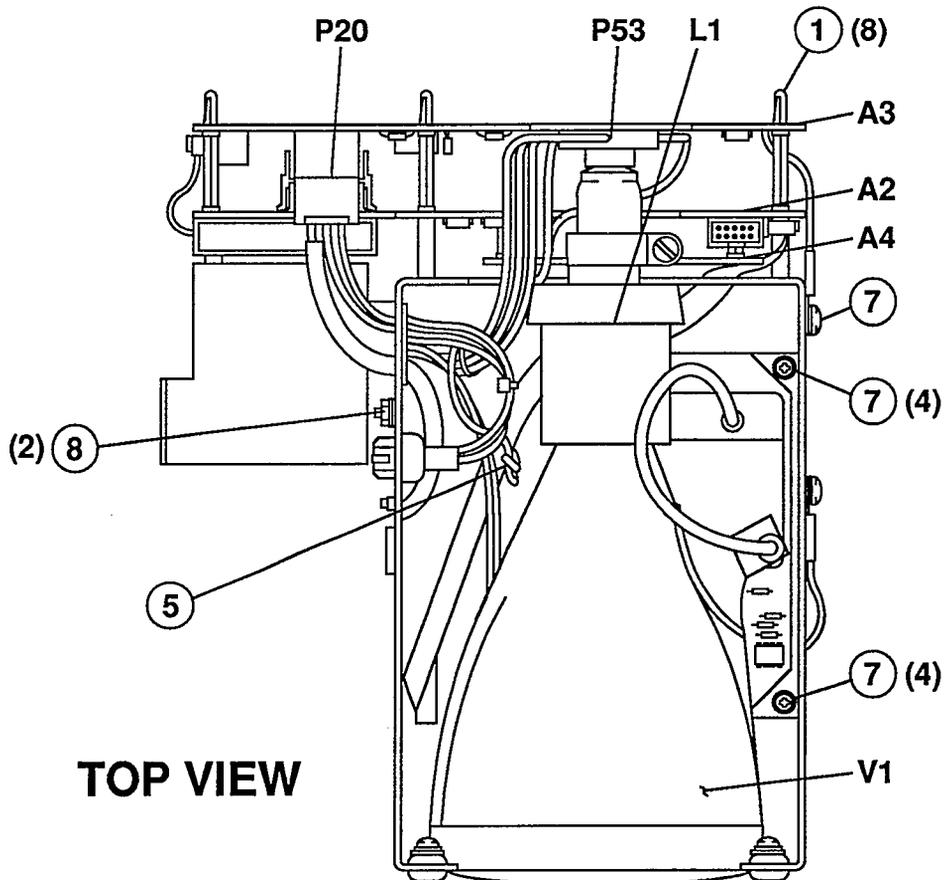
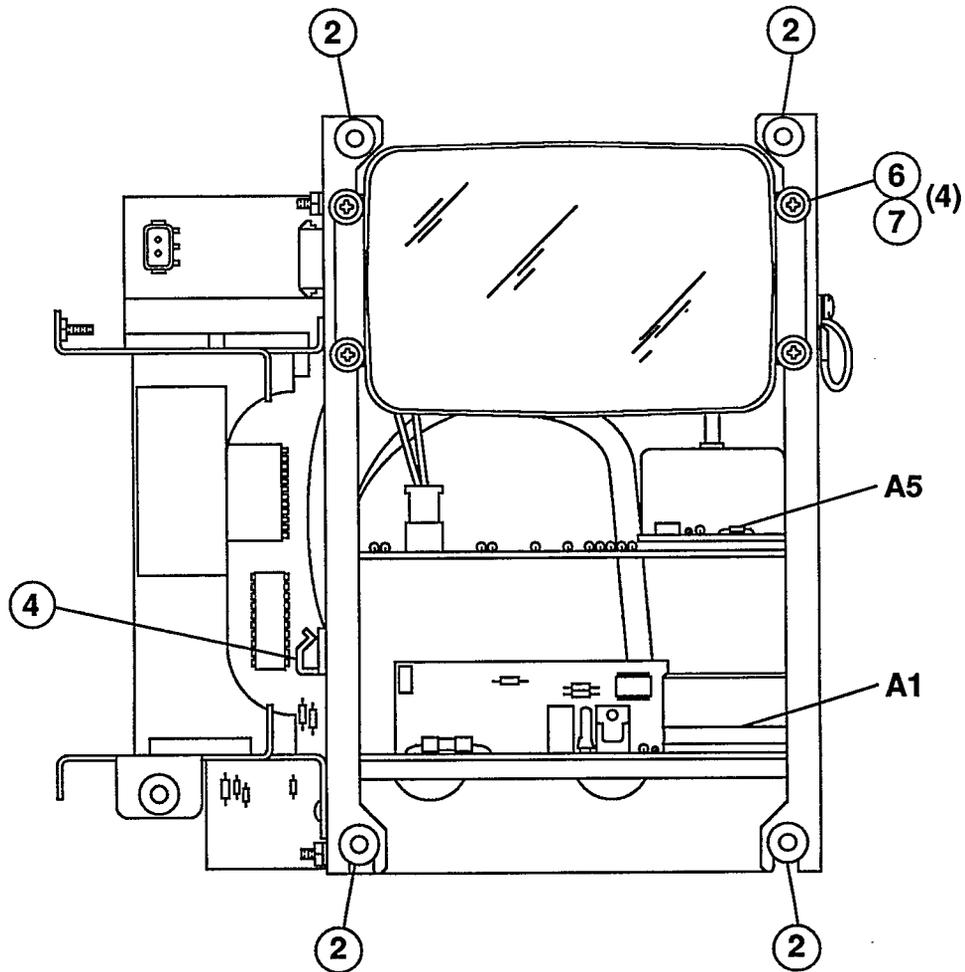


Figure 6-4. A2 Chassis Assembly Component Locator (Sheet 1 of 2).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD



FRONT VIEW

A2

6-18

Figure 6-4. A2 Chassis Assembly Component Locator (Sheet 2 of 2).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

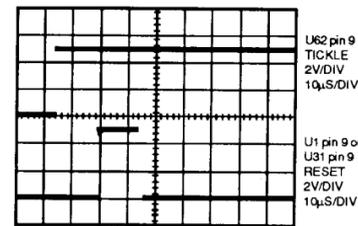
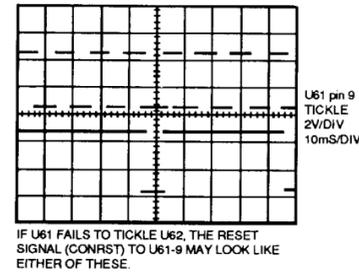
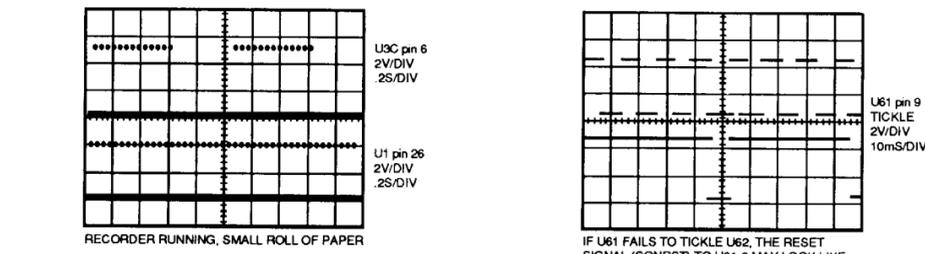
43201-66500 A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-5 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C2,70,86,109	0180-3552	4	CAP-FIXED 4.7UF
C5,6	0160-3875	2	CAP 22PF 5% 200V
C9,10,16,31-34,37,39,44, C45,61,65,67,69,72,73,95, C108,112	0160-5422	20	CAP .047UF 20%
C12,35,40,43	0160-4801	4	CAP 100PF 5%
C36,82	0160-4830	2	CAP 2200PF 10%
C41,42,68,83-85,89,90,100, C101	0180-3551	10	CAP-FIXED 6.8UF
C71	0180-3422	1	C-F 10UF 10V TA
C80	0160-4832	1	CAP .01UF 10%
C88	0160-6623	1	CAP .1UF 20% 50V
C94	0180-3626	1	C-F .68UF 25V TA
CR1-4,13-15,23,24,31,32	1901-0044	11	DIO-SWITCHING
CR8,33,95	1902-0551	3	DIO-6.19V 5%
CR67-70,78-81	1901-0518	8	DIO-SCHOTTKY
CR91	1906-0312	1	DIODE-MULTIPLE
J4	1251-8158	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
J31,36	1252-1920	2	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
J33	1251-8332	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
J37	1252-1919	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
L1,31,64,66	9100-1788	4	CORE-FERRITE
L30,70	9140-0137	2	COIL-1000UH 5%
L61	9100-2265	1	INDCTR 10UH 10%
P30	43201-61609	1	CBL AY-PS/ECG
P35	1252-3065	1	CONN-POST RECPT
Q1,62	1853-0036	2	XSTR-2N3906
Q2,61	1854-0215	2	XSTR-NPN SI
Q5	1854-0583	1	XSTR NPN SI
R1,82	0683-1065	2	RES 10M 5% .25W
R2	0698-3446	1	RES 383 1% 125W
R3	0757-0274	1	RES-1.21K 1% .12
R4,90,92,93	0698-0084	4	RES-2.15K 1% .12
R5,6,12,16,33,34	0757-0442	6	RES-10K 1% .125
R7,31,35,68,89	0757-0416	5	RES-.511K 1% .12
R8	0698-3155	1	RES-4.64K 1% .12
R10,76	0698-3458	2	RES-348K 1% .125
R11,17-21, 26,27	0757-0280	8	RES-1K 1% .125W
R13,14	0698-8827	2	RESISTOR 1M
R15,32	0698-3158	2	RES-23.7K 1% .12
R22,128,129	1810-0922	3	NETWORK-RES SIP
R37	0757-0290	1	RES-6.19K 1% .12
R73	0698-3453	1	RES-196K 1% .125
R74	757-0465	1	RES-100K 1% .125
R75,102	0757-0462	2	RES-75K 1% .125W
R78,104,105	0698-3157	3	RES 19.6K

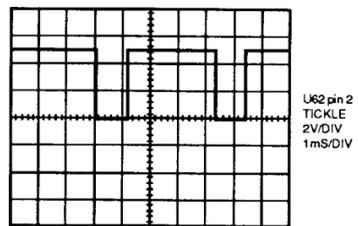
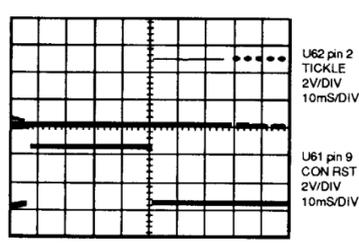
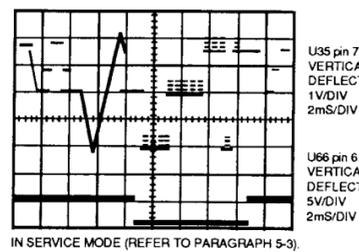
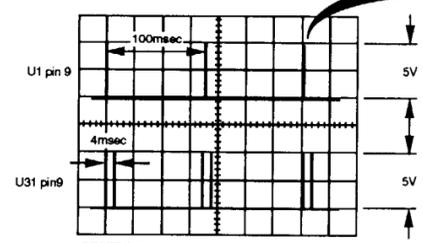
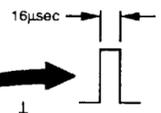
SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66500 A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly (Continued)
See Figure 6-5 for Parts Breakdown

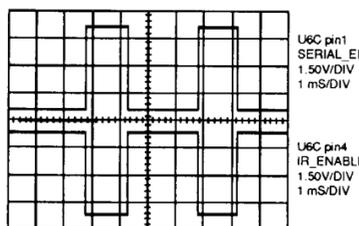
Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
R91	0757-0278	1	RES-1.78K 1% .12
R99-101	0698-3451	3	RES-133K 1% .125
R103	0698-6942	1	RES 25K .1%
R106	0698-7933	1	RES 3.83 .1%
R107	0699-0847	1	RES 1.96 .1%
R111	1810-0269	1	NETWORK-RES SIP
U1	1820-6417	1	MASK PROG-80C51
U2	1820-3082	1	IC MC74HC374N
U3	1820-3008	1	IC MM74HCU04N
U4	1820-3081	1	IC-MC74HC74N
U5	1820-3297	1	IC-MC74HC244N
U6	1820-3674	1	IC-MC74HC125N
U7,65	1826-0521	2	IC-072
U10,11	1820-3344	2	IC-MC74HC595N
U12,13	1820-2254	2	IC-INTERFACE
U31	1820-6418	1	MASK PROG80C51FA
U33	1820-5297	1	ASIC-COS-G-ARRAY
U34	1820-1934	1	D/A 8-BIT
U35	1826-1286	1	OP AMP DUAL CMOS
U61	1820-6419	1	MASK PROG80C51FA
U62	1820-5298	1	ASIC-COS-G-ARRAY
U63	1826-1248	1	IC-CONVERTER
U64	1820-1545	1	IC 4053B
U66	1820-2921	1	IC MM74HCO4N
U67	1826-0718	1	IC MC1404U5
U69	1826-0276	1	IC MC78L05ACP
X1,31,61	5081-9529	3	IC SOCKET
Y1	0410-1558	1	XTAL 12.00 MHZ
ZZ1	43201-86500	1	PC BD-MON CONT
ZZ2	43201-84700	1	LABEL-BAR CODE



SLAVE PROCESSOR (U1 OR U31) NOT RESPONDING. THIS ILLUSTRATION SHOWS RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN TICKLE (TOP TRACE) AND THE RESET PULSE (16μS BOTTOM TRACE). CAN SIMULATE THIS BY TYING U61 pin 11 TO GND.



U61 OPERATING UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS. SOFTWARE IS EXECUTED WHILE SIGNAL IS HIGH.



REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER	REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER	REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C10	G3	0160-5422	CR4	H2	1901-0044	R26	F7	0757-0280
C100	C4	0180-3551	CR8	C3	1902-0551	R27	H5	0757-0280
C101	C4	0180-3551	CR67	B7	1900-0233	R3	F7	0757-0274
C108	H3	0160-5422	CR68	B7	1900-0233	R31	E6	0757-0416
C109	C7	0180-3552	CR69	C7	1900-0233	R32	G6	0698-3158
C112	A4	0160-5422	CR70	C7	1900-0233	R33	H5	0757-0442
C12	F7	0160-4801	CR78	B7	1900-0233	R34	H5	0757-0442
C16	C3	0160-5422	CR79	B7	1900-0233	R35	G6	0757-0416
C2	C6	0180-3552	CR80	B7	1900-0233	R37	G6	0757-0290
C31	E6	0160-5422	CR81	B7	1900-0233	R4	C6	0698-0084
C32	E5	0160-5422	CR91	A6	1906-0312	R5	C6	0757-0442
C33	H5	0160-5422	CR95	A4	1902-0551	R6	C6	0757-0442
C34	H5	0160-5422	J31	H7	1252-1920	R68	C6	0757-0416
C35	G6	0160-4801	J33	A5	1251-8332	R7	E4	0757-0416
C36	G6	0160-4830	J36	H1	1252-1920	R73	D5	0698-3453
C37	H6	0160-5422	J37	A7	1252-1919	R74	D5	0757-0465
C39	G6	0160-5422	J4	A2	1251-8158	R75	D5	0757-0462
C40	H5	0160-4801	L1	C3	9100-1788	R76	D5	0698-3458
C41	E5	0180-3551	L30	E5	9140-0137	R78	F7	0698-3157
C42	E5	0180-3551	L31	H6	9100-1788	R8	H3	0698-3155
C43	G5	0160-4801	L61	D7	9100-2265	R82	E5	0683-1065
C44	F7	0160-5422	L64	A4	9100-1788	R89	B6	0757-0416
C45	G7	0160-5422	L66	A5	9100-1788	R90	D7	0698-0084
C5	C4	0160-3875	L70	C4	9140-0137	R91	D7	0757-0278
C6	C5	0160-3875	P30	A5	43201-61609	R92	D7	0698-0084
C61	C6	0160-5422	P35	E4	1252-3065	R93	D7	0698-0084
C65	D5	0160-5422	Q1	B6	1853-0036	R99	A6	0698-3451
C67	D5	0160-5422	Q2	B5	1854-0215	U1	F4	1820-6417
C68	A3	0180-3551	Q5	G2	1854-0583	U10	D3	1820-3344
C69	C4	0160-5422	Q61	E7	1854-0215	U11	D1	1820-3344
C70	C4	0180-3552	Q62	E7	1853-0036	U12	D3	1820-2254
C71	B7	0180-3422	R1	C5	0683-1065	U13	D2	1820-2254
C72	B6	0160-5422	R10	G3	0698-3458	U2	F3	1820-3082
C73	B6	0160-5422	R100	A6	0698-3451	U3	G3	1820-3008
C80	A6	0160-4832	R101	A6	0698-3451	U31	F6	1820-6418
C82	A6	0160-4830	R102	B6	0757-0462	U33	F5	1820-5297
C83	G7	0180-3551	R103	C6	0698-6942	U34	G5	1820-1934
C84	A3	0180-3551	R104	G7	0698-3157	U35	H5	1826-1286
C85	A3	0180-3551	R105	G7	0698-3157	U4	D5	1820-3081
C86	D7	0180-3552	R106	D7	0698-7933	U5	B5	1820-3297
C88	D7	0160-6623	R107	C7	0699-0847	U6	C5	1820-3674
C89	H3	0180-3551	R11	D5	0757-0280	U61	D6	1820-6419
C9	E4	0160-5422	R111	B6	1810-0269	U62	B4	1820-5298
C90	G7	0180-3551	R12	D5	0757-0442	U63	C7	1826-1248
C94	B6	0180-3626	R128	B3	1810-0922	U64	D5	1820-1545
C95	A4	0160-5422	R129	B3	1810-0922	U65	B6	1826-0521
CR1	G2	1901-0044	R13	G3	0698-8827	U66	H2	1820-2921
CR13	C4	1901-0044	R14	G3	0698-8827	U67	E7	1826-0718
CR14	D4	1901-0044	R15	G3	0698-3158	U69	H3	1826-0276
CR15	D4	1901-0044	R16	D4	0757-0442	U7	F7	1826-0521
CR2	G2	1901-0044	R17	D4	0757-0280	Y1	C5	0410-1558
CR23	C4	1901-0044	R18	H2	0757-0280	ZZ1	B8	43201-86500
CR24	D4	1901-0044	R19	G2	0757-0280	ZZ2	F8	43201-84700
CR3	H2	1901-0044	R2	C5	0698-3446			
CR31	G7	1901-0044	R20	H2	0757-0280			
CR32	G7	1901-0044	R21	B6	0757-0280			
CR33	H6	1902-0551	R22	B6	1810-0922			

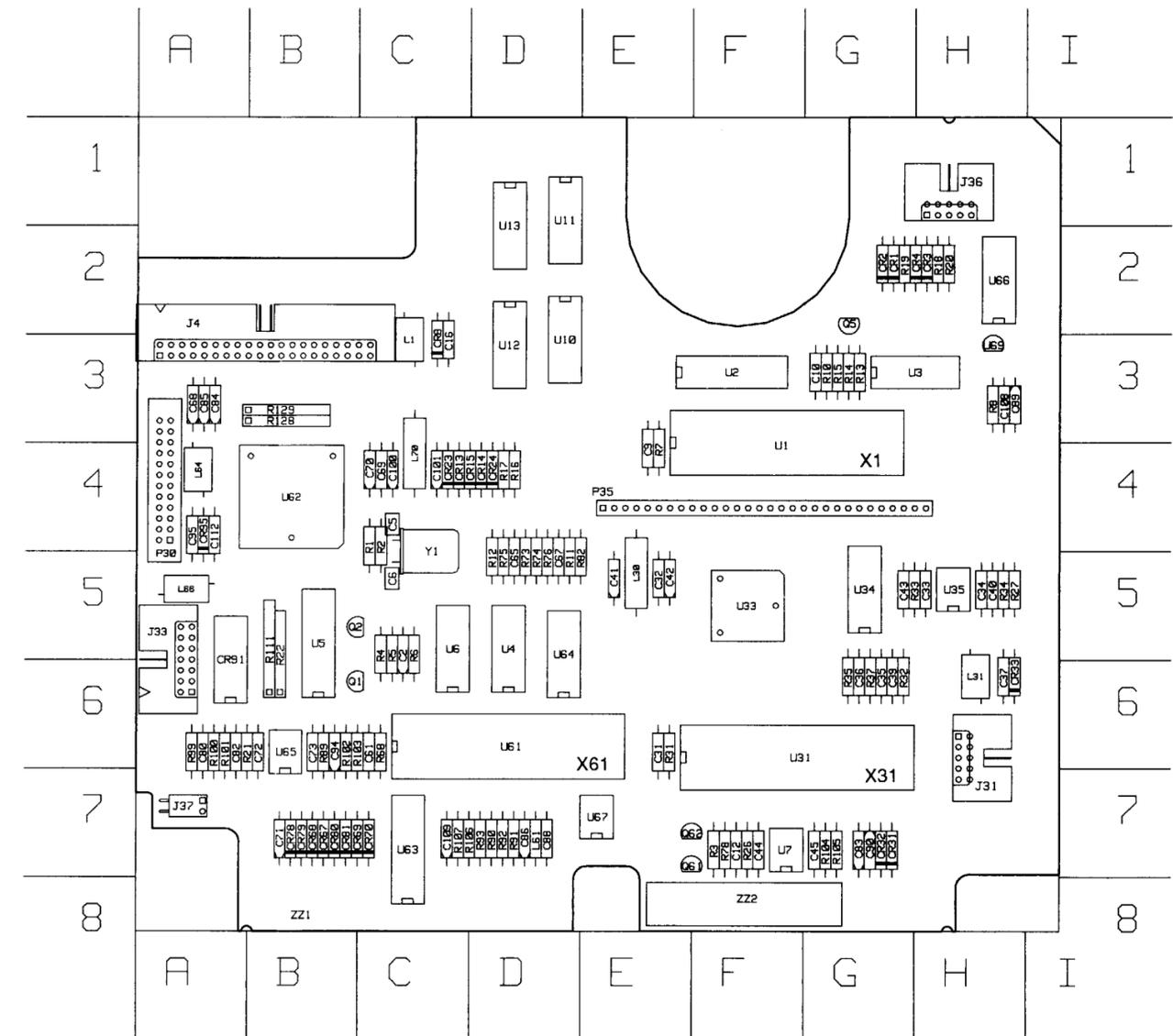


Figure 6-5. A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly
Component Locator and Schematic Diagram
(Sheet 1 of 4).

PINS CONNECTED TO EMBEDDED POWER/GROUND NETS:
 U5 10(DCOM), 20(+5V)
 U6 7(DCOM), 14(+5V)
 U61 20(DCOM), 40(+5V)
 U63 20(VREF1)
 U65 4(-5V), 8(+8V)

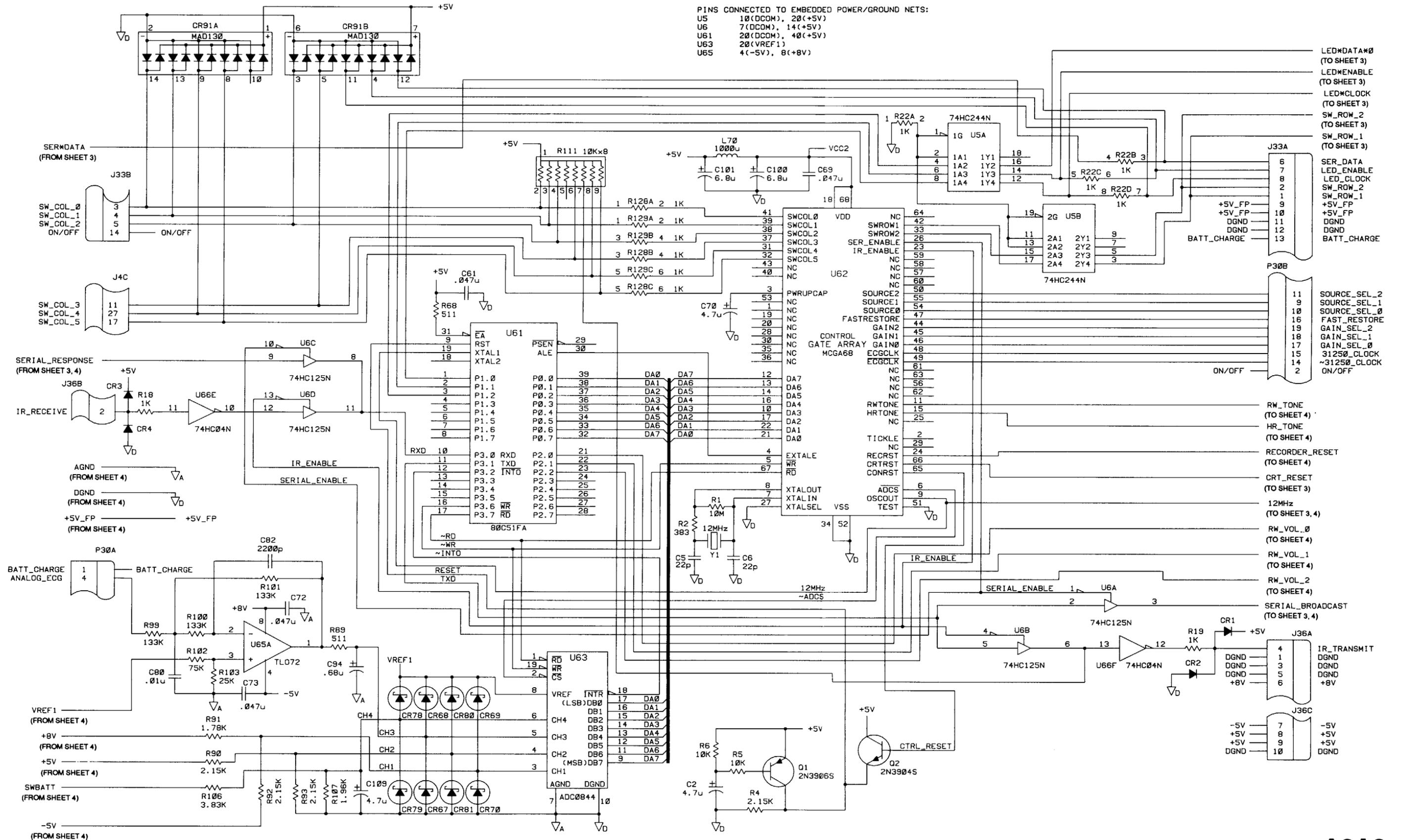


Figure 6-5. A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly
Component Locator and Schematic Diagram
(Sheet 2 of 4).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

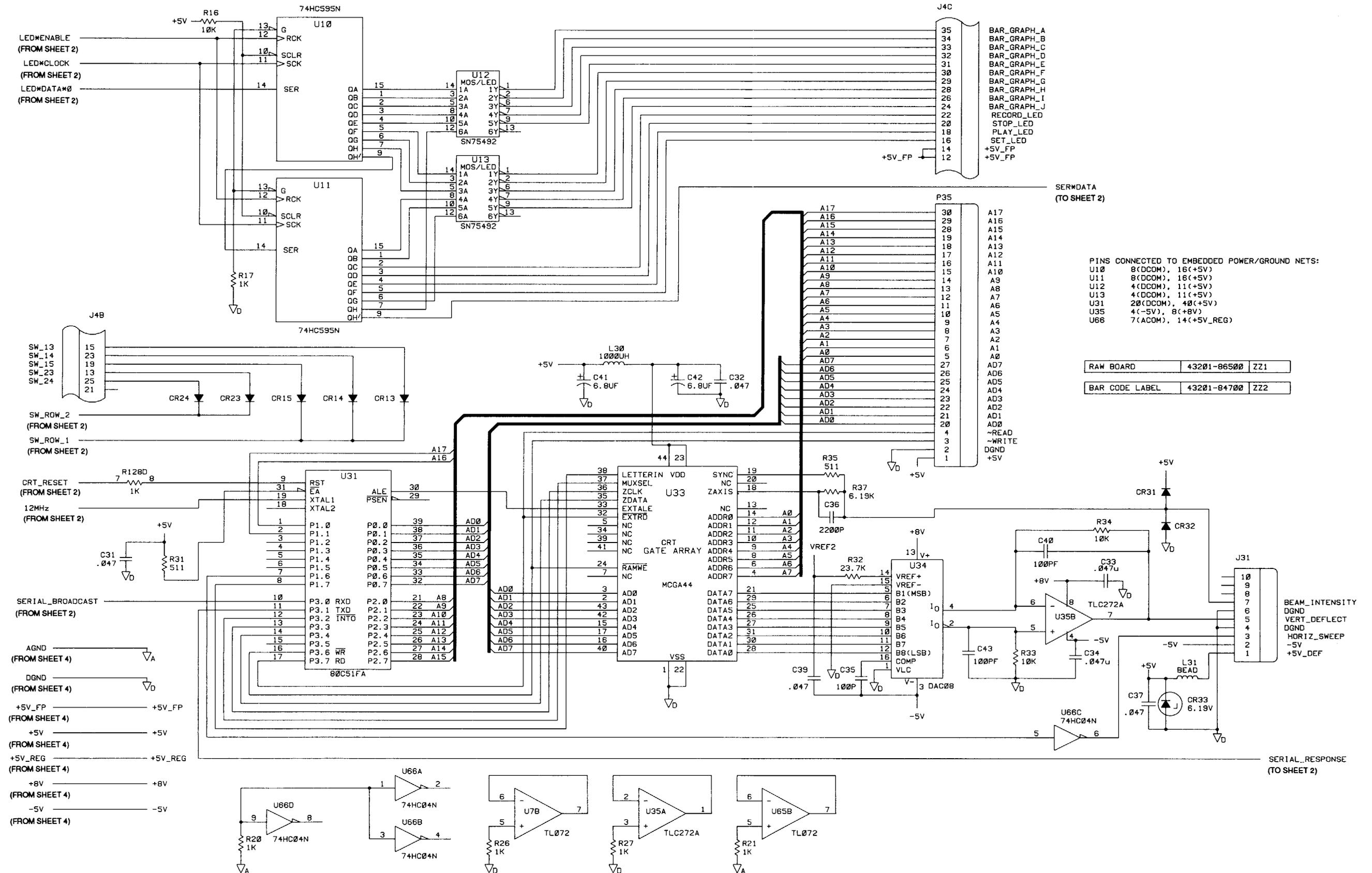


Figure 6-5. A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly
Component Locator and Schematic Diagram
(Sheet 3 of 4).

PINS CONNECTED TO EMBEDDED POWER/GROUND NETS:
 U1 20(DCOM), 40(+5V)
 U2 10(DCOM), 20(+5V)
 U3 7(DCOM), 14(+5V)
 U4 7(DCOM), 14(+5V)
 U64 7(-5V), 8(DCOM), 16(+5V)
 U7 4(-5V), 8(+8V)

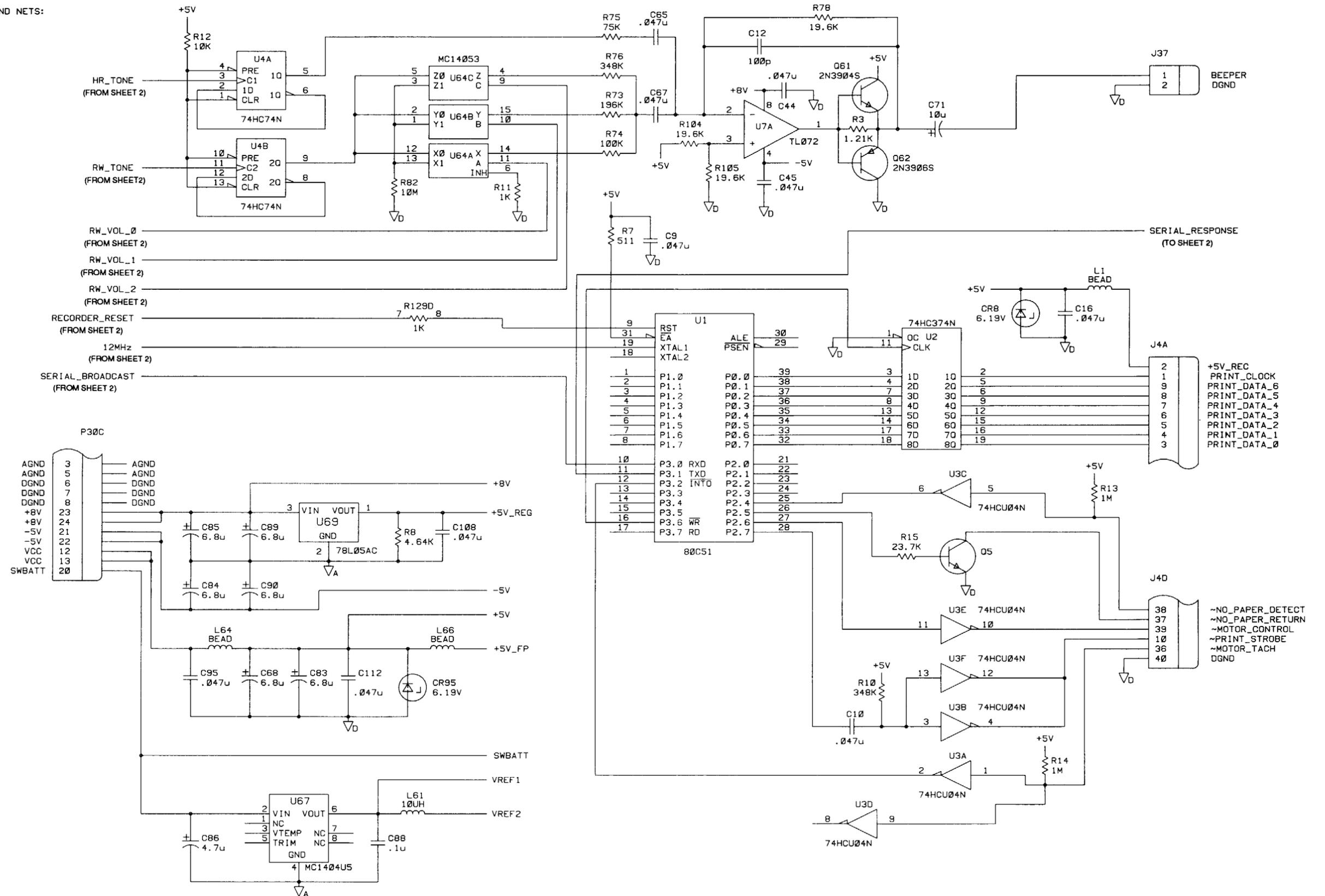


Figure 6-5. A2A2 Control Circuit Card Assembly
Component Locator and Schematic Diagram
(Sheet 4 of 4).

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66510 A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-6 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C101	0160-4832	1	CAP .01UF 10%
C102,104,301	0160-6623	3	CAP .1UF 20% 50V
C103,108,111	0180-3552	3	CAP-FIXED 4.7UF
C105,112	0180-3422	2	C-F 10UF 10V TA
C106,206,303,304	0160-4574	4	CAP 1000PF 10%
C107,110	0180-3553	2	CAP-FIXED 3.3UF
C109	0160-4846	1	CAP 1500PF 5%
C113	0180-4127	1	CAPACITOR-ALUM
C201-205	0160-4801	5	CAP 100PF 5%
C207	0160-5422	1	CAP .047UF 20%
C208,209,305-307	0180-3551	5	CAP-FIXED 6.8UF
C302	0160-7035	1	CAP 2NT-10%
CR101	1902-3094	1	DIO-ZNR 5.11V 2%
CR102	1902-0969	1	DIO-ZNR 30V 5%
CR103-105,107-109	1901-0620	6	DIO-SWITCHING
CR106	1901-0937	1	DIODE, SCHOTTKY
CR110	0837-0193	1	SUPPRESS-VOLTAGE
CR201-218,301-304	1901-0044	22	DIO-SWITCHING
CR305,306	1902-0783	2	DIO-ZNR 16V 5%
DS201-205	2140-0024	5	LAMP-A3C
E201	1970-0209	1	SPARK GAP 4.5KV
E202,203	0837-0196	2	V SUPPR
F101	2110-0010	1	FUSE 5A 250V
FH101	2110-0643	1	FUHLR-CLIP TYPE
J2	1251-5829	1	CONN-9 PIN M
J3	1251-3659	1	CONN UTIL
J26	1251-7557	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
J30	1252-2403	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
K101,102	0490-1696	2	RELAY 10A 30VDC
L101	9140-0983	1	INDUCTOR
L301	9100-2265	1	INDCTR 10UH 10%
MP101	1205-0634	1	HEAT SINK
P5	43201-61612	1	WIRE ASY-ECG/ESD
Q101,302	1855-0696	2	TRANSISTOR
Q102	1853-0036	1	XSTR-2N3906
Q103	1853-0058	1	XSTR-2N3644
Q301	1855-0437	1	TRANSISTOR JFET
Q303,304	1854-0210	2	XSTR-NPN 2N2222
R101-104	0698-3446	4	RES 383 1% 125W
R105	0698-7933	1	RES 3.83 .1%
R106,123	0699-0847	2	RES 1.96 .1%
R107,108,118	0757-0280	3	RES-1K 1% .125W
R109,304,305,307	0698-8827	4	RESISTOR 1M
R110,116,117,221-231,235, R236,239,241,301,302,313, R322	0757-0442	22	RES-10K 1% .125
R111	0698-8137	1	RES 9M 1% .125W

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66510 A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit Card Assembly (Continued)
See Figure 6-6 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
R112,115	0698-3458	2	RES-348K 1% .125
R113	0683-4745	1	RES 470K 5% .25W
R114	0698-8958	1	RESISTOR 511K
R119	0698-8695	1	RES 36K .1% .125
R120,126,314	0698-6343	3	RES 9K .1% .125W
R121	0698-3266	1	RES-237K 1% .125
R122,237,238	0698-3441	3	RES 215 1% .125W
R124	0757-0200	1	RES-5.62K 1% .12
R125	0811-3605	1	RES .1 5% .5W PW
R127	0698-6348	1	RES-3K .1% .125W
R128	0757-0467	1	RES-121K 1% .125
R129	0683-1815	1	RES 180 5% .25W
R130	0698-4455	1	RES 536 1% .125W
R201,202,219,220,232,234, R240,242-244,306,321	0757-0465	12	RES-100K 1% .125
R203,204,206,207,209, R210,212,213,215-218	0698-3920	12	RES 10K 5% .25W
R205,208,211,214	0683-1065	4	RES 10M 5% .25W
R233	0698-6942	1	RES 25K .1%
R245,246	0699-1993	2	RES-HV 33MEG 5%
R303	0698-3159	1	RES-26.1K 1% .12
R308	2100-3353	1	RES-TRMR 20K 10%
R309	0698-3260	1	RES 464K 1% .125
R310	0757-0439	1	RES 6.81K 1%
R311	2100-3273	1	RES-TRNR 2K 10%
R312,316	0698-3158	2	RES-23.7K 1% .12
R315	0698-3136	1	RES 17.8K 1%
R317	0757-0447	1	RES-16.2K 1% .12
R318	0698-3160	1	RES-31.6K 1% .12
R319,320	0757-0123	2	RES-34.8K 1% .12
R323-327	0698-3154	5	RES-4.22K 1% .12
T201	43100-82730	1	XFMR, SIGNAL
T202	43100-82720	1	XFMR, PWR
U101	1826-0412	1	IC 393
U102	1826-1258	1	IC TL431CLP
U103	1826-1257	1	IC +8V LIN REG
U104	1826-1256	1	IC SWTCHG REGLTR
U105	1826-0994	1	IC LM337LZ
U201-204,304	1826-0785	5	IC OP AMP
U205,206,303	1820-1315	3	IC-MC14051BCP
U207,301	1826-0501	2	ANLG MUXR
U208-210	1990-1074	3	OPTO-ISOLATOR
U302	1826-1915	1	OP AMP
ZZ1	43201-86510	1	PC BD-MON ECG
ZZ2	43201-84701	1	LABEL-BAR CODE
	8151-0013		WIRE 22AWG 1X22

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER	REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER	REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C101	D2	0160-4832	Q302	B6	1855-0696	R310	C5	0757-0439
C102	D1	0160-6623	Q303	D5	1854-0210	R311	A5	2100-3273
C103	H3	0180-3552	Q304	D5	1854-0210	R312	B8	0698-3158
C104	G3	0160-6623	R101	A2	0698-3446	R313	B8	0757-0442
C105	H3	0180-3422	R102	A2	0698-3446	R314	B7	0698-6343
C106	H3	0160-4574	R103	A2	0698-3446	R315	B7	0698-3136
C107	C3	0180-3553	R104	A2	0698-3446	R316	B7	0698-3158
C108	G3	0180-3552	R105	C1	0698-7933	R317	C8	0757-0447
C109	D3	0160-4846	R106	D1	0699-0847	R318	C8	0698-3160
C110	D3	0180-3553	R107	A3	0757-0200	R319	C7	0757-0123
C111	D3	0180-3552	R108	C1	0757-0200	R320	C7	0757-0123
C112	E3	0180-3422	R109	D2	0698-8827	R321	C7	0757-0465
C113	B4	0180-4127	R110	C1	0757-0442	R322	A6	0757-0442
C201	G5	0160-4801	R111	D2	0698-8137	R323	D5	0698-3154
C202	G5	0160-4801	R112	D1	0698-3458	R324	D5	0698-3154
C203	G5	0160-4801	R113	D1	0683-4745	R325	D7	0698-3154
C204	G5	0160-4801	R114	D1	0698-8958	R326	D8	0698-3154
C205	G5	0160-4801	R115	D1	0698-3458	R327	D8	0698-3154
C206	F5	0160-4574	R116	D2	0757-0442	T201	E6	43100-02730
C207	F6	0160-5422	R117	D3	0757-0442	T202	F5	43100-02720
C208	E6	0180-3551	R118	H3	0757-0200	U101	D2	1826-0412
C209	E6	0180-3551	R119	D2	0698-6343	U102	H2	1826-1258
C301	D7	0160-6623	R120	C3	0698-6343	U103	F3	1826-1257
C302	C7	0160-7035	R121	D2	0698-3265	U104	D4	1826-1256
C303	C5	0160-4574	R122	D1	0698-3441	U105	F3	1826-0994
C304	A5	0160-4574	R123	D2	0698-0947	U201	G6	1826-0785
C305	D4	0180-3551	R124	A3	0757-0200	U202	G6	1826-0785
C306	D4	0180-3551	R125	C3	0811-3695	U203	F5	1826-0785
C307	D4	0180-3551	R126	D3	0698-6343	U204	F5	1826-0785
CR101	A3	1901-3094	R127	D3	0698-6348	U205	F6	1820-1315
CR102	D1	1901-0969	R128	D3	0757-0465	U206	F7	1820-1315
CR103	C2	1901-0620	R129	E3	0683-1815	U207	E7	1826-0501
CR104	C2	1901-0620	R130	E3	0698-4455	U208	E7	1990-1074
CR105	G3	1901-0620	R201	G4	0757-0465	U209	E7	1990-1074
CR106	C3	1901-0337	R202	H4	0757-0465	U210	E7	1990-1074
CR107	D3	1901-0620	R203	H6	0698-3920	U301	D7	1826-0501
CR108	D3	1901-0620	R204	H6	0698-3920	U302	C6	1826-1915
CR109	E3	1901-0620	R205	G5	0683-1065	U303	B6	1820-1315
CR110	B3	0837-0193	R206	H6	0698-3920	U304	B5	1826-0785
CR201	G5	1901-0044	R207	H6	0698-3920	ZZ1	A8	43201-86510
CR202	G4	1901-0044	R208	G5	0683-1065	ZZ2	H2	43201-84701
CR203	H5	1901-0044	R209	H6	0698-3920			
CR204	H4	1901-0044	R210	H6	0698-3920			
CR205	G5	1901-0044	R211	G5	0683-1065			
CR206	H5	1901-0044	R212	H6	0698-3920			
CR207	G5	1901-0044	R213	H6	0698-3920			
CR208	H5	1901-0044	R214	G4	0683-1065			
CR209	G5	1901-0044	R215	H6	0698-3920			
CR210	H5	1901-0044	R216	H6	0698-3920			
CR211	G5	1901-0044	R217	H6	0698-3920			
CR212	H5	1901-0044	R218	H6	0698-3920			
CR213	G5	1901-0044	R219	G4	0757-0465			
CR214	H5	1901-0044	R220	F4	0757-0465			
CR215	E4	1901-0044	R221	G7	0757-0442			
CR216	E4	1901-0044	R222	G7	0757-0442			
CR217	F4	1901-0044	R223	G7	0757-0442			
CR218	F4	1901-0044	R224	G7	0757-0442			
CR301	D6	1901-0044	R225	G7	0757-0442			
CR302	D6	1901-0044	R226	G7	0757-0442			
CR303	D6	1901-0044	R227	G7	0757-0442			
CR304	D6	1901-0044	R228	G7	0757-0442			
CR305	D5	1902-0783	R229	G7	0757-0442			
CR306	D5	1902-0783	R230	E8	0757-0442			
DS201	G5	2140-0024	R231	E7	0757-0442			
DS202	G7	2140-0024	R232	E5	0757-0465			
DS203	G7	2140-0024	R233	F5	0698-5942			
DS204	G7	2140-0024	R234	E6	0757-0465			
DS205	G7	2140-0024	R235	E5	0757-0442			
E201	H4	1920-0209	R236	E6	0757-0442			
E202	H3	0837-0196	R237	F5	0698-3441			
E203	H3	0837-0196	R238	E6	0698-3441			
F101	B3	2110-0010	R239	E7	0757-0442			
FH101	B3	2110-0643	R240	E5	0757-0465			
J2	B1	1251-5829	R241	E4	0757-0442			
J26	H7	1251-7557	R242	E8	0757-0465			
J3	A1	1251-3659	R243	G8	0757-0465			
J30	A4	1252-2403	R244	G8	0757-0465			
K101	B2	0490-1696	R245	H4	0698-1993			
K102	C2	0490-1696	R246	G3	0698-1993			
L101	C4	9140-0983	R301	D7	0757-0442			
L301	D4	9100-2265	R302	D7	0757-0442			
MP101	D3	1205-0634	R303	B6	0698-3159			
MP201	G6	8151-0013	R304	B6	0698-8827			
P5	H2	43201-61612	R305	B6	0698-8827			
Q101	D1	1855-0696	R306	B5	0757-0465			
Q102	B3	1853-0036	R307	A6	0698-8827			
Q103	D1	1853-0058	R308	A6	2100-3353			
Q301	B6	1855-0437	R309	C5	0698-3260			

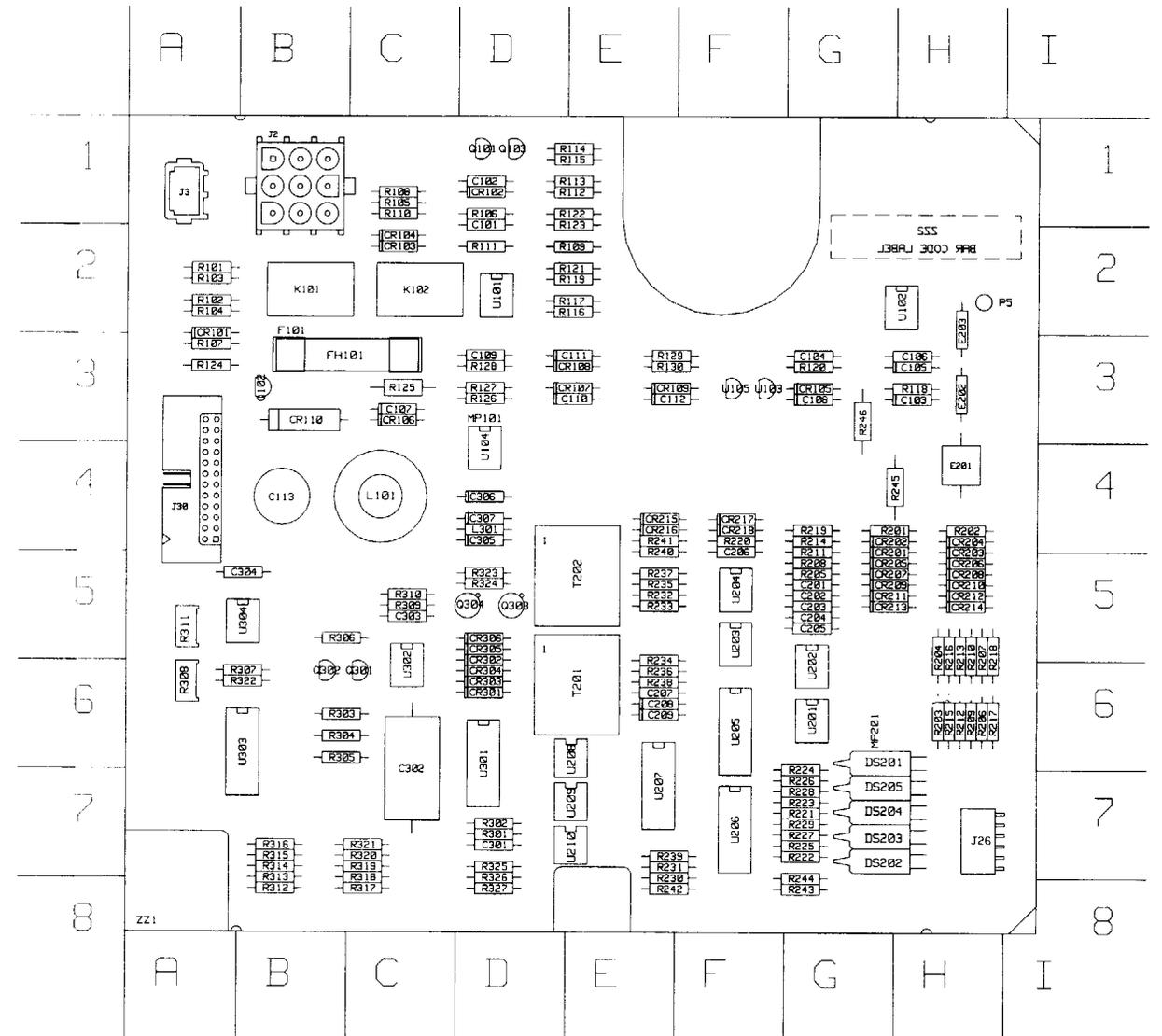


Figure 6-6. A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit Card Assembly Component Locator and Schematic Diagram (Sheet 1 of 4).

FUSEHOLDER	2110-0643	FH101
HEAT SINK for U104	1205-0634	MP101
UNLOADED PC BOARD	43201-86510	ZZ1
BARCODE LABEL	43201-84701	ZZ2

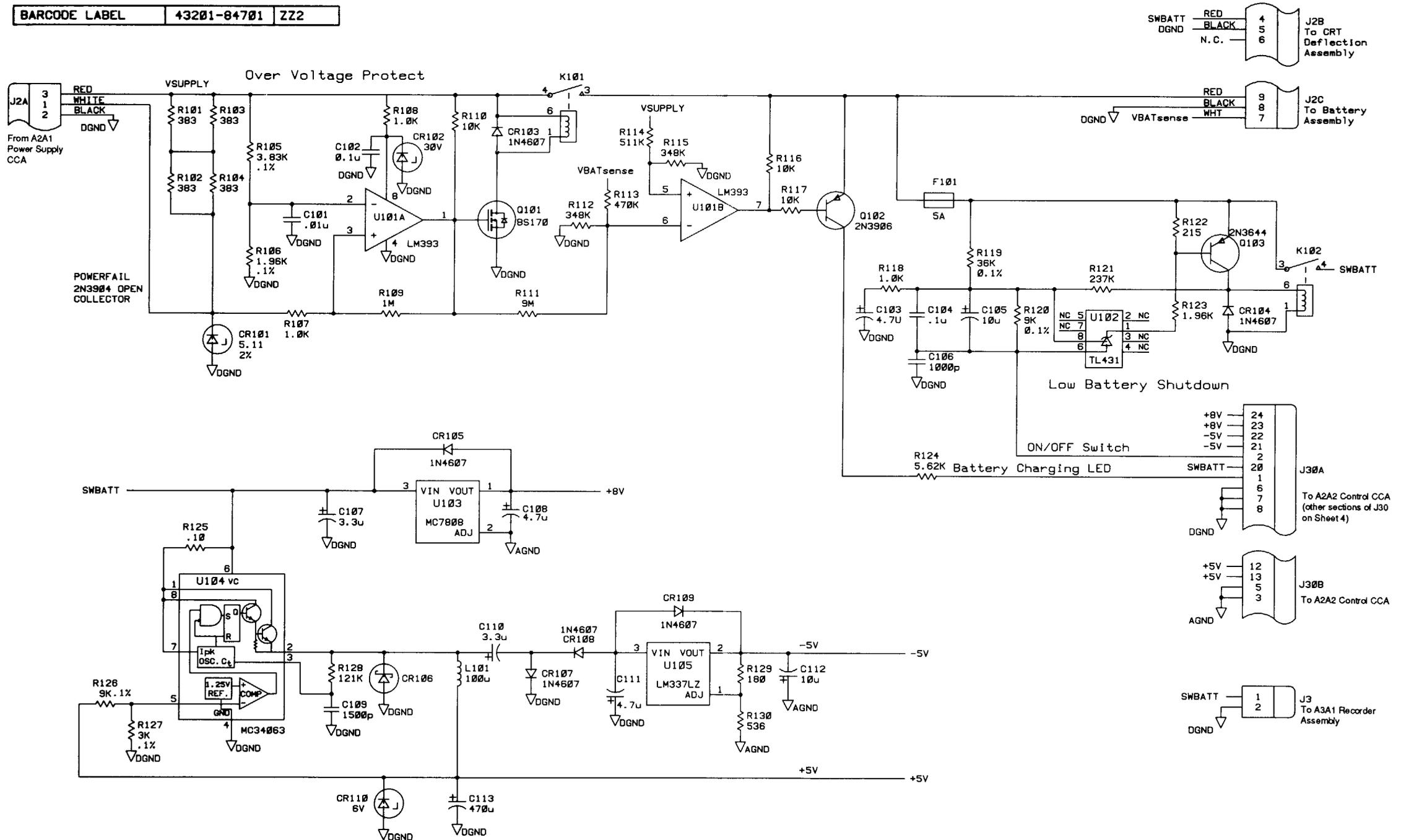


Figure 6-6. A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit Card Assembly Component Locator and Schematic Diagram (Sheet 2 of 4).

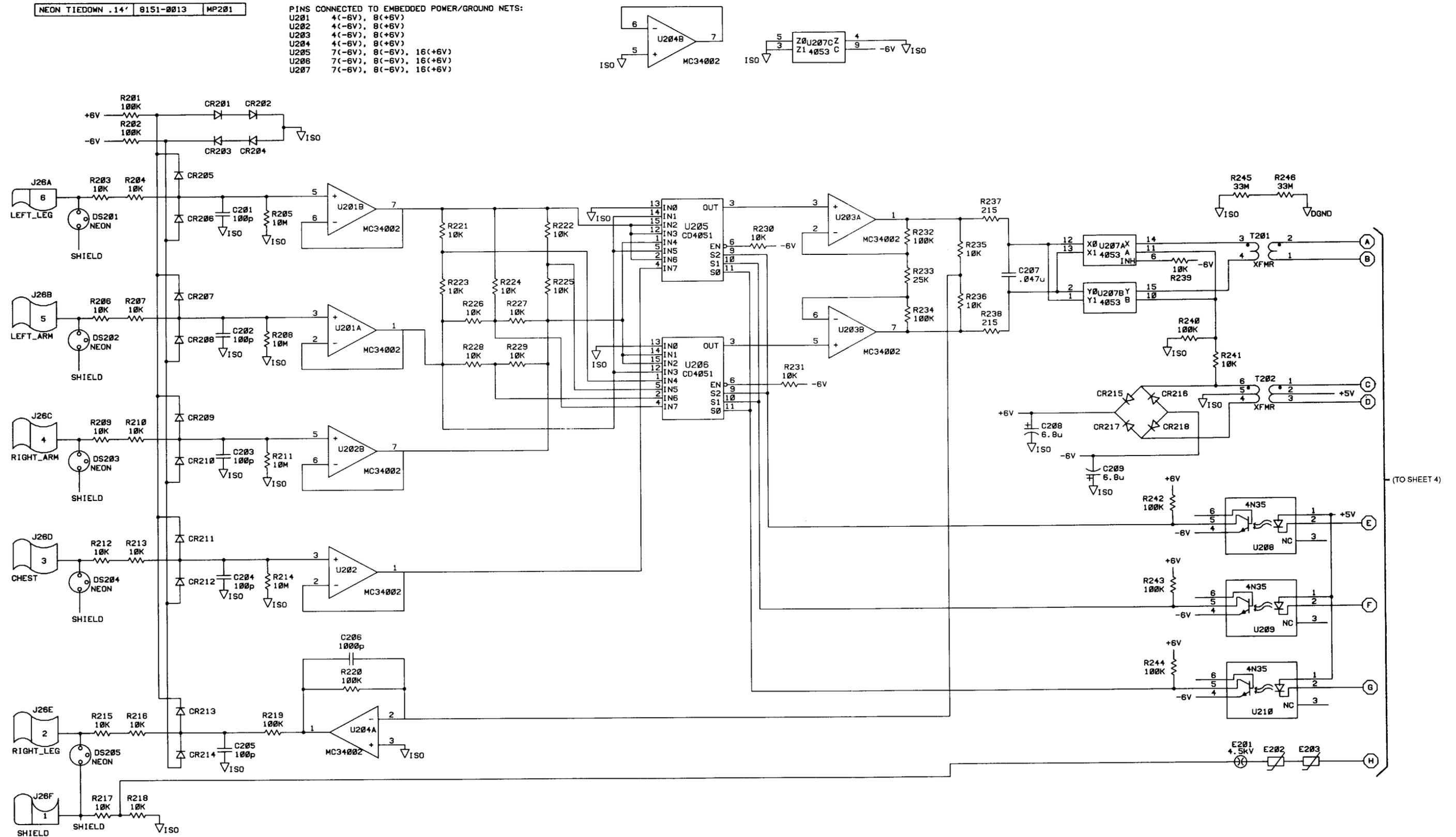


Figure 6-6. A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit
Card Assembly Component Locator and
Schematic Diagram (Sheet 3 of 4).

PINS CONNECTED TO EMBEDDED POWER/GROUND NETS:
 U301 7(-5V), 8(AGND), 16(+5VF)
 U302 4(-5V), 7(+8V)
 U303 7(-5V), 8(AGND), 16(+5VF)
 U304 4(-5V), 8(+8V)

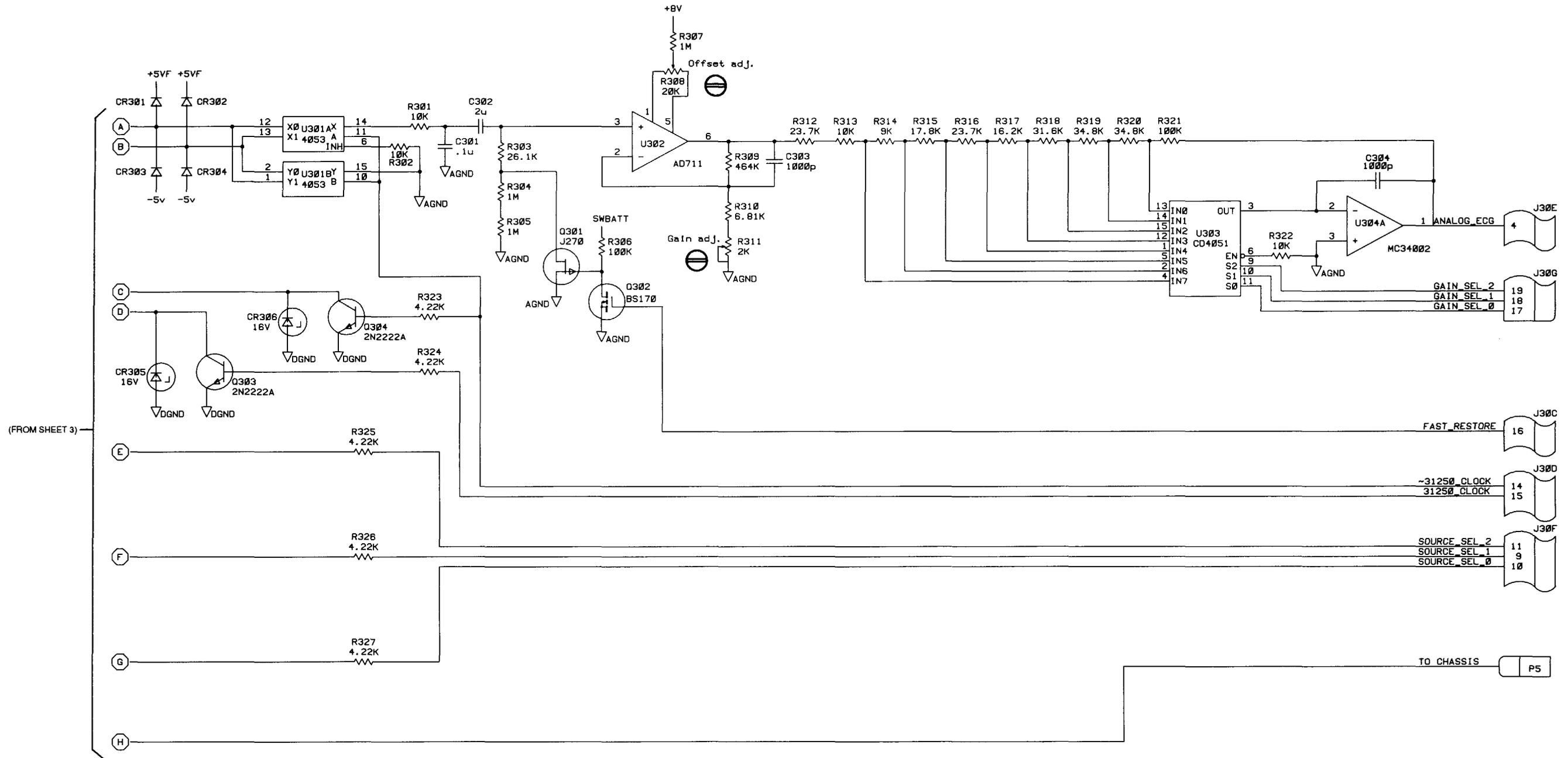
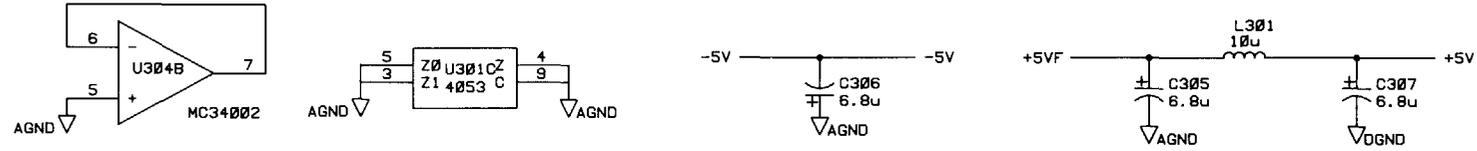


Figure 6-6. A2A3 ECG/Power Supply Circuit
Card Assembly Component Locator and
Schematic Diagram (Sheet 4 of 4).

*SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

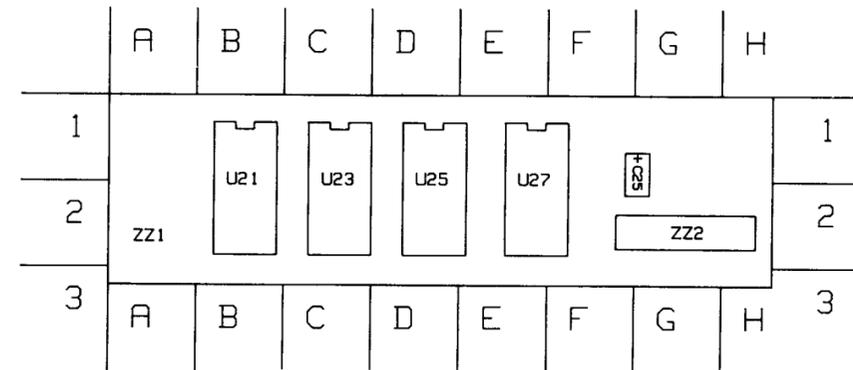
**43201-66550 A2A4 ECG Memory Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-7 for Parts Breakdown**

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C20-24	0160-6497	5	CAP-SMD .1UF 10%
C25	0180-3982	1	C-F 15UF 10V TA
J35	1252-3017	1	CONNECTOR
SP1,2	0380-2023	2	SPACER
U20-27	1818-4107	8	SRAM-256K
U28	1820-4121	1	DECODER,3-8 LINE
ZZ1	43201-86550	1	PC BD-MON MEM
ZZ2	43201-84705	1	LABEL-BAR CODE

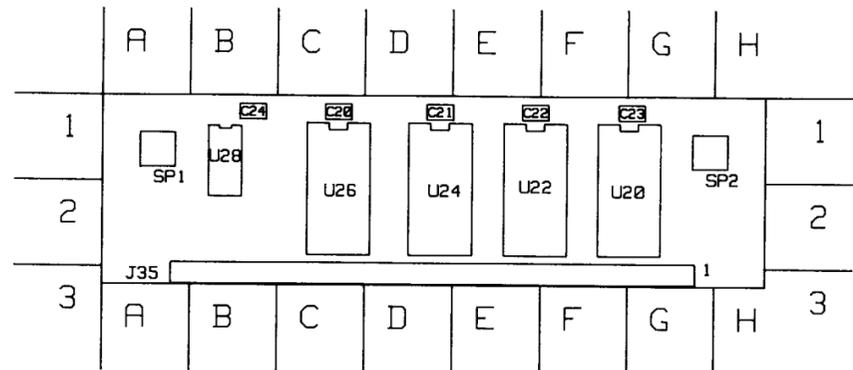


REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C25	F1	0180-3982
U21	B1	1818-4107
U23	C1	1818-4107
U25	D1	1818-4107
U27	E1	1818-4107
ZZ1	A2	43201-86550
ZZ2	G2	43201-84705

REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C20	C1	0160-6497
C21	D1	0160-6497
C22	E1	0160-6497
C23	F1	0160-6497
C24	B1	0160-6497
J35	A3	1252-3017
SP1	A2	0380-2023
SP2	G2	0380-2023
U20	F2	1818-4107
U22	E2	1818-4107
U24	D2	1818-4107
U26	C2	1818-4107
U28	B1	1820-4121



TOP SIDE



BOTTOM SIDE

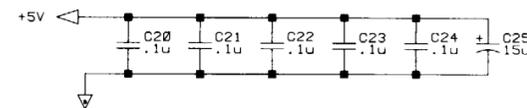
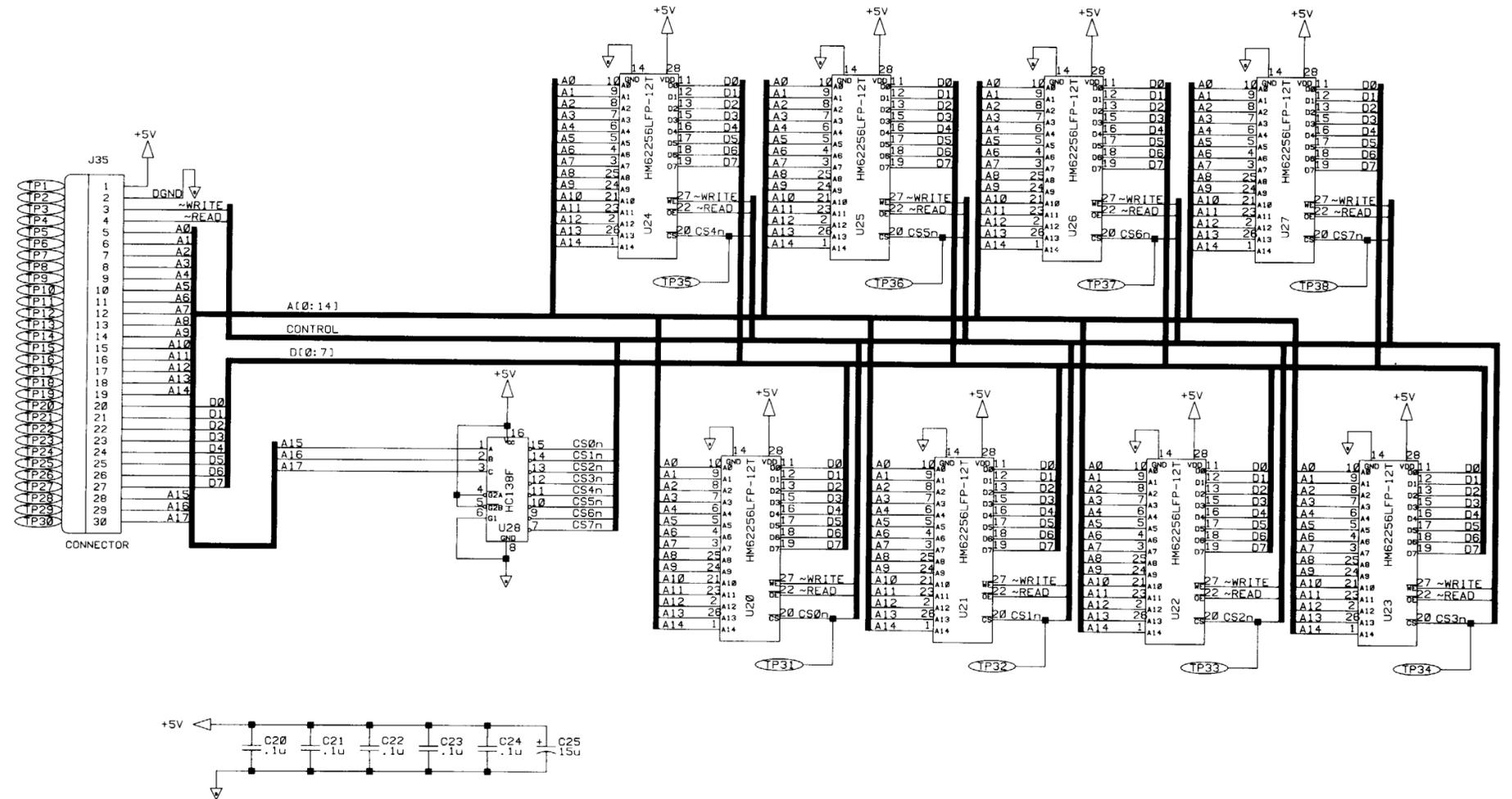


Figure 6-7. A2A4 ECG Memory Circuit Card
Assembly Component Locator and Schematic
Diagram.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66570 A2A5 CRT Deflection Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-8 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C1,2	0180-3551	2	CAP-FIXED 6.8UF
C3,6,14-16	0160-6623	5	CAP.1UF 20% 50V
C4,5	0180-3622	2	CAP-FIXED-ELEC
C7,8	0160-3335	2	CAP 470PF 10%
C9	0160-4801	1	CAP 100PF 5%
C10	0180-3552	1	CAP-FIXED 4.7UF
C11,13	0180-2746	2	C-F 330UF 20V AL
C12	0160-4230	1	CAP .01UF +80
CR3-5	1901-0044	3	DIO-SWITCHING
CR6	1902-0954	1	DIO-ZNR 6.8V 5%
CR7	1901-0937	1	DIODE, SCHOTTKY
DS1	2140-0024	1	LAMP-A3C
J52	1251-3659	1	CONN UTIL
J53	1251-4350	1	CONN-7-PIN M
J54	1251-4349	1	CONN-4-PIN M
L1,2	9100-2265	2	INDCTR 10UH 10%
P31	43100-61609	1	CBL ASSY
Q1,3	1854-0210	2	XSTR-NPN 2N2222
Q2,4,13	1853-0281	3	XSTOR 2N2907A
Q5,7	1854-0670	2	XSTR NPN SI DARL
Q6,8	1853-0377	2	XSTR PNP SI DARL
Q9,10	1854-0365	2	XSTR NPN SI
Q11,12	1855-0696	2	TRANSISTOR
R1	0698-3458	1	RES-348K 1% .125
R2	0698-8827	1	RESISTOR 1M
R3	0757-0458	1	RES-51.1K 1% .12
R4-7	0699-0272	4	RES-75K .1% .125
R8,11-13,23,24	0757-0462	6	RES-75K 1% .125W
R9,21,39	0683-1005	3	RES-10 OHM 5%
R10,14,31	0757-0460	3	RES-61.9K 1% .12
R15,35,45,46	0757-0280	4	RES-1K 1% .125W
R16-19	0699-0847	4	RES 1.96 .1%
R20,22,26,34	0757-0442	4	RES-10K 1% .125
R25	0757-0418	1	RES 619 1% .125W
R27,43,44	0698-3438	3	RES 147 1% .125W
R28	0683-2255	1	RES-2.2M 5% .25W
R29	0757-0123	1	RES-34.8K 1% .12
R32,33,36	0757-0180	3	RES 31.6 1%
R37,38	2100-0558	2	RES-VAR 20K 10%
SP1-2	4330-0145	2	INSULATOR BEAD
U1	1826-1422	1	IC 34084
U2	1826-1286	1	OP AMP DUAL CMOS
ZZ1	43100-80131	1	PC BOARD
ZZ2	0950-1690	1	POWER SUPPLY
ZZ3	43201-84706	1	LABEL-BAR CODE



REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C1	E2	0100-3551
C2	F1	0100-3551
C3	D1	0160-6623
C4	C1	0100-3622
C5	C1	0100-3622
C6	E2	0160-6623
C7	C1	0160-3335
C8	C1	0160-3335
C9	D1	0100-4801
C10	D1	0100-3552
C11	C4	0100-2746
C12	C2	0160-4230
C13	C4	0100-2746
C14	C2	0160-6623
C15	D1	0160-6623
C16	C2	0160-6623
CR3	E4	1901-0044
CR4	D4	1901-0044
CR5	E2	1901-0044
CR6	E1	1902-0954
CR7	C3	1901-0937
DS1	E3	2140-0024
J53	E4	1251-4350
J54	F3	1251-4349
J52	F1	1251-3659
L1	E2	9100-2265
L2	F1	9100-2265
P31	F2	43100-61609
Q1	E2	1854-0210
Q2	E3	1853-0201
Q3	F1	1854-0210
Q4	E2	1853-0201
Q5	E3	1854-0670
Q6	E3	1853-0377
Q7	C3	1854-0670
Q8	D3	1853-0377
Q9	C2	1854-0365
Q10	C3	1854-0365
Q11	D4	1855-0696
Q12	D4	1855-0696
Q13	C4	1853-0291
R1	C1	0698-3450
R2	C1	0698-8827
R3	C1	0757-0458
R4	C2	0699-0272
R5	D4	0699-0272
R6	D4	0699-0272
R7	C3	0699-0272
R8	D1	0757-0462
R9	E3	0683-1005
R10	D1	0757-0460
R11	D2	0757-0462
R12	D2	0757-0462
R13	E2	0757-0462
R14	E2	0757-0460
R15	E3	0757-0280
R16	D3	0699-0847
R17	D3	0699-0847
R18	D3	0699-0847
R19	D4	0699-0847
R20	E3	0757-0442
R21	E4	0683-1005
R22	D4	0757-0442
R23	C3	0757-0462
R24	C3	0757-0462
R25	D4	0757-0418
R26	C1	0757-0442
R27	C1	0698-3438
R28	C3	0683-2255
R29	C3	0757-0123
R30	C4	0757-0460
R31	D1	0757-0180
R32	D1	0757-0180
R33	D1	0757-0180
R34	C3	0757-0442
R35	C3	0757-0280
R36	D4	0757-0180
R37	F2	2100-0558
R38	F2	2100-0558
R39	E3	0683-1005
R40	E1	0698-3438
R41	E1	0698-3438
R42	E1	0757-0280
R43	E1	0757-0280
R44	E1	0757-0280
U1	D3	1826-1422
U2	D2	1826-1422
ZZ1	A1	43100-80131
ZZ2	A2	0950-1690
ZZ3	C1	43201-84706
SP1	E4	4330-0145
SP2	E4	4330-0145

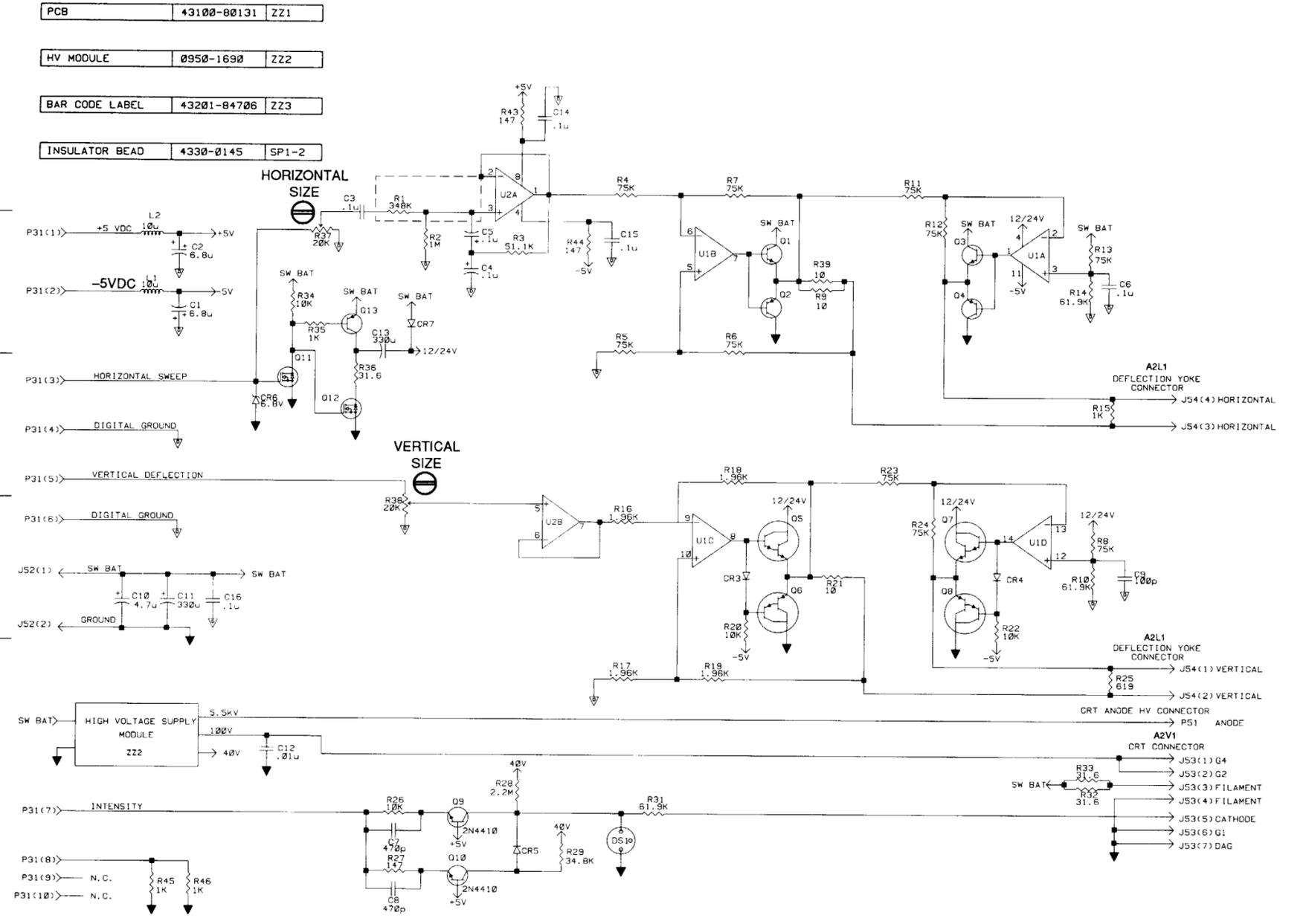
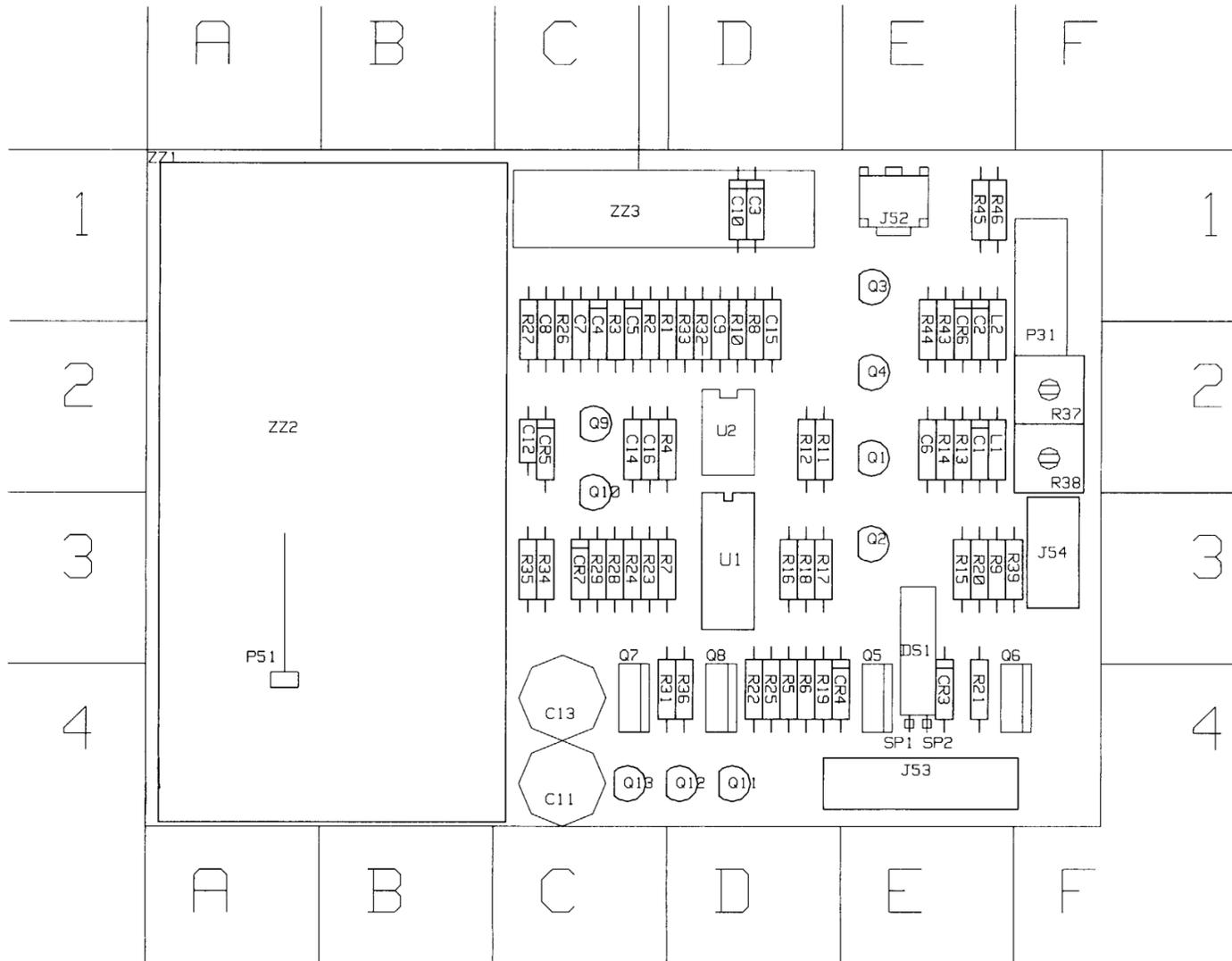


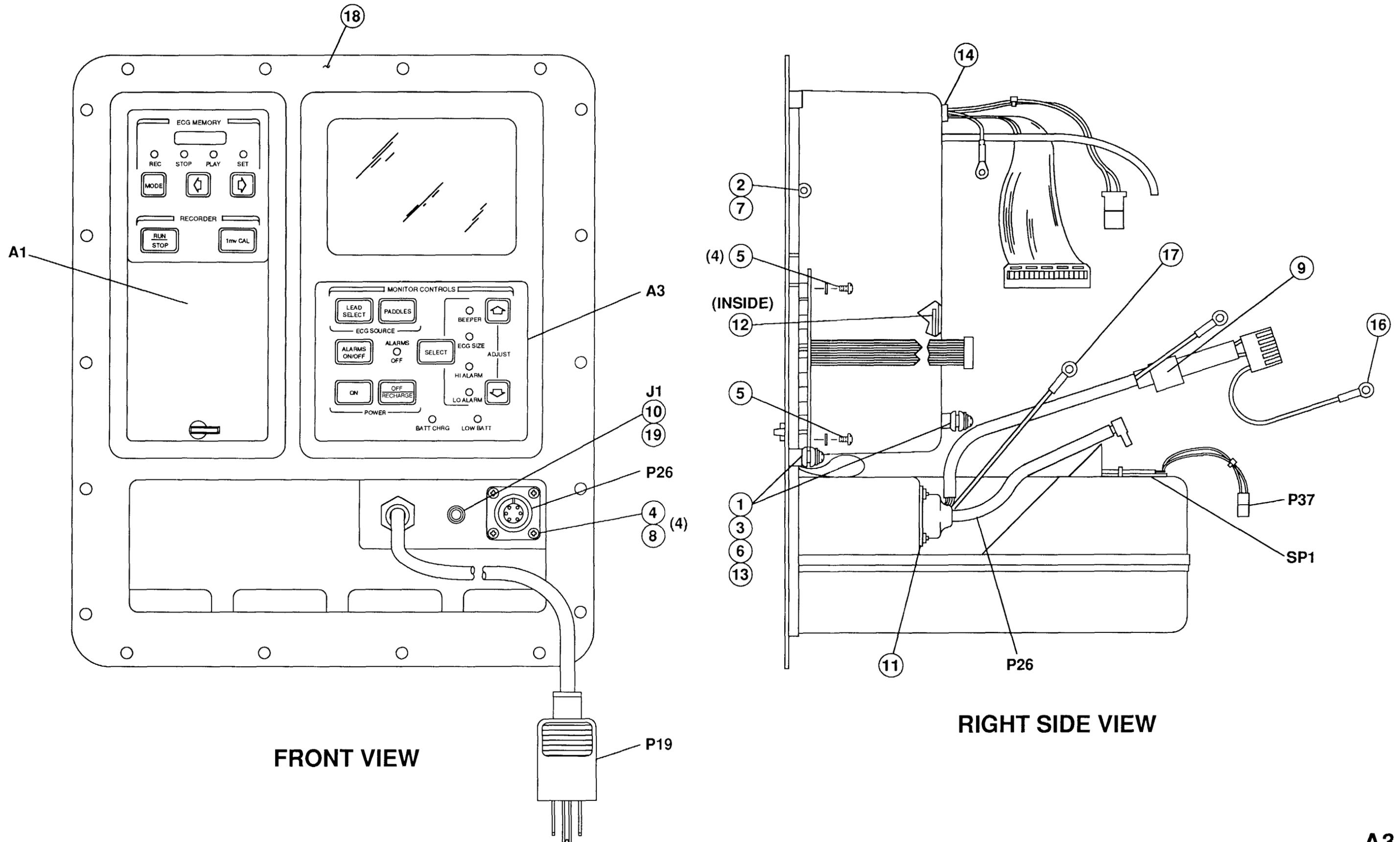
Figure 6-8. A2A5 CRT Deflection Circuit Card Assembly Component Locator and Schematic Diagram.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-67202 A3 Front Panel Assembly
See Figure 6-9 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-67102	1	RECORDER-MON
A2	43201-66530	1	PC ASSY-MON DSPL
A3	43201-67200	1	MEMBRANE SW CNTL
J1	1510-0038	1	BINDING POST-SGL
P19	43201-61604	1	CBL AY-AC PWR
P26	43201-61608	1	CBL AY-ECG INPUT
P37	43201-61602	1	CBL AY-SPEAKER
SP1	9160-0292	1	SPEAKER
6-9-1	0400-0333	2	SHOCK MOUNT
6-9-2	0510-0045	1	RTNR-R E-R EXT
6-9-3	2190-0758	2	WASHER - 8-.5
6-9-4	2200-0769	4	PHMS 4-40
6-9-5	2360-0113	6	PHMS-6-32X.25 P
6-9-6	2510-0051	2	PHMS-8-32X.625 P
6-9-7	3050-0138	1	WSHR - FLAT 10
6-9-8	3050-0222	3	WSHR - FLAT NO. 4
6-9-9	9100-4799	1	BEAD-SHIELD
6-9-10	43131-27301	1	ACORN NUT 1/4-32
6-9-11	43201-07315	1	ECG NUT PLATE
6-9-12	43201-07400	1	EJECT SPRING
6-9-13	43201-27301	2	SPACER 8 THREAD
6-9-14	43201-47311	1	CABLE SEAL
6-9-15	43201-47314	2	DETENT BUTTON
6-9-16	43201-61605	1	CBL ASY-PS GND
6-9-17	43201-61606	1	CBL ASY-GRD TERM
6-9-18	43201-67203	1	PLAS FR PNL ASSY
6-9-19	2950-0071	1	NUT 1/4-32
	0890-0547	1	HS TBG .75 X 1.5
	43201-84502	1	LBL- ECG AND AC





RIGHT SIDE VIEW

FRONT VIEW

Figure 6-9. A3 Front Panel Assembly
 Component Locator.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-67102 A3A1 Recorder Assembly
See Figure 6-10 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
A1	43201-66520	1	PC AY-RCDR DISPL
A2	43201-66560	1	PC ASSY-RECORDER
A3	43201-67201	1	MEMBRANE SW REC
P43	1810-0754	1	PRINTHEAD
P44	43100-61606	1	RCDR CBL
6-10-1	0510-0045	3	RTNR-R E-R EXT
6-10-2	0510-0810	2	RTNR-R E-R EXT
6-10-3	0515-1548	3	PHMS-M2.5 X 0.45
6-10-4	0520-0129	2	SCR MACH 2-56
6-10-5	1430-0617	2	GEAR - SPROCKET
6-10-6	1460-1751	1	SPRING-CPRSN
6-10-7	1500-0672	1	CHAIN-GEAR DRIVE
6-10-8	2200-0103	2	PHMS-4-40X.25 P
6-10-9	2200-0107	9	PHMS 4-40X.375
6-10-10	2360-0127	2	PHMS 6-32 X .875
6-10-11	2580-0017	1	NUT-W/LKWSR 8-32
6-10-12	3030-0964	1	SET SCREW 8-32
6-10-13	3050-0161	1	WSHR WAVE
6-10-14	3140-0789	1	MOTOR-D.C.
6-10-15	43100-02803	1	SPRING-COMPRSN
6-10-16	43100-07316	1	STRIPPER-PAPER
6-10-17	43100-27305	1	PIVOT PIN
6-10-18	43100-27306	1	RCDR PCB STDF
6-10-19	43100-27314	1	PIN-PIVOT
6-10-20	43100-27315	1	RETAINER SHAFT
6-10-21	43100-40040	1	SHTR-MOT CONT
6-10-22	43100-40048	1	RETAINER ARM
6-10-23	43100-67001	1	SPINDLE ASSY
6-10-24	43100-67002	1	PAPER HSING ASSY
6-10-25	43100-67003	1	MOTOR MNT ASSY
6-10-26	43100-82901	2	SPRING-PRINTHEAD
6-10-27	43201-27300	1	PIVOT PIN
6-10-28	43201-47301	1	RECORDER COVER
6-10-29	43201-47305	1	REC LATCH KNOB
6-10-30	43201-47306	1	REC LATCH
6-10-31	43201-47307	1	PRINTHEAD RELEAS
6-10-32	43201-47312	2	PLAS RIB CBL CLM
6-10-33	43201-61601	1	CBL AY-RCDR GND
	43100-84576	1	LABEL-SPINDLE



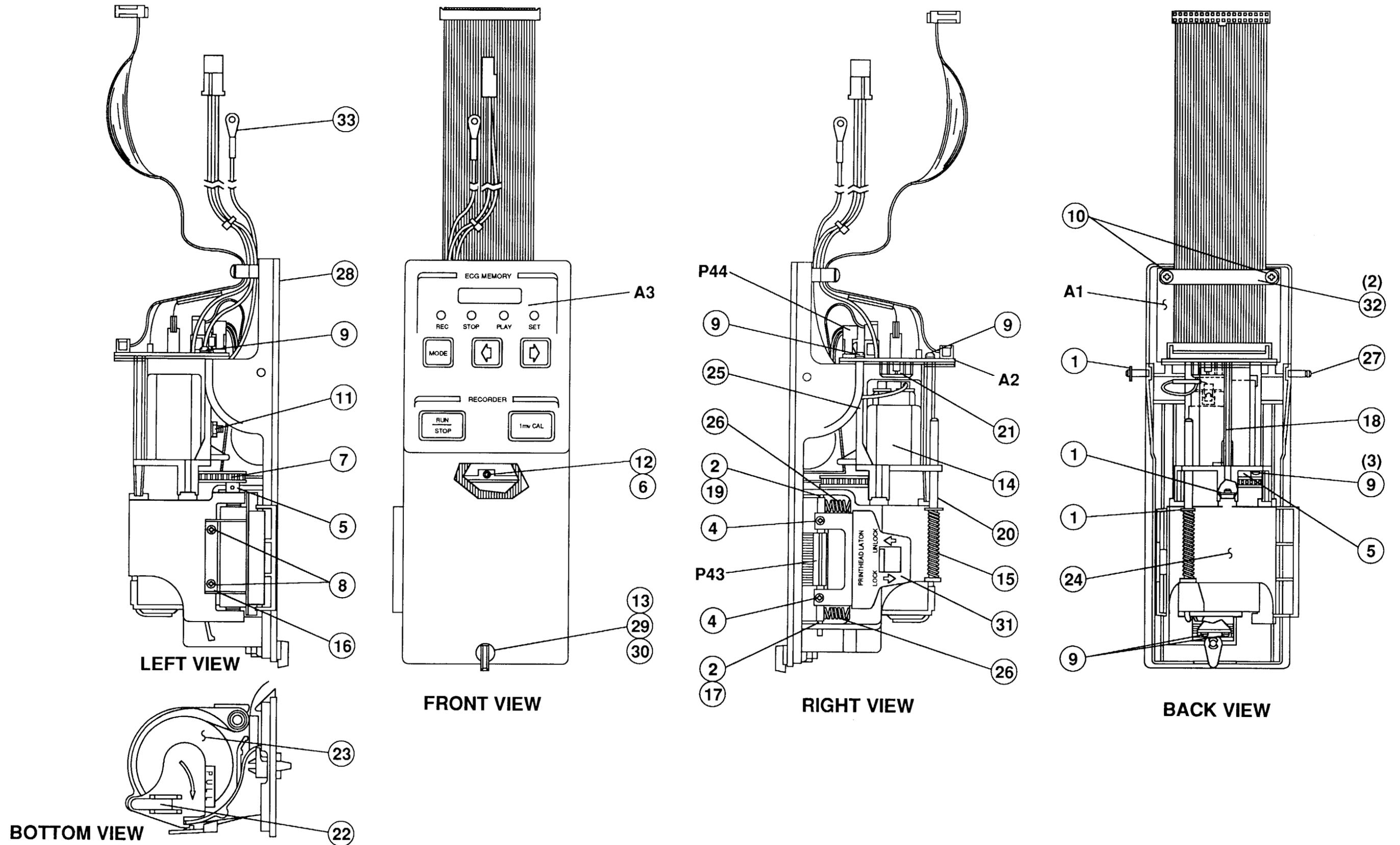


Figure 6-10. A3A1 Recorder Assembly
Component Locator.

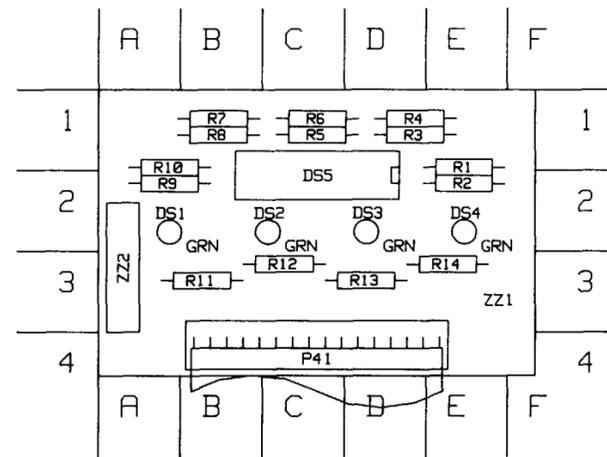
*SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD*

**43201-66520 A3A1A1 Recorder Display Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-11 for Parts Breakdown**

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
DS1-4	1990-1293	4	LED-LMP
DS5	1990-1141	1	LED-LMP ARY
P41	8120-5274	1	CBL-FLAT RIBBON
R1-10	0698-3441	10	RES 215 1% .125W
R11-14	0757-0280	4	RES-1K 1% .125W
ZZ1	43201-86520	1	PC BD-RCDR DSPL
ZZ2	43201-84702	1	LABEL-BAR CODE



REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
DS1	A2	1990-1293
DS2	B2	1990-1293
DS3	D2	1990-1293
DS4	E2	1990-1293
DS5	C2	1990-1141
P41	C4	8120-5274
R1	E2	0698-3441
R10	A2	0698-3441
R11	B3	0757-0280
R12	C3	0757-0280
R13	D3	0757-0280
R14	E3	0757-0280
R2	E2	0698-3441
R3	D1	0698-3441
R4	D1	0698-3441
R5	C1	0698-3441
R6	C1	0698-3441
R7	B1	0698-3441
R8	B1	0698-3441
R9	A2	0698-3441
ZZ1	E3	43201-86520
ZZ2	A3	43201-84702



PCB	43201-86520	ZZ1
BAR CODE LABEL	43201-84702	ZZ2

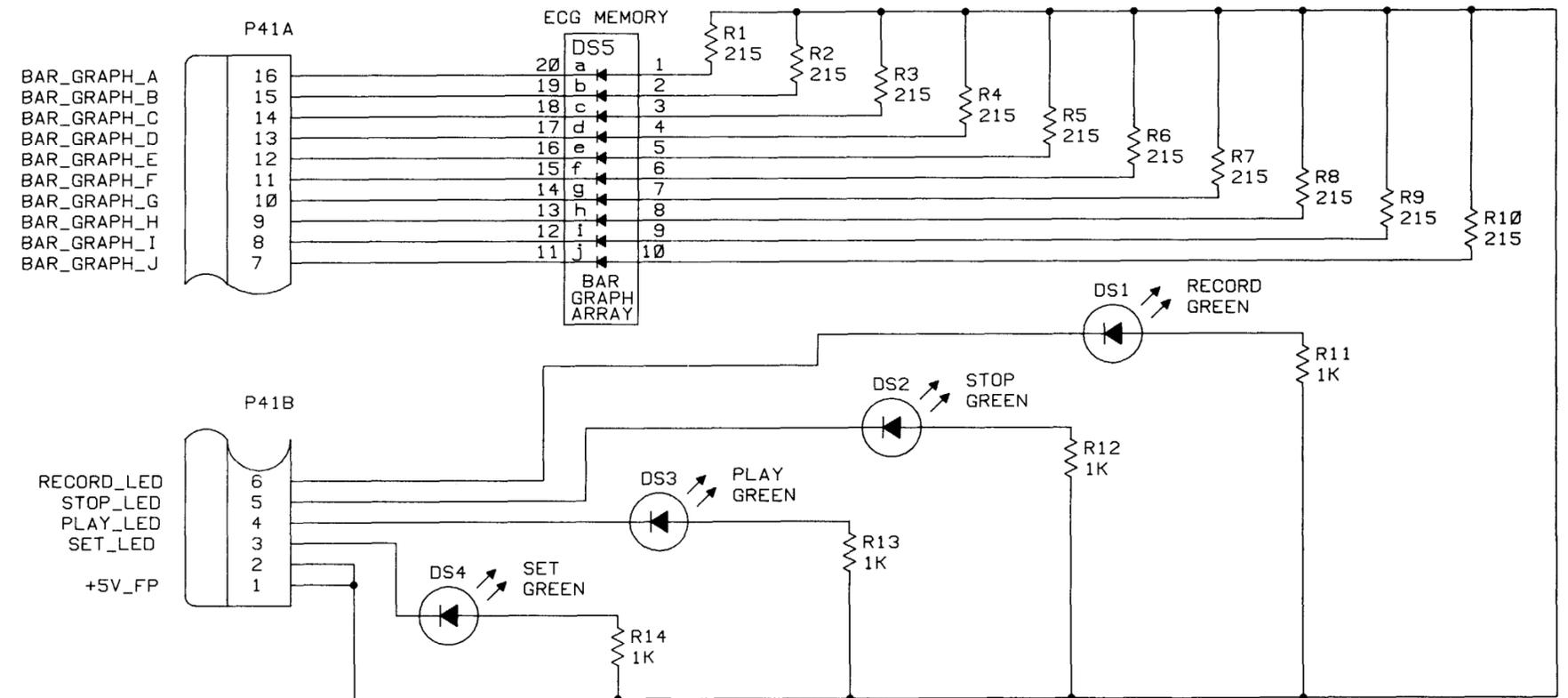
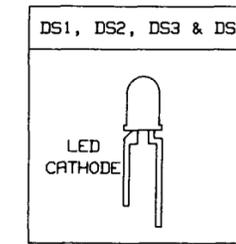


Figure 6-11. A3A1A1 Recorder Display Circuit
Card Assembly Component Locator and
Schematic Diagram.

SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66560 A3A1A2 Recorder Interface Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-12 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C1	0180-3552	1	CAP-FIXED 4.7UF
C2	0160-5422	1	CAP .047UF 20%
CR1	1901-0620	1	DIO-SWITCHING
CR2	1901-0044	1	DIO-SWITCHING
CR3	1990-0906	1	PHOTODIODE
J41	1200-1445	1	SOCKET
J42	1252-0797	1	CONNECTOR
J43	1251-8106	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
J44	1251-8089	1	CONN-POST-TP-HDR
P4	43201-61603	1	CBL ASY-BATT/PCA
P45	43201-61607	1	CBL AY-RCDR PWR
Q1	1855-0582	1	MOSFET-N CHANNEL
Q2	1990-0905	1	PHOTOTRANSISTER
R1,6	0698-3441	2	RES 215 1% .125W
R2	0757-0465	1	RES-100K 1% .125
R3	0698-0084	1	RES-2.15K 1% .12
R4	0757-0280	1	RES-1K 1% .125W
R5	0698-8827	1	RESISTOR 1M
ZZ1	43201-86560	1	PCB-RAW
ZZ2	43201-84707	1	BAR CODE LABEL



SECTION VI - REPLACEABLE PARTS
MODEL 43200M/MC/MD

43201-66530 A3A2 Monitor Control Display Circuit Card Assembly
See Figure 6-12 for Parts Breakdown

Reference Designator	Part Number	Qty	Description
C1	0160-5422	1	CAP .047UF 20%
C2	0180-3552	1	CAP-FIXED 4.7UF
C3	0160-3335	1	CAP 470PF 10%
CR1-12	1901-0044	12	DIO-SWITCHING
CR13	1902-0954	1	DIO-ZNR 6.8V 5%
CR14	1902-0783	1	DIO-ZNR 16V 5%
DS1-4,6	1990-1293	5	LED-LMP
DS5,7	1990-0958	2	LED-LMP
P10	1252-3022	1	CONNECTOR
P33	43201-61611	1	CBL ASY-CON DSPL
Q1	1855-0696	1	TRANSISTOR
R1-3,9-16	0757-0280	11	RES-1K 1% .125W
R4	0757-0462	1	RES-75K 1% .125W
R5,6	0757-0416	2	RES-.511K 1% .12
R7	0757-0394	1	RES-51.1 OHM 1%
R8	0757-0442	1	RES-10K 1% .125
SP1-7	0340-1220	7	SPACER-LED
U1	1820-3344	1	IC-MC74HC595N
ZZ1	43201-86530	1	PCBD-MON CONT/PL
ZZ2	43201-84703	1	LABEL-BAR CODE



REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
C1	C2	0160-5422
C2	A2	0180-3552
C3	D4	0160-3335
CR1	B2	1901-0044
CR10	A3	1901-0044
CR11	A3	1901-0044
CR12	A3	1901-0044
CR13	C4	1902-0954
CR14	C4	1902-0783
CR2	B1	1901-0044
CR3	B1	1901-0044
CR4	C2	1901-0044
CR5	B1	1901-0044
CR6	B1	1901-0044
CR7	B3	1901-0044
CR8	B3	1901-0044
CR9	B4	1901-0044
DS1	D1	1990-1293
DS2	D2	1990-1293
DS3	D2	1990-1293
DS4	D3	1990-1293
DS5	B2	1990-0958
DS6	C4	1990-1293
DS7	D4	1990-0958
P10	B4	1252-3022
P33	A2	43201-61611

REF DESIG	GRID LOC	PART NUMBER
Q1	C4	1855-0696
R1	C2	0757-0280
R10	D4	0757-0280
R11	D1	0757-0280
R12	D2	0757-0280
R13	D3	0757-0280
R14	D3	0757-0280
R15	B3	0757-0280
R16	B3	0757-0280
R2	C2	0757-0280
R3	C2	0757-0280
R4	C4	0757-0462
R5	D4	0757-0416
R6	C4	0757-0416
R7	C4	0757-0394
R8	C1	0757-0442
R9	C1	0757-0280
SP1	D1	0340-1220
SP2	D2	0340-1220
SP3	D3	0340-1220
SP4	D3	0340-1220
SP5	B2	0340-1220
SP6	C4	0340-1220
SP7	D4	0340-1220
U1	C2	1820-3344
ZZ1	A1	43201-86530
ZZ2	D1	43201-84703

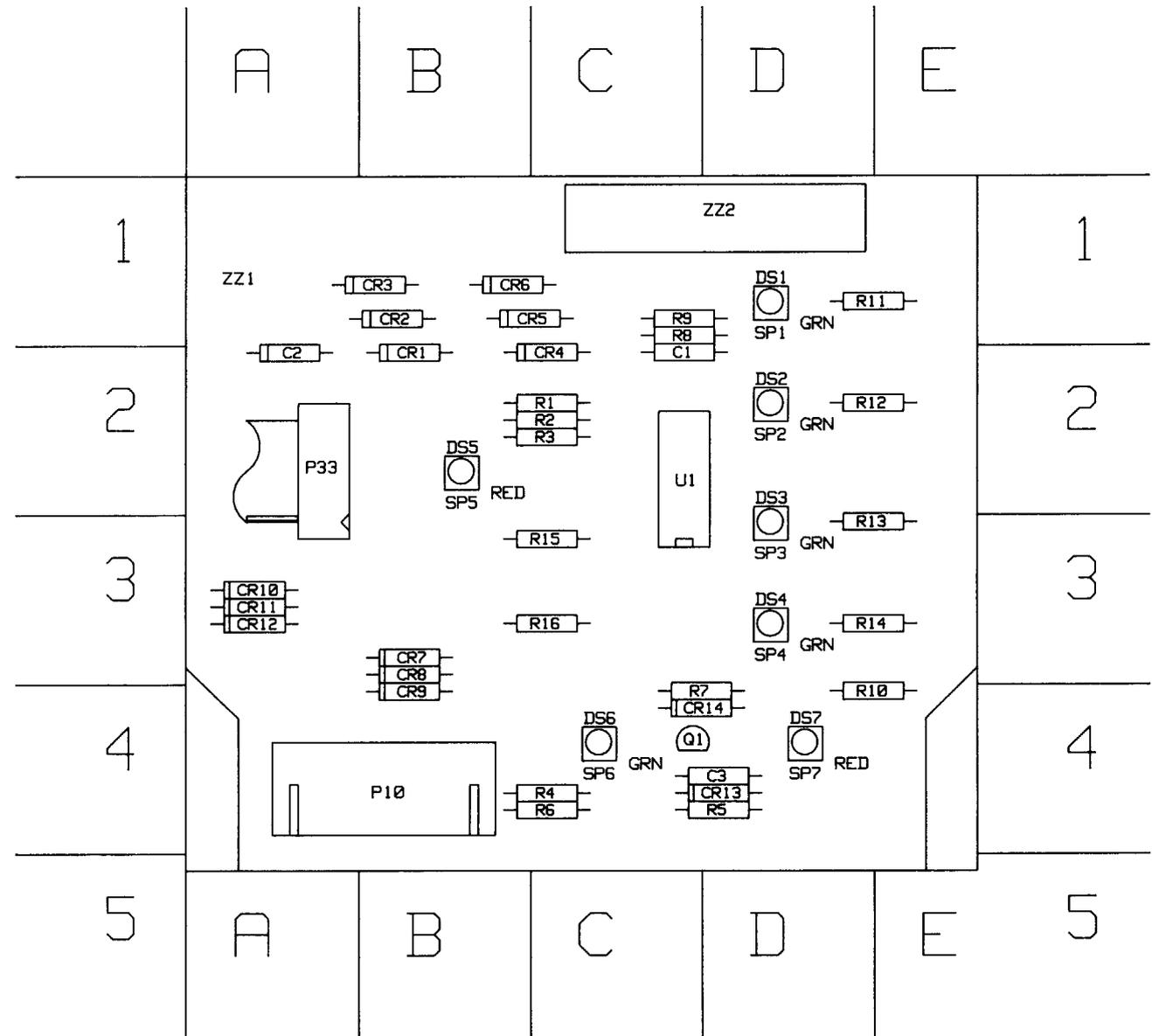


Figure 6-13. A3A2 Monitor Control Display
Circuit Card Assembly Component Locator and
Schematic Diagram (Sheet 1 of 2).